

To Reduce Repeated Pre-operative Assessment Visit Prior To Cataract Surgery In Hospital Sultan Idris Shah, Serdang

Ophthalmology Department

TEAM MEMBERS

HOD



OPHTHALMOLOGY

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Dr Tan Ai Ling

Pn Hazwani Binti Hassan

Specialist Medical Officer Medical Officer Medical Officer Medical Officer Medical Officer Medical Officer Optometrist

Ophthalmology

Consultant



OUTLINE OF PROBLEM



PROBLEM IDENTIFICATION



Selection of Opportunities for improvement

No Problem

- High percentage of repeated laser Pan Retinal Photocoagulation (PRP) appointment
- 2. High percentage of repeated preoperative cataract assessment
- 3. High percentage of glaucoma suspect appointment
- 4. High cancellation rate of scheduled cataract surgery
- 5. Long waiting time for Humphrey Visual Field in Glaucoma patient

PROBLEM PRIORITISATION



No	PROBLEM	S	Μ	Α	R	Т	Score
1	High percentage of repeated laser PRP appointment	35	34	35	33	31	168
2	High percentage of repeated preoperative cataract assessment	38	34	38	36	35	181
3	High percentage of glaucoma suspect appointment	33	35	31	31	33	163
4	High cancellation rate of scheduled cataract surgery	36	33	35	35	33	172
5	Long waiting time for Humphrey Visual Field	34	31	33	35	34	167
5-point scale (1=lowest; 2=low; 3=medium; 4=high; 5=highest) Number of members in group: 8							

REASON FOR SELECTION



STRAITSTMES

NEWS

216,000 Malaysians became blind after delaying cataract surgery

By Bernama October 14, 2016 @ 5:06pm



SERIOUSNESS

The main cause of lens induced glaucoma is **phacomorphic glaucoma** stemming from **untreated cataract!**

A Yaakub, MD (USM),M.MED (Ophthal) USM, N Abdullah, MBBS (Malaya), I Siti Raihan, MD, M.MED (Ophthal) USM, and LS Ahmad Tajudin, MBBS (Malaya), MMED (USM), PHD (UK); Lens-induced glaucoma in a tertiary centre in northeast of Malaysia





MEASURABLE

Measurable by percentage of patient with repeated pre-operative assessment visit through clinic census.

APPROPRIATE

About 250,000 Malaysians are blind due to untreated cataract and this blindness is treatable

REMEDIAL

Remedial measures can be done to improve preoperative cataract assessment.

TIMELINESS

Can be completed within stipulated time.

LITERATURE REVIEW



The Star

🕻 🛛 🛛 Log In

Dr Noor Hisham: Prevalence of blindness is 1.2% of country's population

f 🗶 🙆 🤕 🧰 🗸

NATION

Thursday, 13 Oct 2022 7:46 PM MYT



Untreated cataract (58.6%) one of the commonest **causes of blindness** in Malaysia.⁵

5. Chew FLM, Salowi MA, Mustari Z, Husni MA, Hussein E, Adnan TH, et al. (2018) Estimates of visual impairment and its causes from the National Eye Survey in Malaysia (NESII)

The resulting prolonged elevated intraocular pressure (IOP) in phacomorphic glaucoma will leads to **irreversible optic nerve damage** and **visual impairment**.^{2, 3, 4}

2. David R, Tessler Z, Yassur Y . Long term outcome of primary acute angle closure glaucoma. Br J Ophthalmol 1993; 17: 33–36.

 3. Kanellopoulos AJ, Perry HD, Donnenfeld ED. Comparison of topical timolol gel to oral acetazolamide in the prophylaxis of viscoelastic-induced ocular hypertension after penetrating keratoplasty. Cornea 1997; 16 (1): 12–15
 4. Hart WM, Becker B. The onset and evolution of glaucomatous visual field defect. Ophthalmology 1982; 89: 991–998.

TERMS & DEFINITIONS



1. Cataract: Clouding of the natural intraocular lens

that is **treated with surgery.**

2. Pre-operative assessment visit: Patient's appointments that includes an investigation day and a clinic day to be reviewed and assessed prior to cataract surgery.

Single pre-operative assessment: Operation date given after ONE assessment visit Repeat pre-operative assessment: Operation date given after MULTIPLE assessment visit

INTRODUCTION





Selangor's Oculoplastic Centre

- >1500 cataract surgery / year
- >3500 clinic patients / month
- >600 pre-operative cataract clinic monthly

80% are repeated

pre-operative assessment visit

INTRODUCTION



PRE-OPERATIVE ASSESSMENT

Investigation's day:

- Blood talking
- Biometry calculation

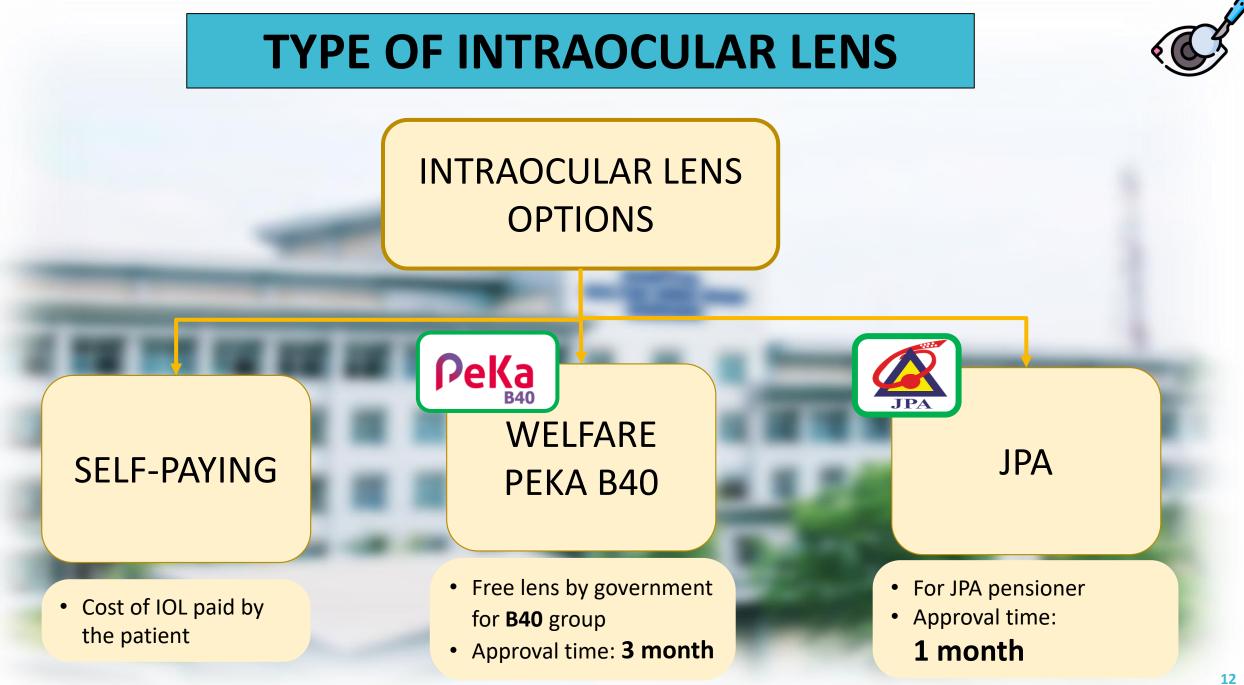
• ECG



Doctor's review day:

- Investigations
- Patient's condition
- Type of anaesthesia
- Type of lens

Given cataract operation date



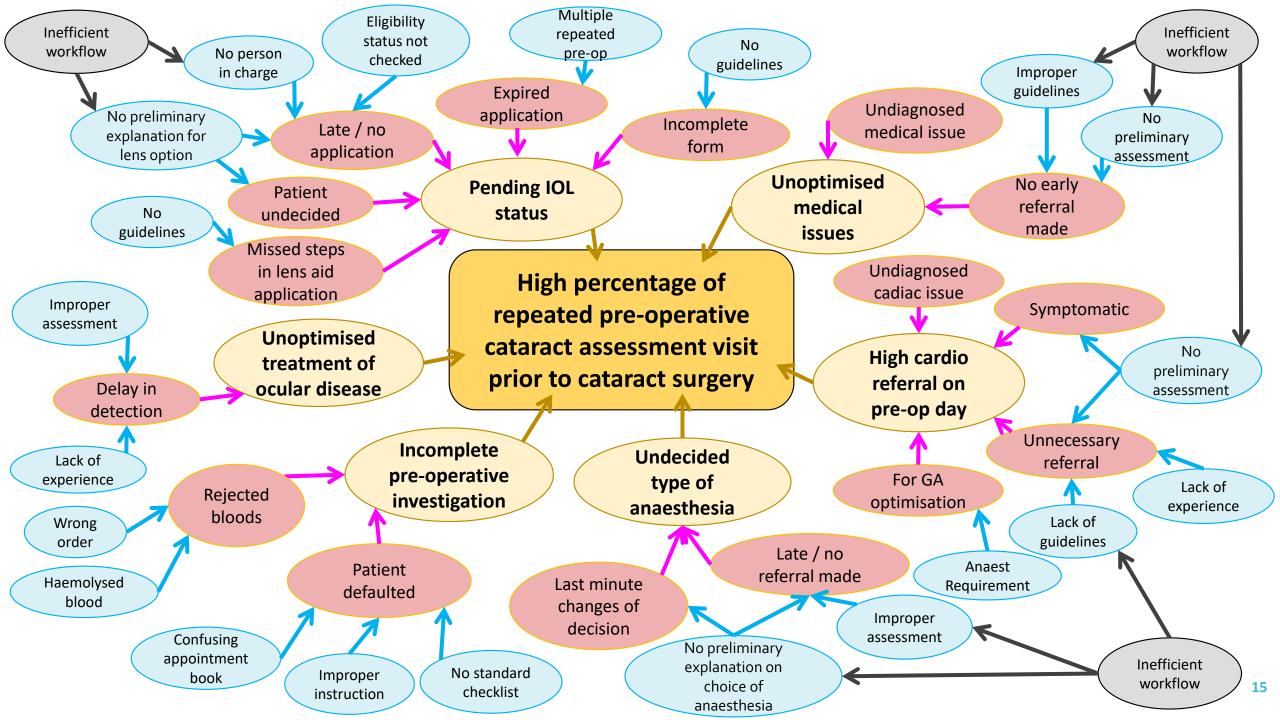
PROBLEM ANALYSIS 5W + 1 H



WHAT	 High percentage of patient for repeated pre-operative cataract assessment 	
WHY	 Weakness in workflow or system that leads to delay of cataract surgery 	
WHERE	Ophthalmology Clinic Hospital Sultan Idris Shah Serdang	
WHO	 Patient, doctors and staff nurse involved 	
WHEN	 Every clinic day since increasing number of patient in 2016 until now 	
HOW	 Patient with repeat preoperative assessment is due to multiple factors 	

PROBLEM ANALYSIS CHART





PROBLEM STATEMENT



PROBLEM Out of 600 patients who come for pre-operative assessment, 8 will require repeat pre-operative assessment.	
EFFECT Delay in surgery will lead to irreversible ocular complication, patient dissatisfaction, economic and logistic burden to hospital patient and family members.	
POSSIBLE CAUSE	Multiple factors including disorganize workflow, ocular infection, uncontrolled co-morbidity, and financial/intraocular lens aid contributed to this problem.
AIM OF STUDY	This study will help to reduce repeated pre-operative assessment visit prior to cataract surgery in Hospital Sultan Idris Shah, Serdang

OBJECTIVE



GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

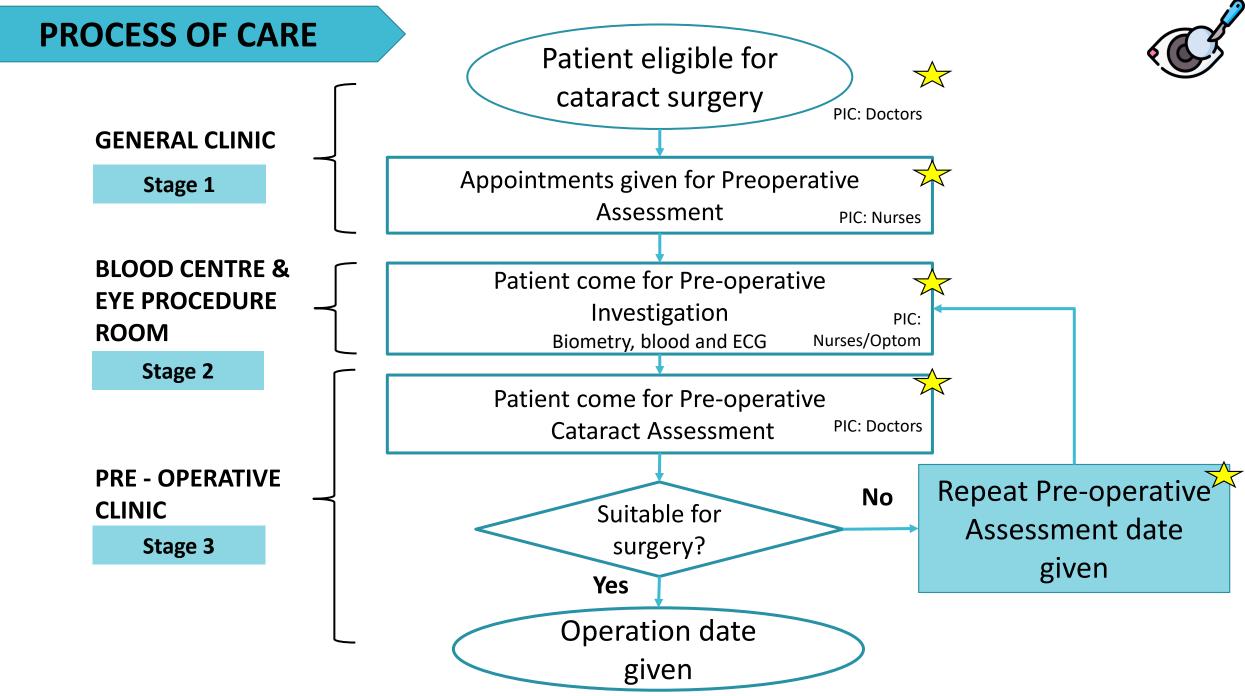
 To reduce percentage of repeated pre-operative assessment visit prior cataract surgery in HSIS.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:

- To verify the percentage of patient with repeated preoperative assessment visit prior to cataract surgery.
- To identify the contributing factors of repeated preoperative assessment visit prior to cataract surgery.
- To formulate and implement remedial actions
- To evaluate effectiveness of remedial measures

KEY MEASURE FOR IMPROVEMENT





MODEL OF GOOD CARE

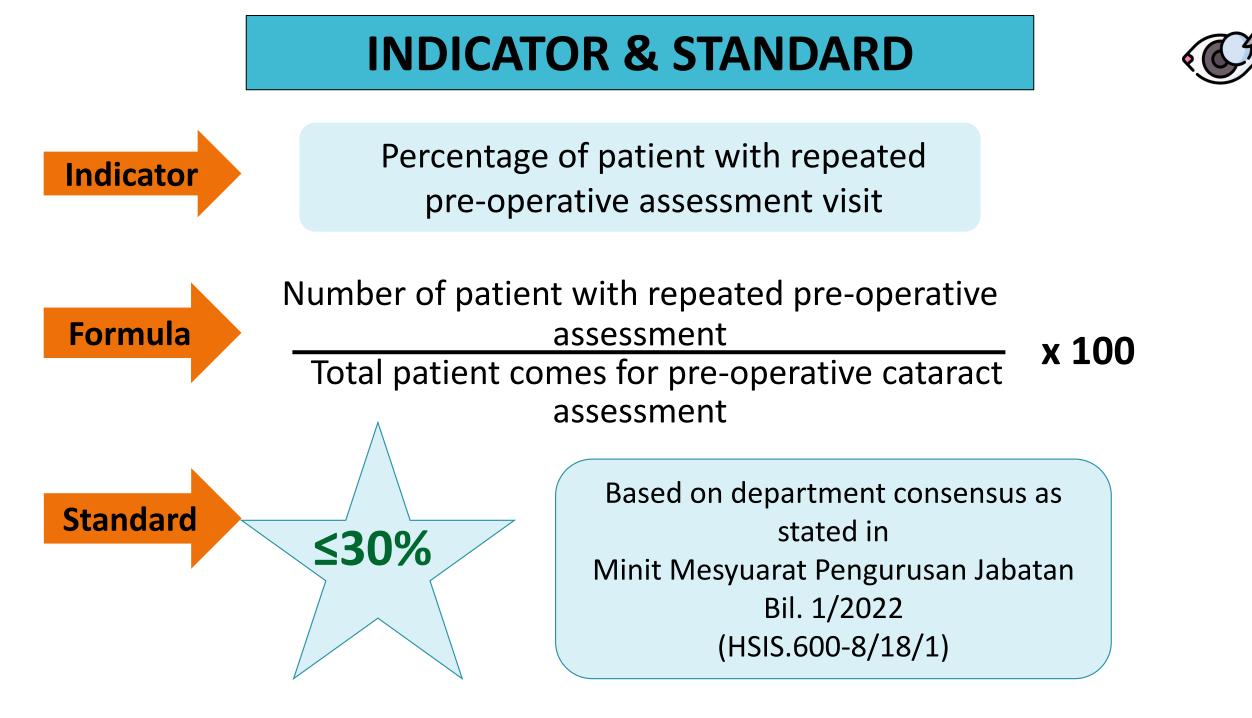


PROCESS	CRITERIA	STANDARD
	1. Identify patient with medical comorbidity	100%
	2. Referral to respective department	100%
1. Assessment of patient's eligibility for	3. To explain regarding intraocular lens options	100%
cataract surgery	4. Refer patient with financial issue for intraocular lens aid application (PekaB40 / JPA)	100%
	5. Explain to patient regarding choice of anaesthesia (GA or LA)	100%
2. Appointment given for pre-operative assessment	or pre-operative I. For biometry calculation, blood taking and ECG	
3. Patient comes for pre-operative investigation Patient comes for biometry calculation, blood taking and ECG		100%

MODEL OF GOOD CARE



PROCESS	CRITERIA	STANDARD
	1. Ensure medical and ocular issues have been optimized	100%
4. Patient comes for	 Ensure availability of intraocular lens (IOL lens) Able to pay for self-paying patients Approved IOL lens status for PekaB40/JPA applicants 	100%
pre-operative cataract assessment clinic (Pre-Op Clinic)	3. Review biometry, blood and ECG results are in acceptable range	100%
	4. Review anesthesiology clinic input if surgery planned under GA	100%
	5. To counsel regarding procedure of cataract surgery	100%
5. Repeat pre-operative assessment date	Patient to be given a repeat pre-operative assessment date if not suitable for surgery	0%



PROCESS OF GATHERING INFORMATION



METHODOLOGY



Study Design	QA/QI study (Quasi experimental)		
Study Population	Patient eligible for cataract surgery HSIS		
Sampling Technique	Universal		
Inclusion Criteria	Age (> 18 years old) and eligible for cataract surgery		
Exclusion Criteria	Patient who refuse or postpone cataract surgery and not because of medical/ cardiology/ intraocular lens issue		
Sample SizeVerification : 136 Patients *confidence level: 95% , margin of error: 5% Cycle 1 : 535 pts Cycle 2 : 355 pts 			
Study PeriodVerification Study: Jan – Feb'22 Cycle 1 : March – July'22 Cycle 2 : August'22 – Feb'23 Cycle 3 : March – November'23			
Study Analysis Method Microsoft Excel 2013			

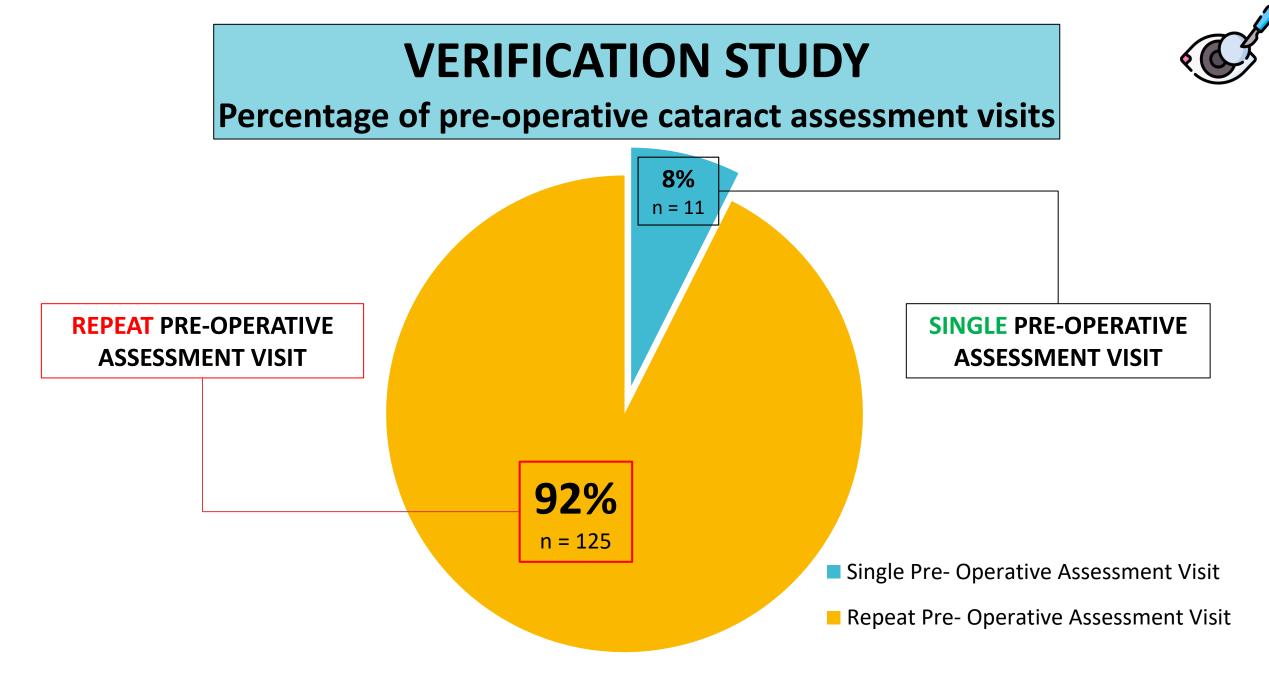
DATA COLLECTION METHOD

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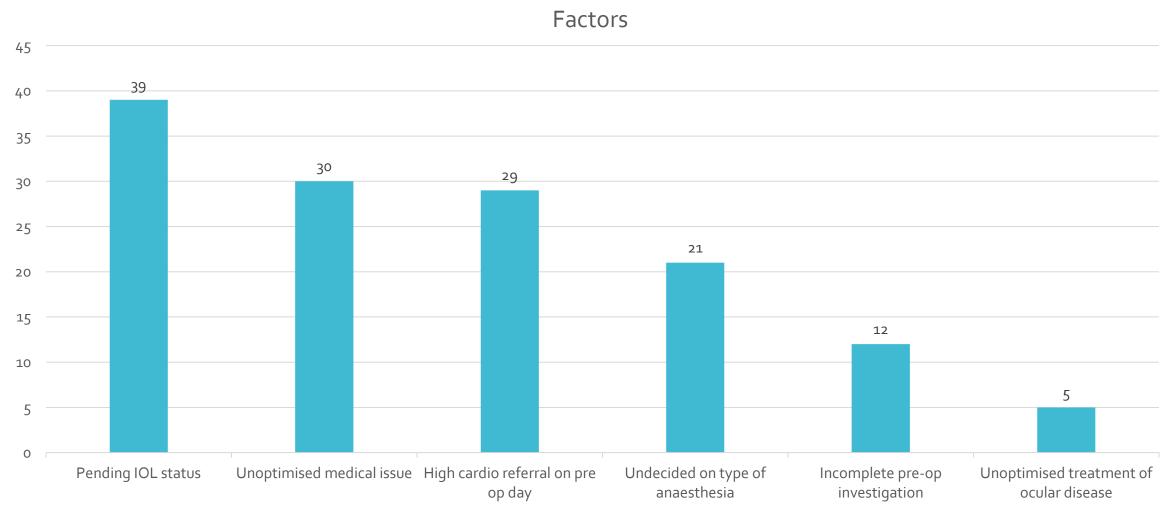
DATA ANALYSIS VERIFICATION STUDY





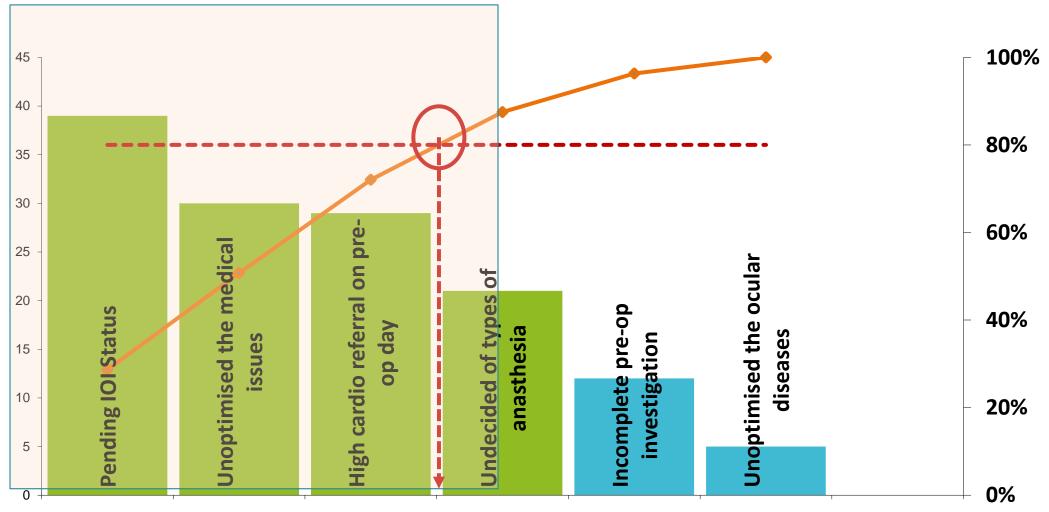
Factors of repeated pre-operative assessment visit





Factors

Factors of repeated pre-operative assessment visit



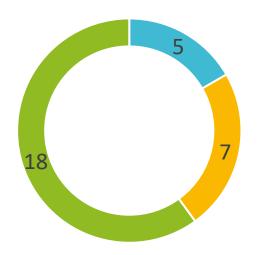
Factors

Pareto Chart: Factors of Repeated Pre-Operative Assessment Visit

SURVEY AMONGS DOCTORS

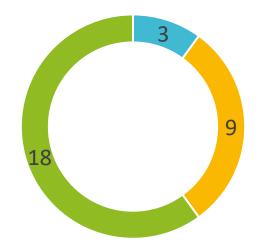


Pending Lens Status



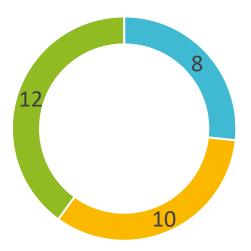
- No guidelines
- No preliminary explanation
- Inefficient workflow

Unoptimised medical issues



- Lack guidelines
- No preliminary assessment
- Inefficient workflow

High cardio referral



Lack guidelines

- No preliminary assessment
- Inefficient workflow

MODEL OF GOOD CARE



PROCESS	CRITERIA	STANDARD	Verification n=136
	1. Identify patient with medical comorbidity	100%	5%
	2. Referral to respective department	100%	5%
1. Assessment of	3. To explain regarding intraocular lens options	100%	5%
patient's eligibility for cataract surgery	 Refer patient with financial issue for intraocular lens aid application (PekaB40 / JPA) 	100%	5%
	5. Explain to patient regarding choice of anaesthesia (GA or LA)	100%	70%
2. Appointment given for pre-operative assessment	 Nurses to ensure 2 appointment dates given I. For biometry calculation, blood taking and ECG II. Preoperative assessment date 	100%	100%
3. Patient comes for pre-operative investigation	pre-operative Patient comes for biometry calculation, blood taking and ECG		80%

MODEL OF GOOD CARE



PROCESS	CRITERIA	STANDARD	Verification n=136
	1. Ensure medical and ocular issues have been optimized	100%	70%
4. Patient comes for	 Ensure availability of intraocular lens (IOL lens) Able to pay for self-paying patients Approved IOL lens status for PekaB40/JPA applicants 	100%	90%
pre-operative cataract assessment clinic (Pre-Op Clinic)	3. Review biometry, blood and ECG results are in acceptable 100 range		70%
	4. Review anesthesiology clinic input if surgery planned under GA	100%	90%
	5. To counsel regarding procedure of cataract surgery	100%	100%
5. Repeat pre-operative assessment date Patient to be given a repeat pre-operative assessment date if not suitable for surgery		0%	92%

FINDINGS FOR VERIFICATION STUDY







High percentage of repeated preoperative assessment visit Improper workflow



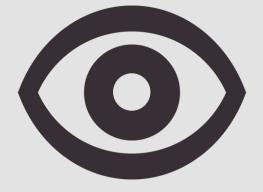
Doctor:

- Delay in referring for unoptimised comorbids
- Delay in referring for lens aid



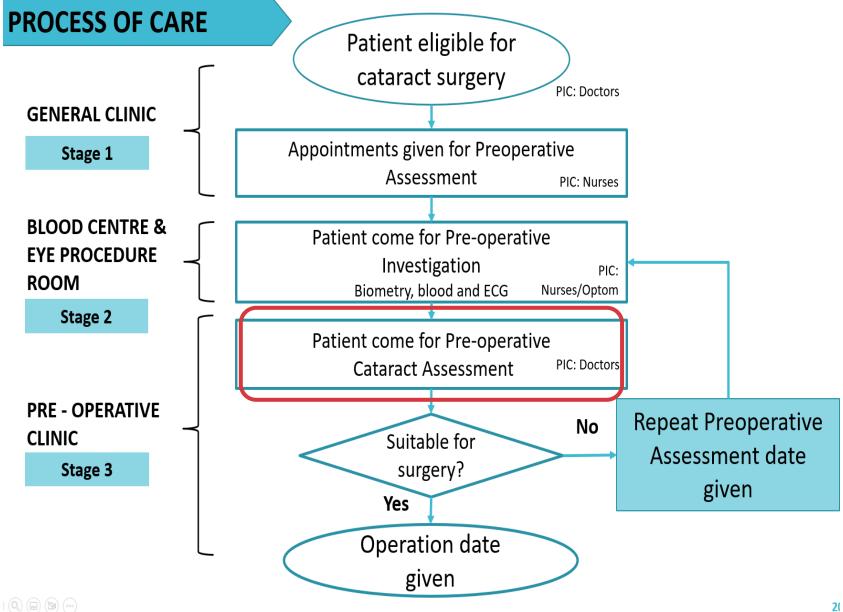
STRATEGIES FOR CHANGE



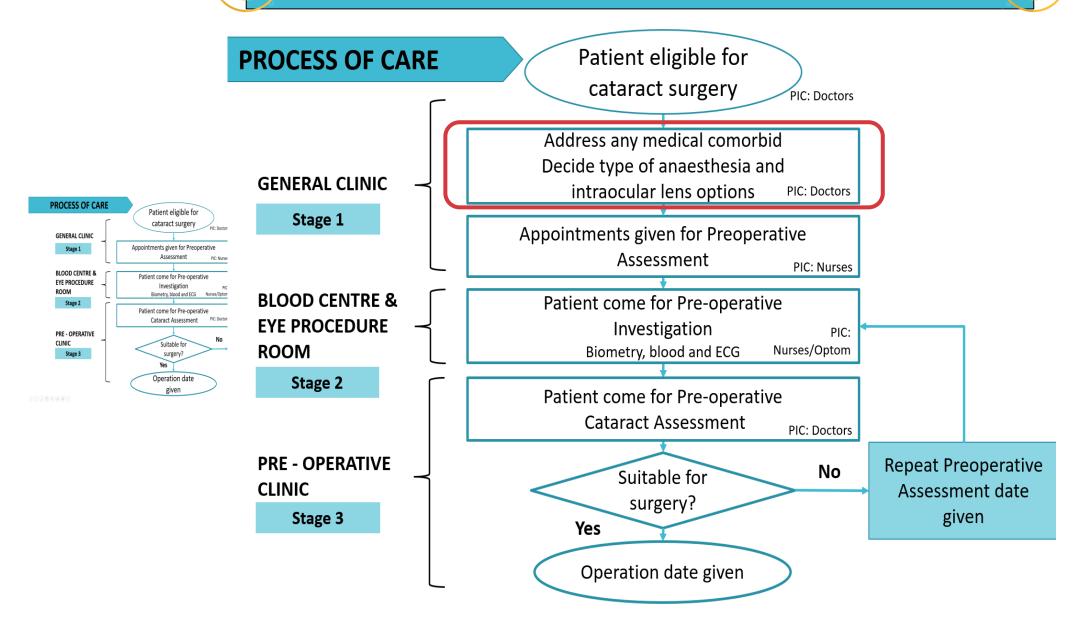


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2	PROBLEM	ACTION		
T R	Ineffective workflow in SOP	Change of workflow , create new SOP		
A T E	No checklist for preoperative assessment	Checklist created and placed in every general clinic doctor's room. Blasted in our formal WhatsApp group		
G I	No referral made to cardio during general clinic.	Cardiac risk referral template for easier referral		
E S	Patient missed appointment for pre-op investigation	New patient's appointment slip Easier to view, clipped with the appointment book		

STRATEGY 1: CHANGE OF WORKFLOW



STRATEGY 1: CHANGE OF WORKFLOW



STRATEGY 1: CHANGE OF WORKFLOW

QUICK CHECKLIST PRIOR GIVING CATARACT PRE-OP CLINIC APPOINTMENT

Ocular	
_	

- Eyelids clean
- No conjunctivitis
- Glaucoma
- Diabetic maculoedema

	Action
OCULAR Eyelids clean, no blepharitis/chalazion No conjunctivitis No Nasolacrimal duct obstruction	To treat 1st if any and review back accordingly
Glaucoma	At least baseline HVF if none Consider new HVF if already more than 1 year IOP <30
Diabetic maculoedema	To do focal/gird laser if indicated/possible
SYSTEMIC PROBLEM • BP/DXT	Quick check at room 90, if uncontrol to do early referral to KK/MOPD
History of recent heart attack or stroke	To defer until 6 month
Known case or heart problem	Refer cardiology for cardiac risk assessment

Intraocular lens

- Pensioner
- PekaB40 eligible
- Self-paying

Systemic – Medical

- BP / Glucose
- h/o recent cardiac event
- Skin disease
- DFU
- Unable to lie flat
- Hearing problem

IMPORTANT ISSUES

 Hearing problem 	Refer ENT
Recent covid19 infection	Safe surgery only after 7 weeks post infection (Anaesth guidline elective surgery March 2022)
ANAESTHESIA • Local anaesthesia	Citeria: -Able to lie flat at least 30 to 45 minutes -cooperative on slit lamp -understand/follow simple command -no gross tremor -not mentally challenged -Age>40
General anaesthesia	Patient not fit for local anaesthsia, refer anaesth clinic
Federal/state goverment pensioner	-Fill in JPA form -process would take at least 2 month
• PekaB40	-Can check eligibility (use patient/spouse IC) at: kelayakan.pekab40.com.my -Referral letter to social welfare -process would take at least 2 month
 Not eligible for PekaB40 but cant afford IOL 	-refer Social welfare
Self pay patient	To inform patient estimated cost

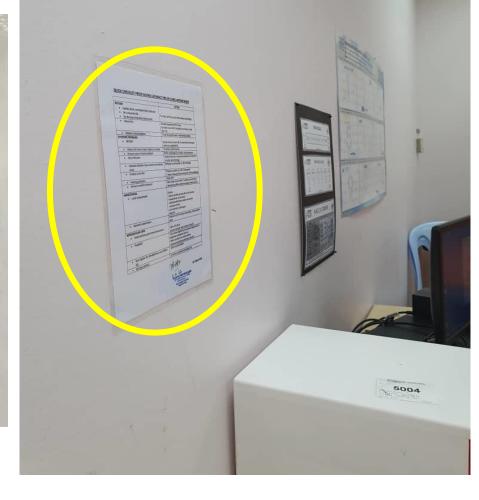
Anaesthesia

- LA
 - Able lie flat
 - Cooperative
 - Understand command
- GA
 - Not fit for local

STRATEGY 1: CHANGE OF WORKFLOW



Checklist posted on each doctors' room for guidance



Effective date: 22nd April 2022

Department Meeting: 15th April 2022

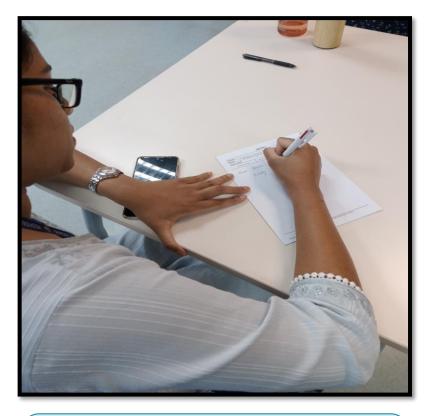
Blasted in Department WhatsApp group: 22nd April 2022

QUICK CHECKLIST PRIOR GIVING CATARACT PRE-OP CLINIC APPOINTMEN

	ACTION
OCULAR Eyelids clean, no blepharitis/chalazion No conjunctivitis No Nasolacrimal duct obstruction	To treat 1st if any and review back accordingly
Glaucoma	At least baseline HVF if none Consider new HVF if already more than 1 year IOP <30
Diabetic maculoedema	To do focal/gird laser if indicated/possible
SYSTEMIC PROBLEM	
BP/DXT	Quick check at room 90, if uncontrol to do early referral to KK/MOPD
History of recent heart attack or stroke	To defer until 6 month
Known case or heart problem	Refer cardiology for cardiac risk assessment
Skin infection	Inspect the skin, if unsure/suspicious of infection to refer dermatology
 Infected diabetic foot ulcer/non-healing ulcer 	Referral to orthopedic or dermatology
Unable to lie flat	If Spine problem to refer orthopedic If Heart disease/fluid overload to refer cardiolog
Hearing problem	Refer ENT
Recent covid19 infection	Safe surgery only after 7 weeks post infection (Anaesth guidline elective surgery March 2022)
ANAESTHESIA	
Local anaesthesia	Citeria: -Able to lie flat at least 30 to 45 minutes -cooperative on slit lamp -understand/follow simple command -no gross tremor -not mentally challenged -Age>40
General anaesthesia	Patient not fit for local anaesthsia, refer anaesth clinic
INTRAOCULAR LENS	
Federal/state goverment pensioner	-Fill in JPA form -process would take at least 2 month
PekaB40	-Can check eligibility (use patient/spouse IC) at: kelayakan.pekab40.com.my -Referral letter to social welfare -process would take at least 2 month
 Not eligible for PekaB40 but cant afford IOL 	-refer Social welfare
 Self pay patient 	To inform patient estimated cost

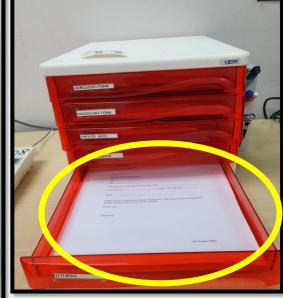


STRATEGY 2: CARDIAC RISK REFERRAL TEMPLATE



- Free hand
- Easily missed crucial notes
- Non-standard

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- Standardised
- Contain important information
- Available in all rooms

BEFORE





STRATEGY 3: NEW PATIENT'S APPOINTMENT SLIP

Tarrikh Masa Bilik Klinik Catatan Tarr ISB 2022 U BISOD IP - FBL, PSS, P.P. Q CYR. Q CYR. Q CYR. Q CYR. - Rec PSS, P.P. Q CYR. - FBL, PSS, P.P. - FBL, PSS, PS, PSS, PSS, PSS, PSS, PSS, PSS	TCA MATA 1152 BM - MOHO SMATO SMA	PC CHECK LIST 1) Bloods Puasa (2 MM). L4 14/11/24 @ 8'00 FBC, RP,FBS 2) A Scan, ECG L3 Eye Clinic H4 /11/24 @ 9*00 3) PC L3 Eye Clinic B/11/24 @ 9*00 4) Re PC L3 Eye Clinic @ 5) Tarikh Pembedahan @ 6) Daycare/GOT	
242 23 gan Megato	18/7/2023 11am mopb		F.

- Esasily missed
- "Busy" Appointment Book

BEFORE

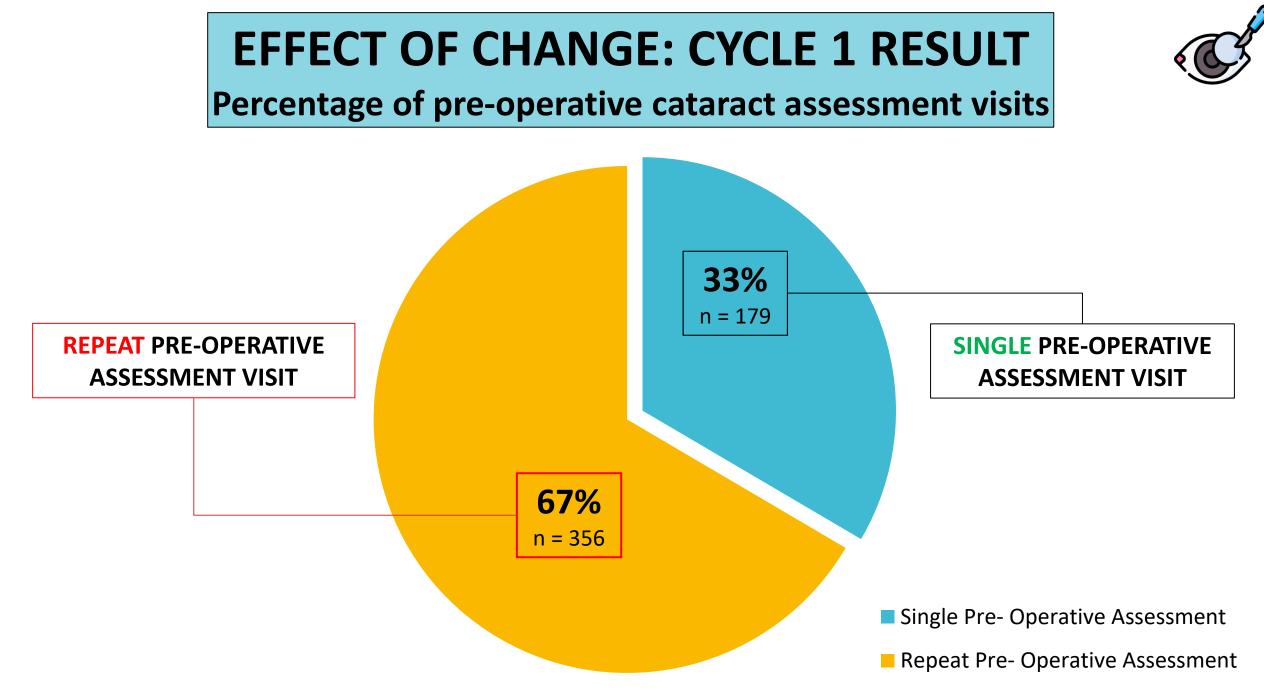
- Standardised
- Organised
- Front page for easier viewing

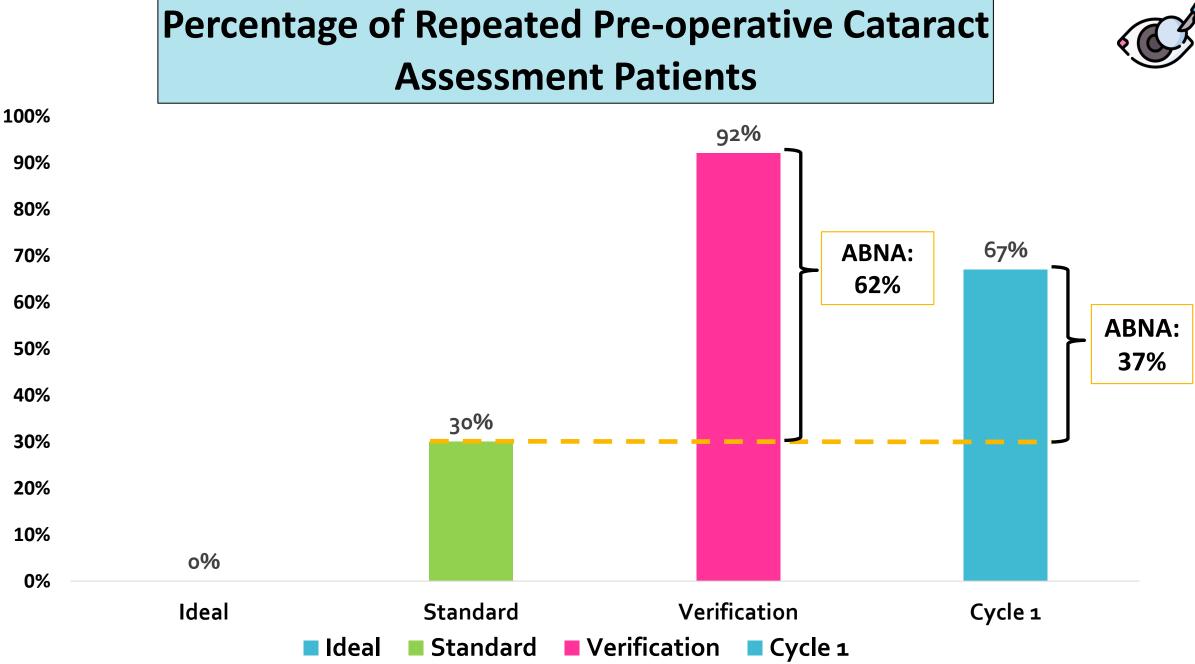
AFTER

EFFECT OF CHANGE

CYCLE 1







MODEL OF GOOD CARE



PROCESS	CRITERIA		Verif n=136	Cycle 1 n = 535
	1. Identify patient with medical comorbidity	100%	5%	30%
	2. Referral to respective department	100%	5%	30%
1. Assessment of	3. To explain regarding intraocular lens options	100%	5%	50%
patient's eligibility for cataract surgery	 Refer patient with financial issue for intraocular lens aid application (PekaB40 / JPA) 	100%	5%	50%
	5. Explain to patient regarding choice of anaesthesia (GA or LA)	100%	70%	80%
2. Appointment given for pre-operative assessment	 Nurses to ensure 2 appointment dates given I. For biometry calculation, blood taking and ECG II. Preoperative assessment date 	100%	100%	100%
3. Patient comes for pre-operative investigation	Patient comes for biometry calculation, blood taking and ECG	100%	80%	95%

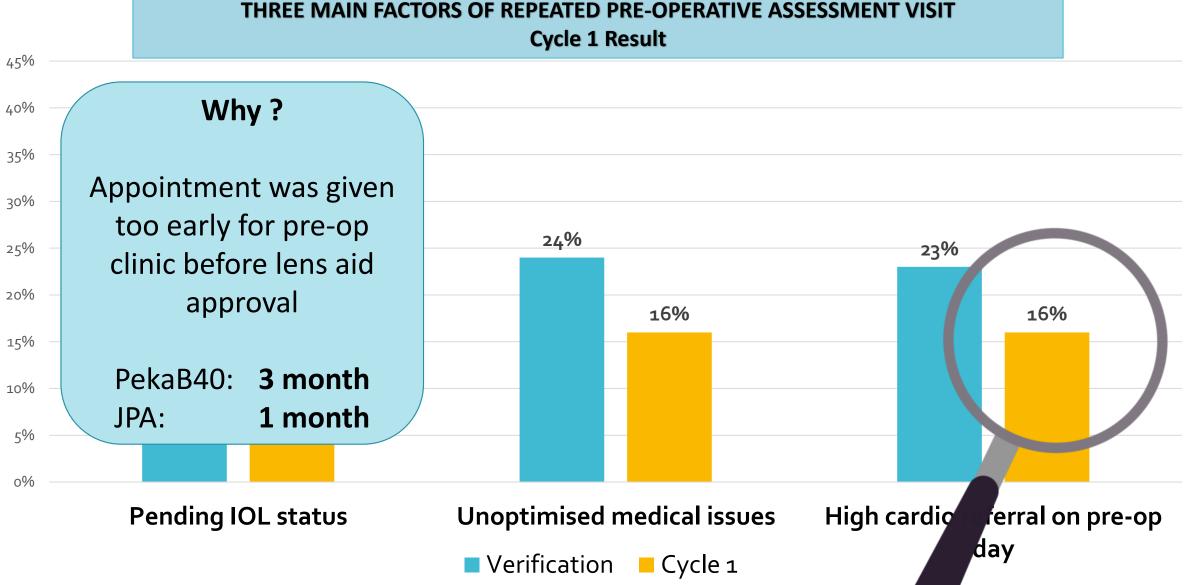
MODEL OF GOOD CARE



PROCESS	CRITERIA	Stand	Verif n=136	Cycle 1 n = 535
	1. Ensure medical and ocular issues have been optimized	100%	70%	85%
4. Patient comes for pre- operative	 2. Ensure availability of intraocular lens (IOL lens) I. Able to pay for self-paying patients II. Approved IOL lens status for PekaB40/JPA applicants 	100%	90%	95%
cataract assessment	3. Review biometry, blood and ECG results are in acceptable range	100%	70%	80%
clinic (Pre-Op Clinic)	 Review anesthesiology clinic input if surgery planned under GA 	100%	90%	90%
	5. To counsel regarding procedure of cataract surgery	100%	100%	100%
5. Repeat pre-operative assessment date	Patient to be given a repeat pre-operative assessment date if not suitable for surgery	0%	92%	67%







SURVEY AMONG DOCTORS: CARDIAC RISK ASSESSMENT



You have low confidence in interpretation of basic ECG

All patients with abnormal ECG need to be referred to the Cardiology Department

All patients with known case of cardiac problem need to be referred to the Cardiology Department

All patients with cardiac problem will require an ECHO prior to cataract surgery

All patients with blood thinner should be referred to the Cardiology Department

KNOWLEDGE OF DO ENCOUN						
Designation : Date :						
Please rate how mu	uch you agre	ee with the	following st	atements.		
	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	
You have low confidence in interpretation of basic ECG	0	0	0	0	0	
All patients with abnormal ECG need to be referred to the Cardiology Department	0	0	0	0	0	
All patients with known case of cardiac problem need to be referred to the Cardiology Department	0	0	0	0	0	
All patients with cardiac problem will require an ECHO prior to cataract surgery	0	0	0	0	0	
All patients with blood thinner should be referred to the Cardiology Department	0	0	0	0	0	

- Total participant: 25
- Personnel involve:
 Specialist and MO's
- Date conducted: 10th August 2023

SURVEY RESULTS



Q&A	Q 1	Q2	Q ₃ Q ₄		Q5
Strongly agree	15	12	20	10	13
Agree		Summ			7
Neutral		Most Doctors are hesitant in performing cardiac risk			
Disagree		assessi			2
Strongly Disagree	1	1	-	5	2

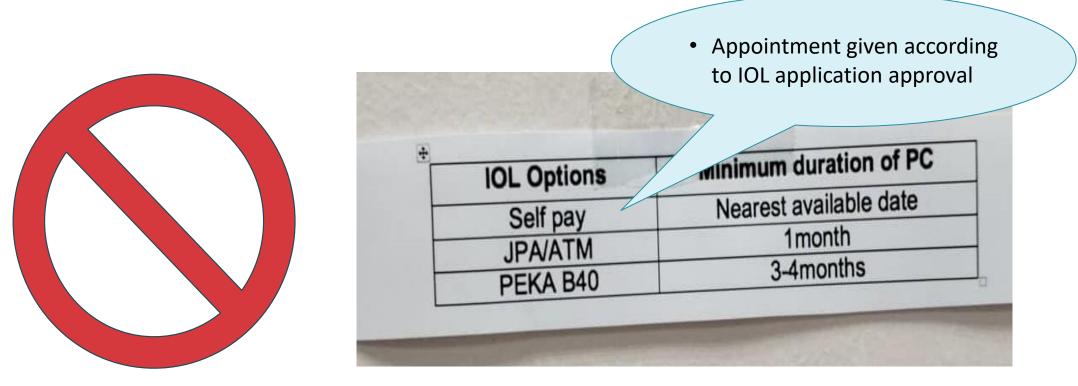
STRATEGIES FOR CHANGE





PROBLEM	ACTION
Pre-operative appointment given not according to IOL approval time	Timeframe guideline for fiving appointment date
Lack confidence on cardiac risk assessment	Organise a Cardiac Risk Assessment workshop
Lack confidence in filtering out unnecessary referral	Organise an ECG workshop
High turn-over rate of new staff to the clinics	Making regular reminders for all the staffs





BEFORE



STRATEGY 2: CARDIAC RISK WORKSHOP

QA Ophthalmology department in collaboration with Cardiology department presents

CARDIAC RISK ASSESSMENT IN CATARACT SURGERY

Speaker : Dr Shargunandass A/L Iynam Clinical Cardiologist Hospital Serdang

Aug. 19, 2022 (FRIDAY) 1500PM to 1700PM Seminar Room Ophthal Clinic

A talk to improve quality of cardio referral in cataract surgery.

All Specialist and MO are invited!



By Cardiology Dept on 19th of August 2022 Ophthalmology seminar room

Attended by M.Os and Specialist 75% of doctors





By Cardiology Dept 14th of October 2022 Ophthalmology seminar room

Attended by M.Os and Specialist 75% of doctors





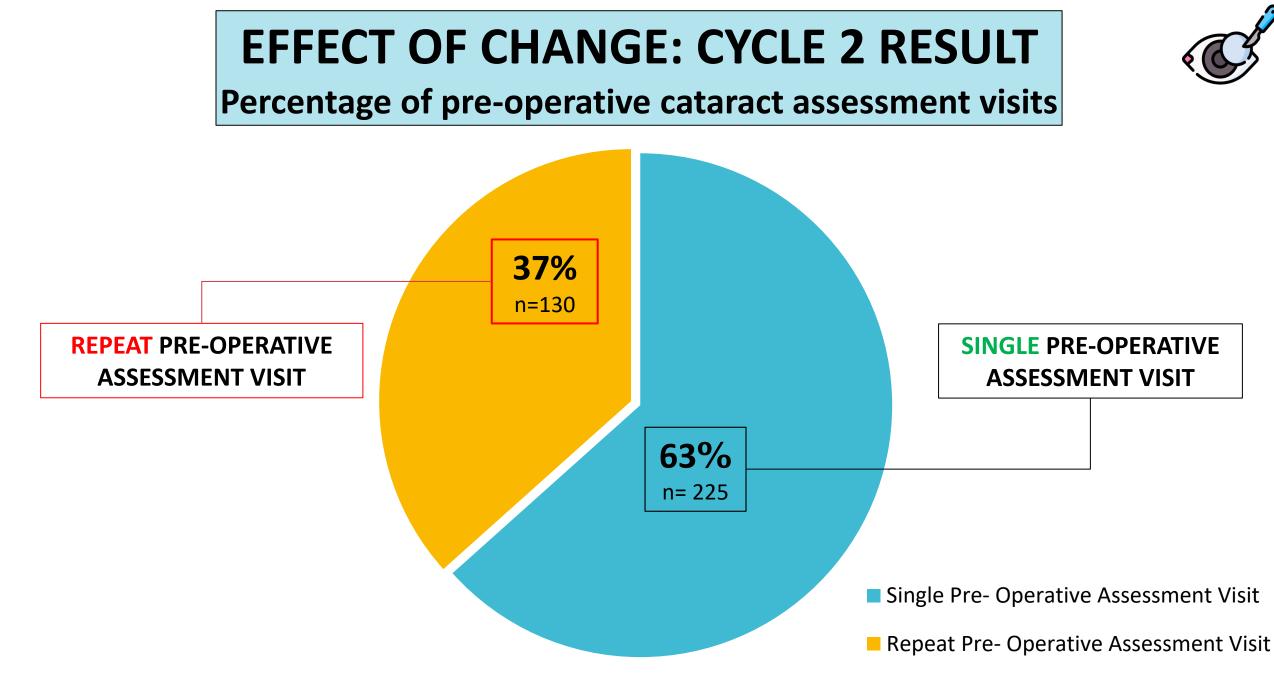
Monthly TRAINING For current and new Doctors / Nurses / Optometrist

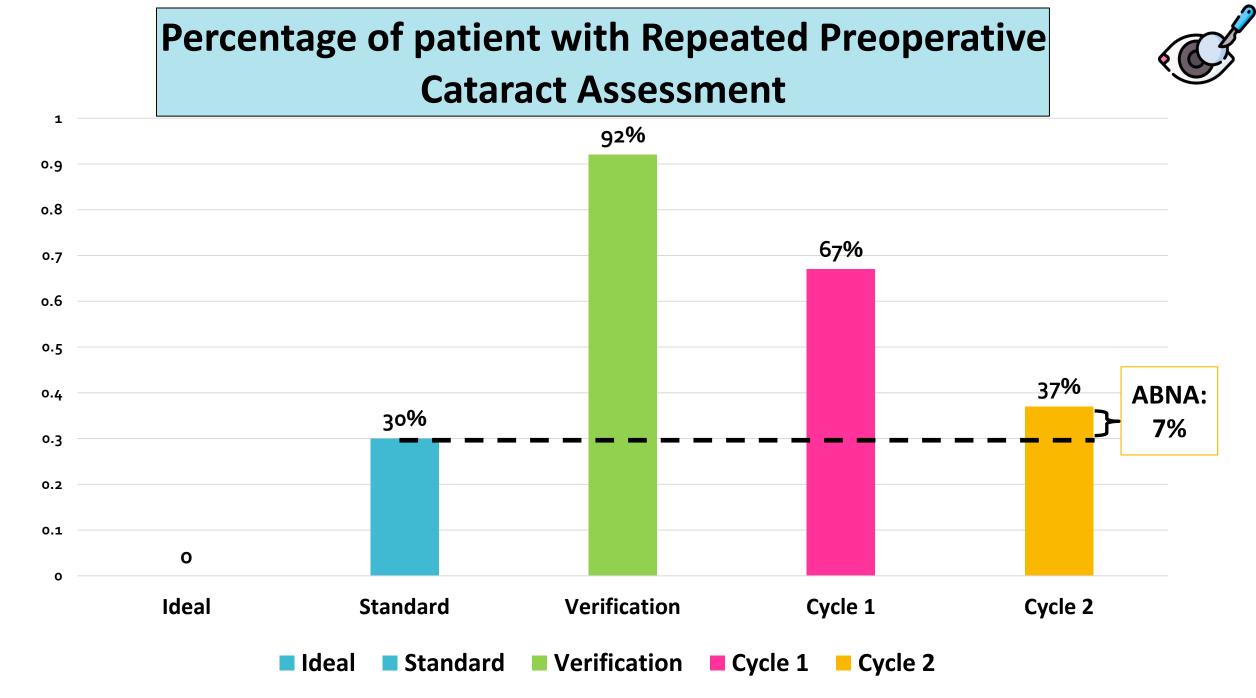
Covered 80% staff within 1^{st} 6 months.

EFFECT OF CHANGE

CYCLE 2







MODEL OF GOOD CARE



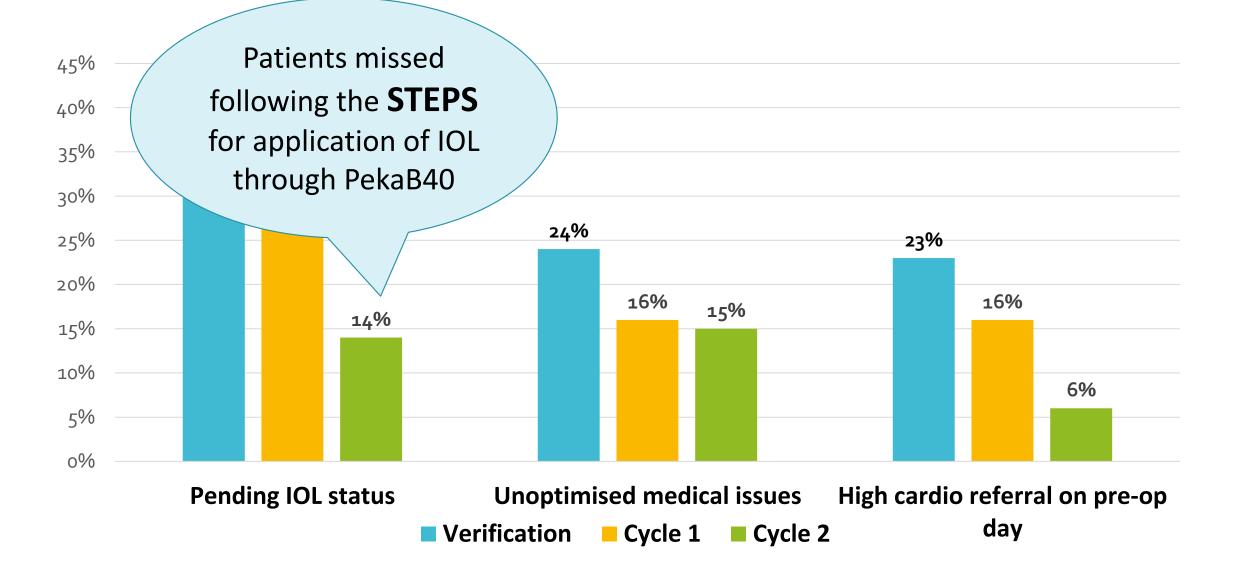
PROCESS	CRITERIA	Stand	Verif n=136	C1 n = 535	Cycle 2 n = 355
1. Assessment of	1. Identify patient with medical comorbidity	100%	5%	30%	98%
patient's eligibility for cataract surgery	2. Referral to respective department	100%	5%	30%	98%
	3. To explain regarding intraocular lens options	100%	5%	50%	90%
	 Refer patient with financial issue for intraocular lens aid application (PekaB40 / JPA) 	100%	5%	50%	90%
	5. Explain to patient regarding choice of anaesthesia (GA or LA)	100%	70%	80%	95%
2. Appointment given for pre-operative assessment	Nurses to ensure 2 appointment dates given I. For biometry calculation, blood taking and ECG II. Preoperative assessment date	100%	100%	100%	100%
3. Patient comes for pre-operative investigation	Patient comes for biometry calculation, blood taking and ECG	100%	80%	95%	97%

MODEL OF GOOD CARE



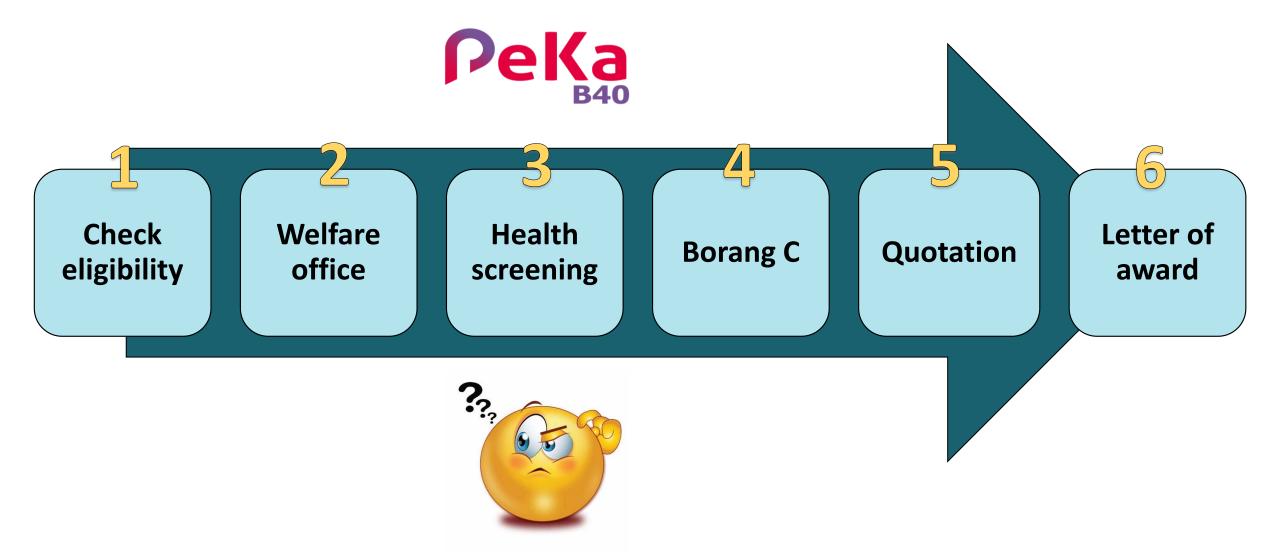
PROCESS	CRITERIA	Stand	Verif n=136	C1 n = 535	Cycle 2 n = 355
4. Patient	1. Ensure medical and ocular issues have been optimized	100%	70%	85%	90%
comes for pre- operative cataract assessment clinic (Pre-Op Clinic)	 Ensure availability of intraocular lens (IOL lens) Able to pay for self-paying patients Approved IOL lens status for PekaB40/JPA applicants 	100%	90%	95%	98%
	3. Review biometry, blood and ECG results are in acceptable range	100%	70%	80%	90%
	4. Review anesthesiology clinic input if surgery planned under GA	100%	90%	90%	95%
	5. To counsel regarding procedure of cataract surgery	100%	100%	100%	100%
5. Repeat pre-operative assessment date	Patient to be given a repeat pre-operative assessment date if not suitable for surgery	0%	92%	67%	37%

FINDINGS FOR CYCLE 2



000-

PEKAB40 APLICATION PROCESS



STRATEGIES FOR CHANGE





PROBLEM	ACTION		
Patient missed steps for the process of lens aid application	Making a checklist for patient's reference		
Miss important patient's issues that need to be addressed	Invented a cataract booklet for easy reference		
Surgeon factors for patient's eligibility for surgery	Making a guideline handbook for standard references		
Low understanding for new staff regarding the new SOP and guidelines	Making regular and continuous CME for all staff		



STRATEGY 1: LENS AID APPLICATION GUIDELINES

COLLABORATION WITH WELFARE DEPT





- Steps guideline for patients for lens aid application process
- Checklist for clinic and welfare staffs to keep track on the lens aid application status



Aktiviti	Individu	/
emak kelayakan di laman sesawang elayakan.pekab40.com.my	Doktor	
urat merujuk ke Jabatan Kerja Sosial erubatan (JKSP)	Doktor	
Aenerima surat rujukan dari pesakit dan nemproses permohonan	JKSP	
Aelakukan pemeriksaan kesihatan & emaskinikan kembali kepada JKSP	Pesakit	
esakit mendapatkan perkembangan erkini mengenai kelulusan kanta eminggu sebelum tarikh temujanji ertemu doktor dengan JKSP	Pesakit	
 Jika lulus: sila hadir temujanji yang telah ditetapkan 		
 Jika belum selesai: sila tundakan tarikh temujanji 		

STRATEGY 2: CATARACT BOOK

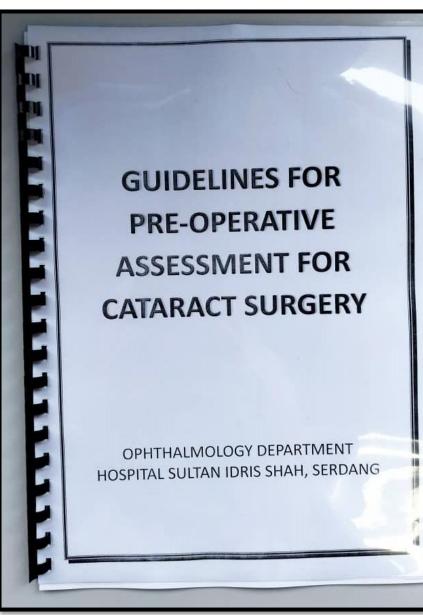


RIG	HT EYE		
Checklist		1	
Blepharitis/chalazion/conjunctivitis/NLDO	Yes [] No []	Action To treat first if presence and review	
Underlying glaucoma	Yes [] No []	accordingly Baseline HVF if none	
Diabetic macular edema Active PDR/ischaemic CRVO	Yes [] No []	IOP<30mmHg Focal/grid laser if indicated To start Gutt Nevanad 2/52 prior to surgery	
	Yes [] No []	To complete PRP if view permissible	
History of Uveitis	Yes [] No []	Prime with Gutt Maxidex 2/52 prior to surgery	
BP: DXT:	control[] uncontrol[] control[] uncontrol[]	Refer KK/MOPD if	
Recent MI/Stroke	Yes [] No []	Defer for 6 months	
Skin infection	Yes[] No[]	Refer Dermatology	
Infected DFU/non-healing ulcer	Yes [] No []	Refer Ortho/surgical	
Hearing problem	Yes [] No []	Refer ENT	
Recent Covid-19 infection	Yes [] No []	Defer 7 weeks post infection (Anaesth guideline elective surgery March 2022)	
Unable to lie flat (To test patient lying down on a bed if required)	Yes[] No[]	Undiagnosed spine problem to refer Orthopaedic If failure sx/fluid overload presence to refer cardiology Defer for 6 months	
Recent MI/Stroke	Yes No	Off warfarin 3/7 prior	
On Warfarin	Yes [] No []	to surgery Only Prosthetic Valve patient require bridging in ward	
On Aspirin	Yes [] No []	May consider off 3/7 prior if plan for ECCE/ICCE	
BPH on Tamsulosin	Yes [] No []	Consider off 2/52 prior to op if no contraindication	



STRATEGY 3: PRE-OPERATIVE GUIDELINES BOOK





- Guideline for surgery for patients with comorbidities
- A joint effort with cardiology dept
 - Approved by both dept HOD
- Reducing surgeon factor in deciding for surgery
- Educating staff about pre-op clinic
- Effective on 2nd Feb 2024
- Consist acceptable parameters on:
 - Investigations bloods/biometry/ECG/Xrays
 - Systemic
 - Cardiac status



STRATEGY 4: CONTINUOUS CME FOR DOCTORS





Conducted 3 times from June till August 2023 on :

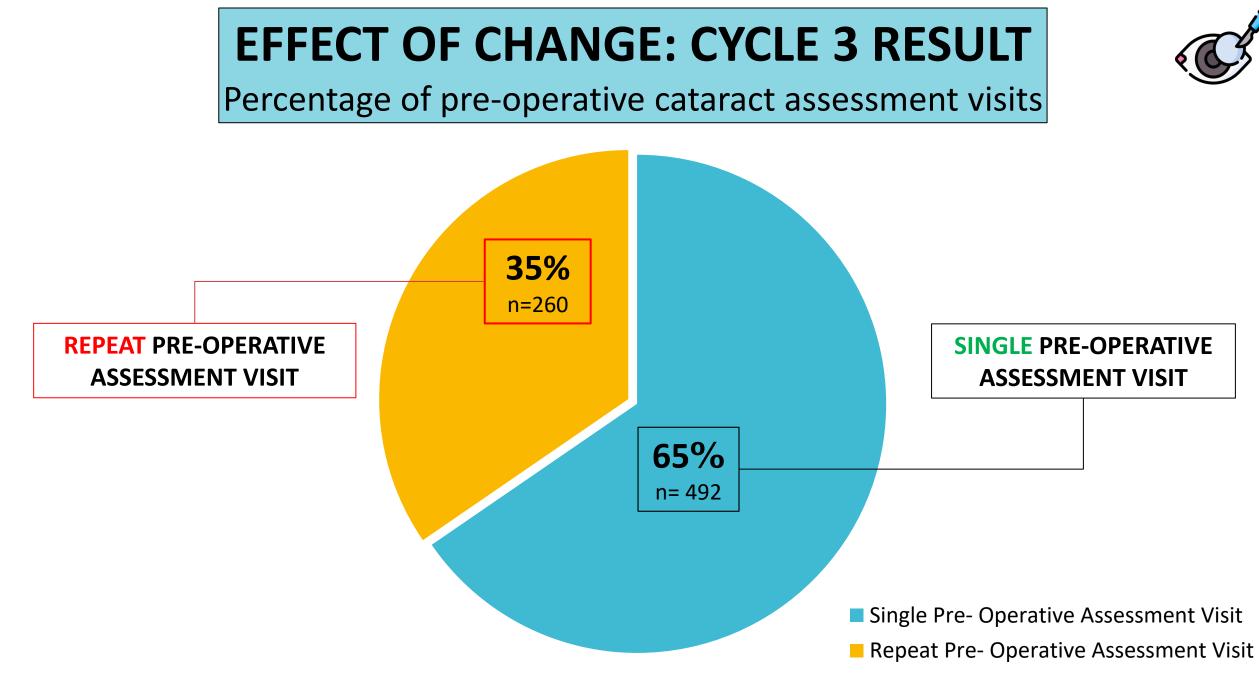
- 23.6.23
- 21.7.23
- 25.8.23

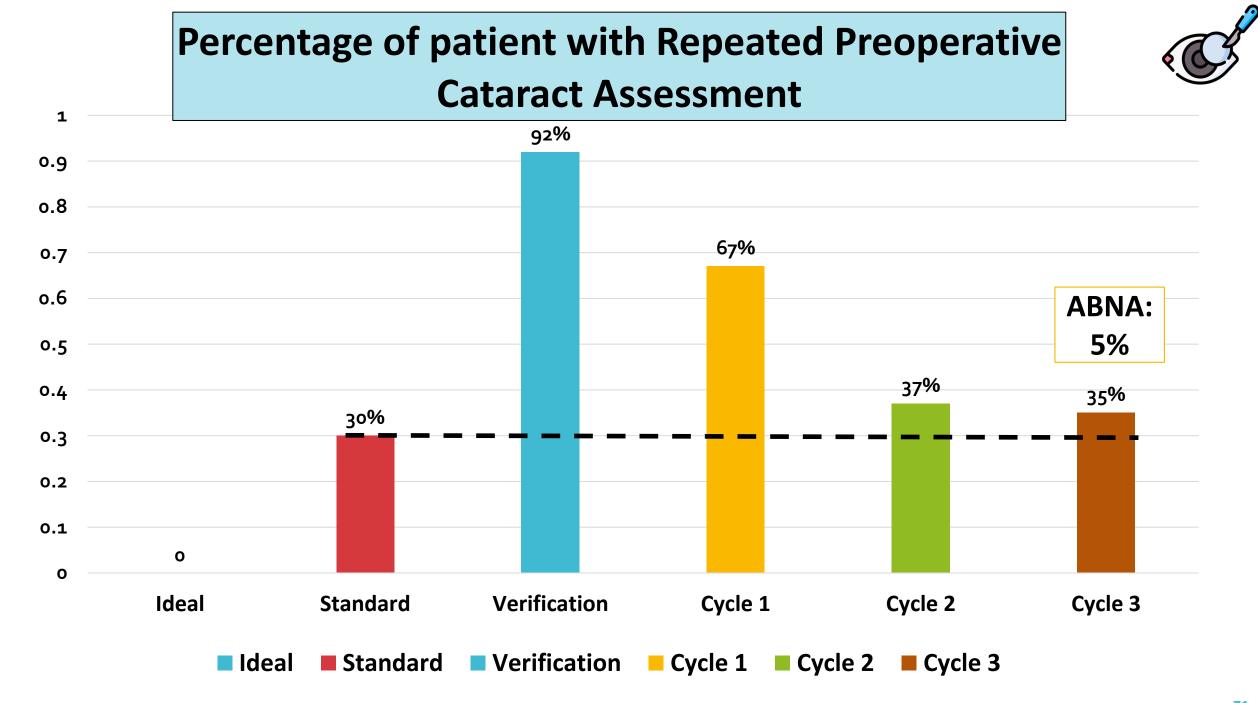
Re-emphasis on guidelines to reduce rate of pre-clerking

EFFECT OF CHANGE

CYCLE 3







MODEL OF GOOD CARE



PROCESS	CRITERIA	Stand	Verif n=136	C1 n = 535	C2 n = 355	Cycle 3 n = 752
	1. Identify patient with medical comorbidity	100%	5%	30%	98%	98%
	2. Referral to respective department	100%	5%	30%	98%	98%
1. Assessment of	3. To explain regarding intraocular lens options	100%	5%	50%	90%	95%
patient's eligibility for cataract surgery	 Refer patient with financial issue for intraocular lens aid application (PekaB40 / JPA) 	100%	5%	50%	90%	95%
	5. Explain to patient regarding choice of anaesthesia (GA or LA)	100%	70%	80%	95%	95%
2. Appointment given for pre-operative assessment	 Nurses to ensure 2 appointment dates given I. For biometry calculation, blood taking and ECG II. Preoperative assessment date 	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
3. Patient comes for pre-operative investigation	Patient comes for biometry calculation, blood taking and ECG	100%	80%	95%	97%	98%

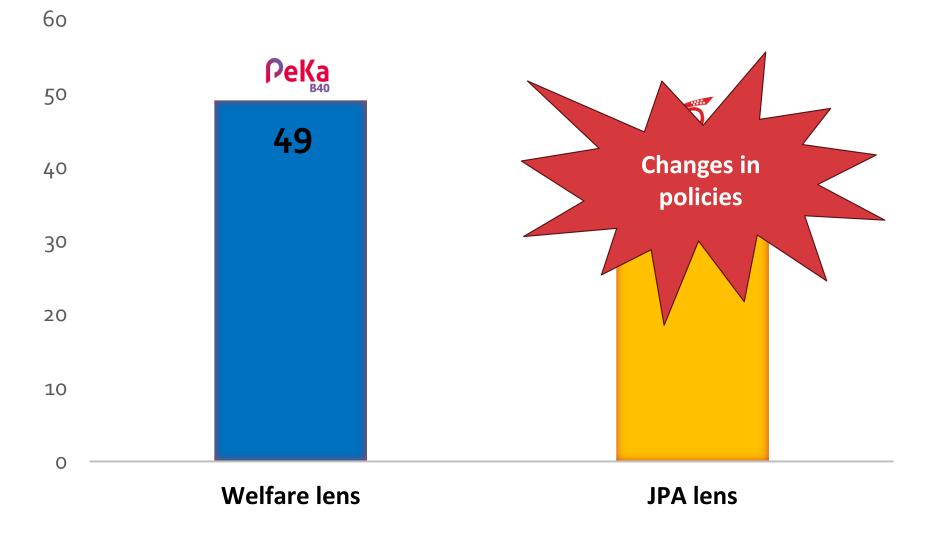
MODEL OF GOOD CARE



PROCESS	CRITERIA	Stand	Verif n=136	C1 n = 535	C2 n = 355	Cycle 3 n = 752
	 Ensure medical and ocular issues have been optimized 	100%	70%	85%	90%	95%
4. Patient comes for pre-operative cataract	 2. Ensure availability of intraocular lens (IOL lens) I. Able to pay for self-paying patients II. Approved IOL lens status for PekaB40/JPA applicants 	100%	90%	95%	98%	98%
assessment clinic (Pre-Op Clinic)	3. Review biometry, blood and ECG results are in acceptable range	100%	70%	80%	90%	98%
	 Review anesthesiology clinic input if surgery planned under GA 	100%	90%	90%	95%	98%
	5. To counsel regarding procedure of cataract surgery	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
5. Repeat pre-operative assessment date	Patient to be given a repeat pre-operative assessment date if not suitable for surgery	0%	92%	67%	37%	35%

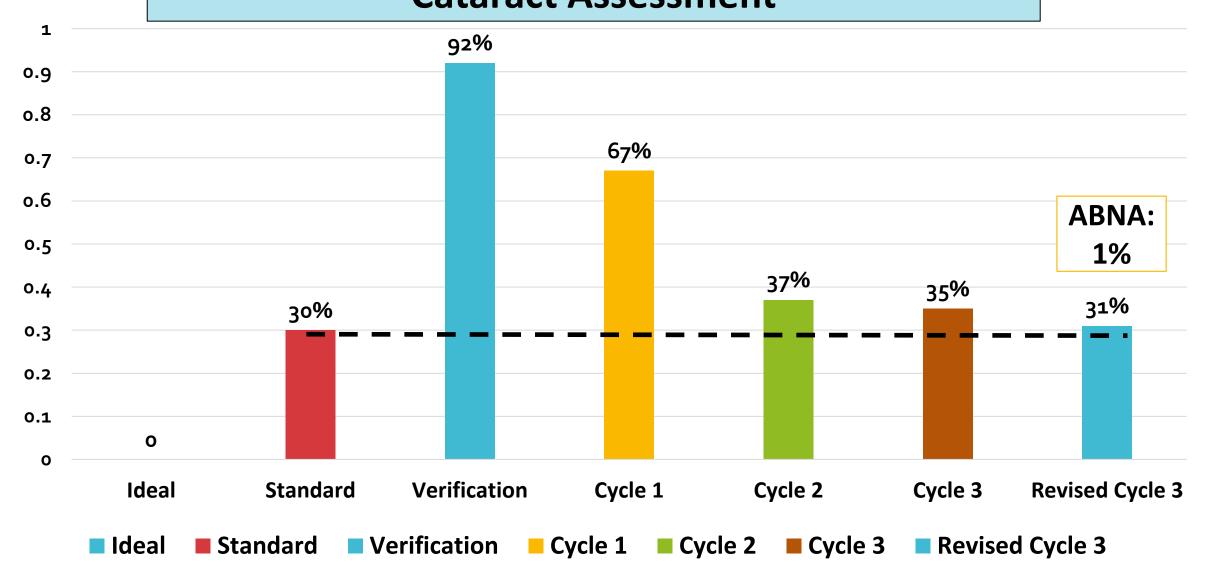


PENDING IOLS TYPE



Percentage of patient with Repeated Preoperative Cataract Assessment



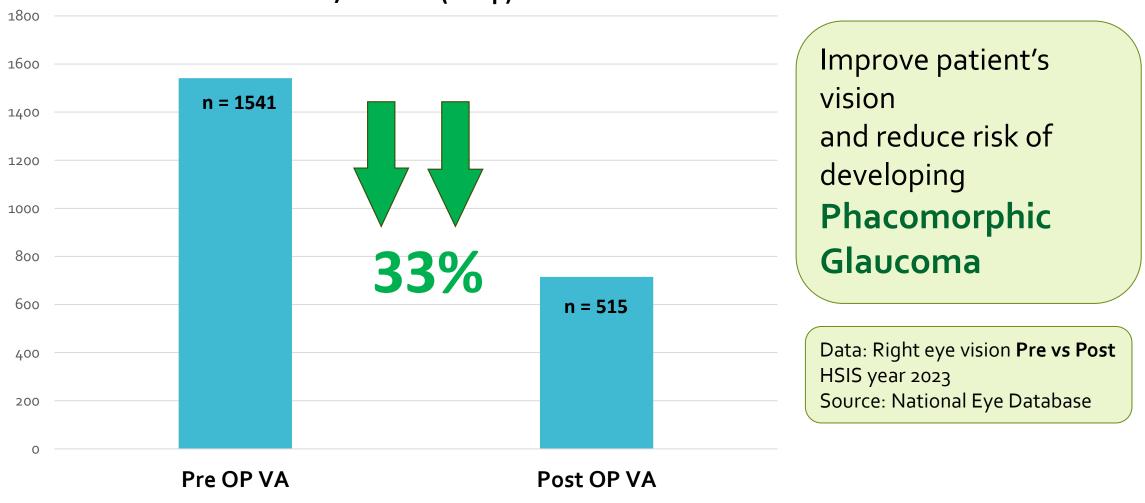


IMPACT OF STUDY



IMPACT OF STUDY: PATIENTS

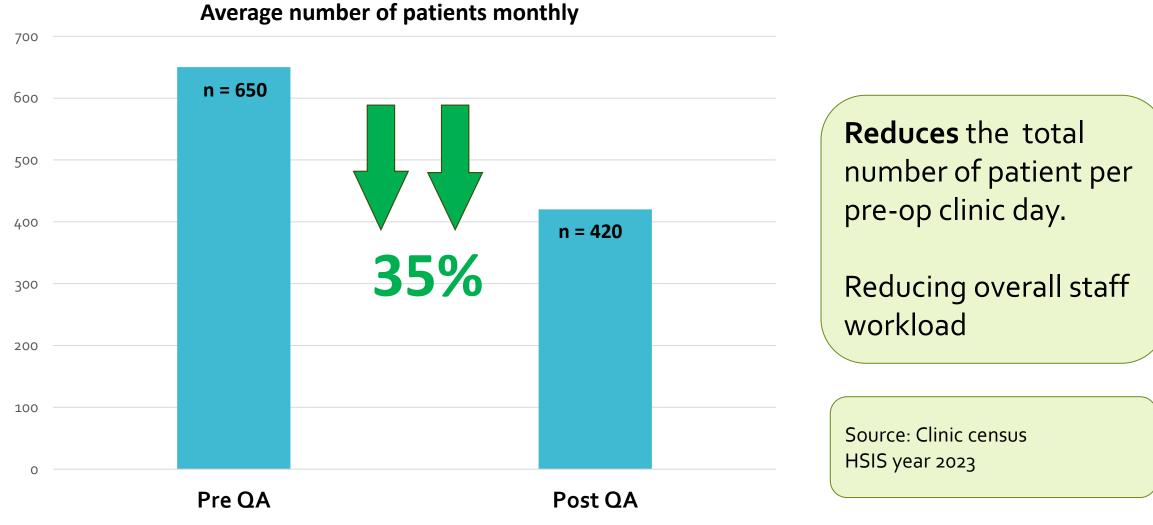




VA: <6/12 on RE (1st op)

IMPACT OF STUDY: PATIENTS

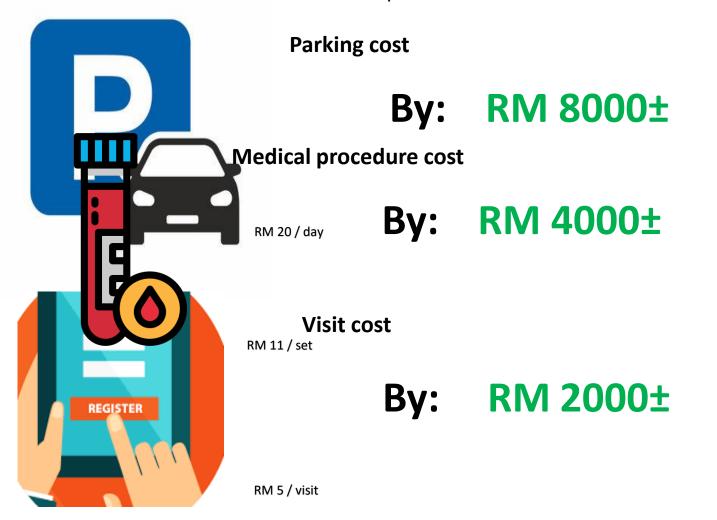




IMPACT OF STUDY: COST

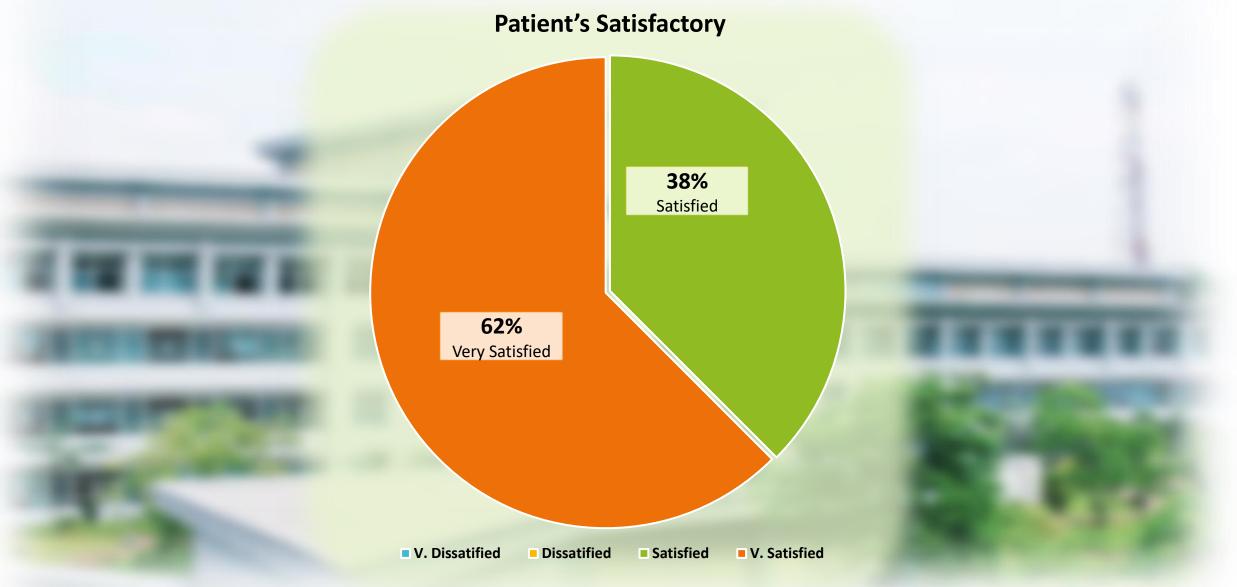


For every patient that **does not** require repeat pre-op visit(cycle 3) n = 428



IMPACT OF STUDY: PATIENTS





IMPACT OF STUDY: STAFF





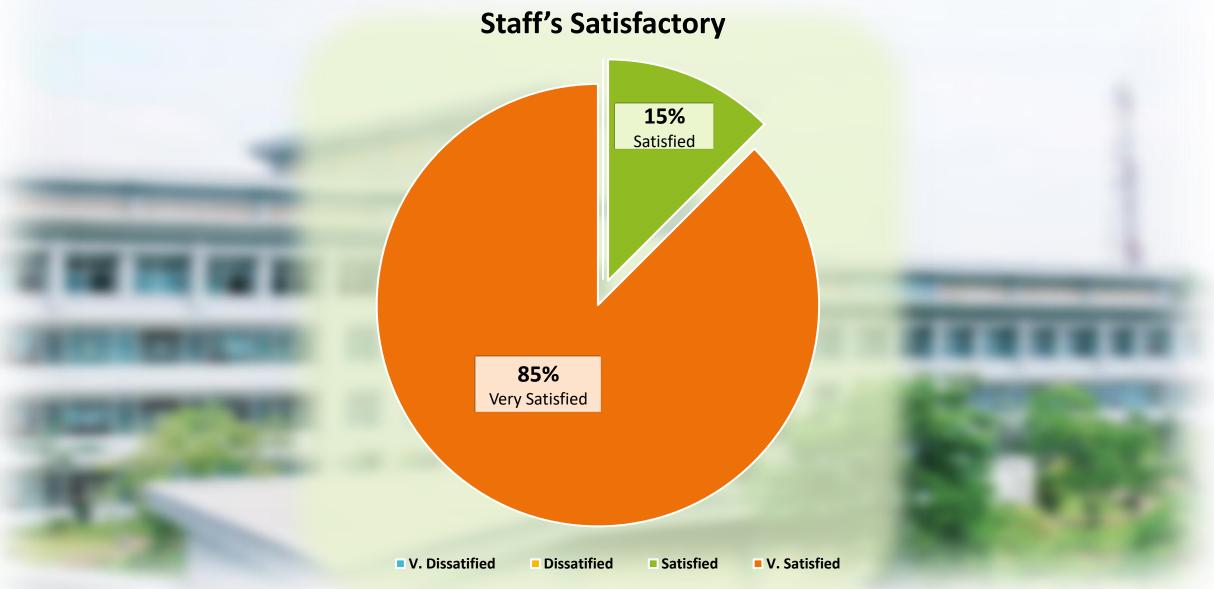
Reducing total number of **referral** to Cardio Dept

Reducing workload and resources

From ~ 600 to ~ 400 number of patients!

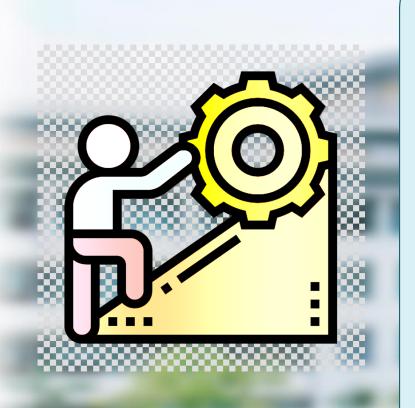
IMPACT OF STUDY: STAFF





CHALLENGES





1. New IOL aid policies

• JPA lens now requiring longer approval time, from 1-2 months to 3-4 months

2. Cataract booklet

- Financial issue : to print the book
- Patient's factors: not bringing / misplaced/ missing during TCA
- 3. Rapid staff turn over rate
- 4. Multidiscipline involvement



LESSON LEARNT

Clearer guidelines and earlier referral helps in improving the overall workflow and benefiting not just the patients but also to our own staff

We have managed to reduce up to 60% of
repeated pre-operative assessment visit
prior to cataract surgery in HSISHaving dedicated staff with shared goal to
also reduce patient burden and also own
staff is the strength during this study

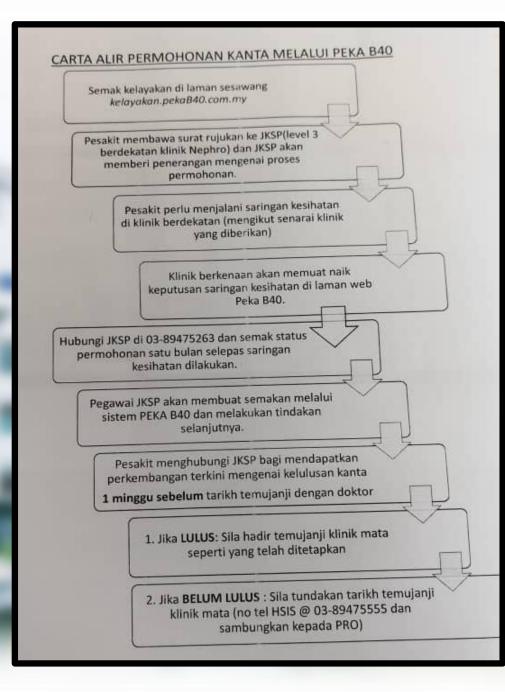
Preparing patient for surgery requires multidiscipline approach that some decision may fall beyond our jurisdiction We would focus more on the training for staff and collaborate earlier steps if we were repeating this study

What's Next?



WHAT'S NEXT

We have **simplified** IOL guideline processes into a single leaflet



WHAT'S NEXT

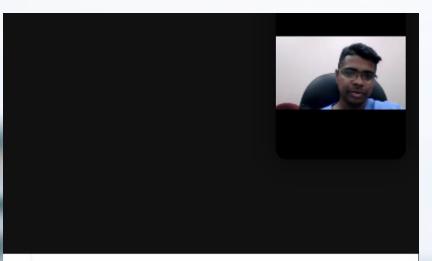


4.8	POSTERIOR SEGMENT Posterior Segment	RE OD 0.4 pink trigoid	
D	ASSESSMENTS Assessments : DIAGNOSIS Diagnosis : A. Patient Require PC Date? :	Bscan retina flat clear vitreous BE cataract Yes	
Pre-	If yes fill the subtab below: 1. Choice of IOL (Intraocular Lens) : PEKA / Welfare 2. Any evidence of Skin infection? No		
che e-Hl	 3. Any evidence of Diabetic Foot Ulcer (DFU) or chronic venous ulcer? 4. Choice of anesthesia? LA 5. Recent Cardiovascular event ≤ 6 month? No 	No	
	6. Recent stroke or TIA (Transient Ischemic Attach) event ≤ 6 month? PLAN Plan :	No PC date LE phaco pciol PEka B40	

SHARING OF KNOWLEDGE







2022 ESC Guidelines on cardiovascular assessment and management of patients undergoing non-cardiac surgery Official ESC Guidelines slide set

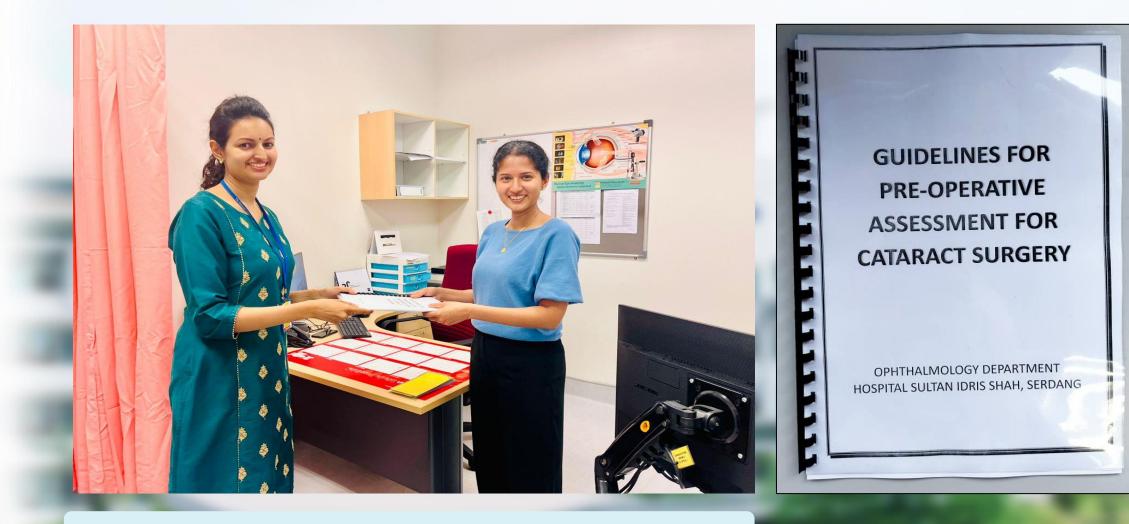


Involved Hospital within Klang Valley

Hospital Serdang
 Hospital Ampang
 Hospital Klang
 Hospital Putrajaya
 Hospital Selayang
 Hospital Shah Alam
 Hospital Sungai Buloh
 PPUM
 PPUKM

SHARING OF GUIDELINE





HSAAS, UPM OPHTHALMOLOGY DEPARTMENT ON 1.2.2024

CONCLUSION



Pre-remedial data showed a 92% of patients require repeated pre-operative assessment visit prior to cataract surgery

The main contributing factors are the ineffectiveness of our process of care and delay in addressing patient's medical or financial issues

Strategies formulate include change of workflow and emphasis of MOGC standard, and collaboration different department for efficient workflow

Post-remedial data show percentage of repeated pre-operative visit reduce to 31% form 92%

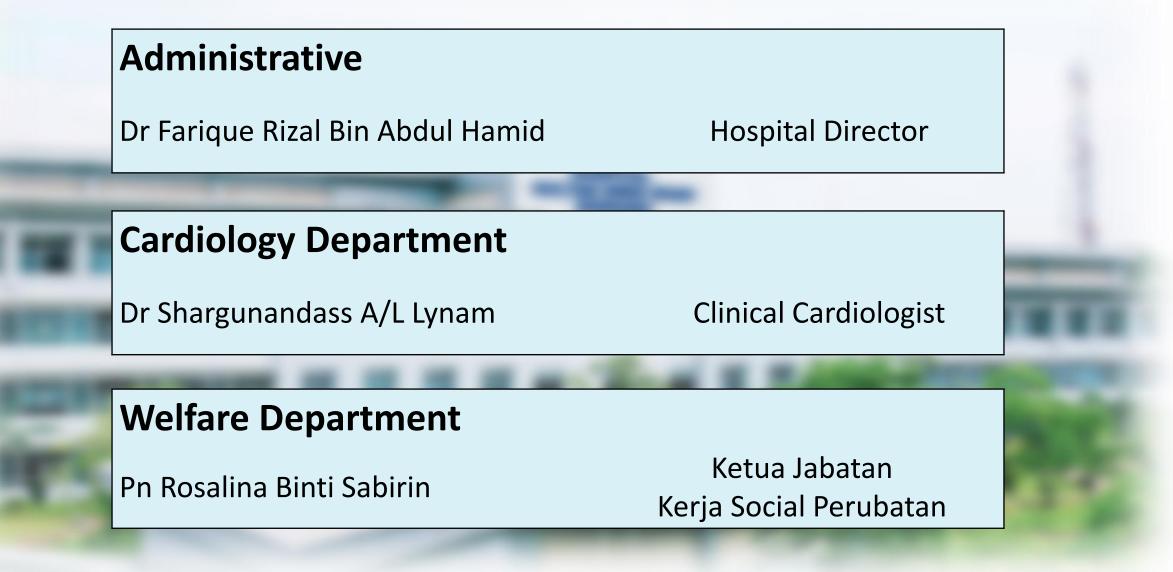
GANTT CHART



Gantt	Time	Jan 2022	Feb 2022	Mac 2022	Apr 2022	May 2022	Jun 2022	July 2022	Aug- Dec 2022	Jan 2023	Feb 2023	Mac 2023	April 2023	May 2023	Jun 2023	July 2023	Aug 2023	Sep 2023	Oct 2023	Nov 2023
ntt chart	Committee establishment																			
	Brainstorming and problem selection																			
	Verification study & problem analysis																			
Planned	Discussion and Remedial action Cycle 1																			
Actual	Re-evaluation Cycle 1																			
	Discussion and Remedial Action Cycle 2																			
	Re-evaluation (Cycle 2)																			
	Discussion & remedial (cycle 3)																			
	Re-evaluation (Cycle 3)																			
	91 Discussion/Sharing session/Presentation																			

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT





REFERENCES



- A Yaakob, MD (USM), M.MED (Ophthal) USM, N Abdullah, MBBS (Malaya), Siti Raihan, MD, M.MED (Ophthal) USM, and LS Ahmad Tajuddin, MBBS (Malaya), MMED (USM), PHD (UK); Lens-induced glaucoma in a tertiary centre in northeast of Malaysia
- 2. Angra SK, Pradhan R, Gary SP. Cataract induced glaucoma—an insight into management. Indian J Ophthalmology 1991; 39: 97–101.
- 3. QA/QI workbook the problem-solving approach, third edition 2020. Abd Jamil A , Izzatul Rahmi MU, Samsiah A, Siti Haniza M, Raja Zarina RS,Normaizira H, Norkhairah B
- Phacomorphic glaucoma is often associated with a population of lower social economical class with inadequate access to medical care¹
- 5. Angra SK, Pradhan R, Gary SP. Cataract induced glaucoma—an insight into management. Indian J Ophthalmology 1991; 39: 97–101.
- 6. The 8th report of the Malaysia National Eye Database 2014 showed increasing number of cataract surgery from 12798 cases in 2002 to 40532 cases in 2014. 75.6% of these patient were found to have systemic co-morbidity

