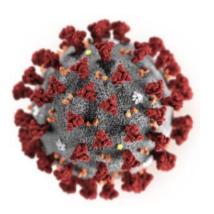
## **QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT**

# Improving Appropriate Outpatient Rehabilitation Management of Moderately Severe COVID-19 Survivors in Hospital Sungai Buloh





## **MULTI-DISCIPLINARY MEMBERS**



Clinical Rehabilitation Medicine, Nursing, Occupational Therapy & Physiotherapy Units.

Dr Akmal Hafizah Zamli, Dr Nur Arisah Misnan, Dr Raiha Hasni Mohd Hanaffi, Dr Pamela Chia Shook Yen, Dr Izuan Effendi Abdul Wahab, Dr Amitha Na Shern Lhung, Dr Fatnin Faqiha Azmi Mahmud, Dr Tan Bee Cher, Dr Dayang Nur Atheerah Kamaruddin, Dr Norfaezah Kamaluddin, Dr Raagini Letchumanan, Dr Muhammad Shafaat So'af, Mr Muhd Zulkifli Adnan, Ms Nur Diana Absar, Ms Zarina Zakaria.

## SELECTION OF OPPORTUNITY FOR IMPROVEMENT

## PROBLEM IDENTIFICATION & LIST OF OPPORTUNITY FOR IMPROVEMENT

No	Problem
1.	Delayed fitting of spinal orthosis in patients with Idiopathic Adolescent Scoliosis (AIS) in Rehabilitation Clinic.
2.	Poor healing of plantar diabetic foot ulcer in ambulatory patients under Rehabilitation Clinic follow up.
3.	Incomplete lower extremity prosthesis prescriptions, fitting and check-out for amputee patients at Rehabilitation Clinic.
4.	Low percentage of appropriate outpatient rehabilitation management of moderately severe COVID-19 survivors in Hospital Sungai Buloh

## PROBLEM PRIORITIZATION - SMART CRITERIA

No	Problem	S	M	Α	R	Т	Total
1.	Delayed fitting of spinal orthosis in patients with Idiopathic Adolescent Scoliosis (AIS) in Rehabilitation Clinic.	40	41	45	32	43	201
2.	Poor healing of plantar diabetic foot ulcer in ambulatory patients under Rehabilitation Clinic follow up.	45	37	45	26	31	184
3.	Incomplete lower extremity prosthesis prescriptions, fitting and check-out for amputee patients at Rehabilitation Clinic.	30	45	45	38	37	195
4.	Low percentage of appropriate outpatient rehabilitation management of moderately severe COVID-19 survivors in Hospital Sungai Buloh	45	45	45	38	37	210

Weightage: 1 = Low; 2= Medium; 3= High; No of group members = 15; Technique = Group voting

## PROBLEM VERIFICATION

No	Problem	Verification
1.	Delayed fitting of spinal orthosis in patients with Idiopathic Adolescent Scoliosis (AIS) in Rehabilitation Clinic.	
2.	-	53.5% of patients with diabetic plantar wound healing has not achieved target wound healing following 12 weeks of management.
3.	•	41.2% of amputee patients completed lower extremity prosthesis prescriptions, casting, fitting and check-out within 6 months.
4.		<b>16.3%</b> of moderately severe COVID-19 survivors were provided with appropriate outpatient rehabilitation management.

## RATIONALE FOR SELECTION OF PROBLEM

Seriousness Verification study involving referral of moderately severe COVID-19 survivors from July to December 2020 (n=165), showed only 16.3% provided with appropriate outpatient rehabilitation were management. This has affected their recovery process leading to 67.5% survivors continued to experience persistent symptoms beyond 12 weeks duration known as Post COVID-19 Condition (Long COVID).

Figure 1: Outpatient Rehabilitation Referral

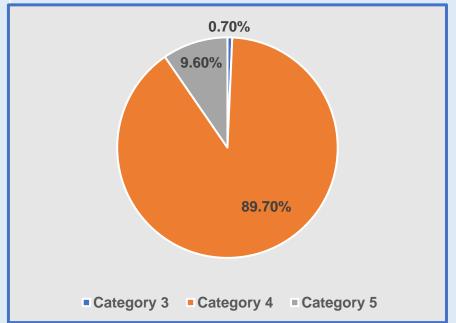
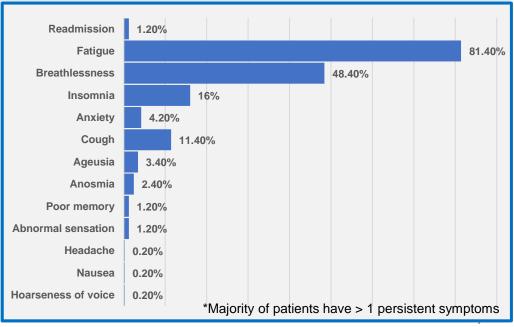


Figure 2: Spectrum of Persistent Symptoms



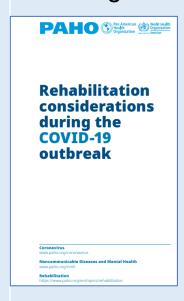
## RATIONALE FOR SELECTION OF PROBLEM

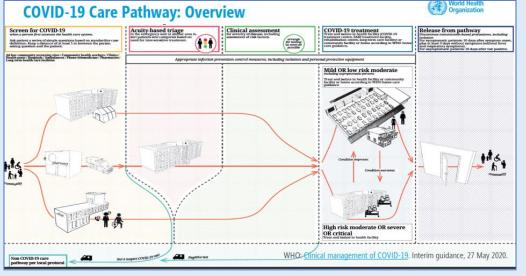
#### Measurable

Data can be extracted from COVID-19 referral and e-His clinical entry documentation.

#### **Appropriateness**

The WHO has regarded rehabilitation as an important component required for moderately severe COVID-19 survivors. Countries around the globe were urged to prioritize rehabilitation for management of medium and long-term consequences of COVID-19.







#### Remediable

Appropriate outpatient rehabilitation management can be provided with structure and process related interventions.

#### **Timeliness**

The project can be completed within the stipulated time frame.

## TERMS & DEFINITION: 1.MODERATELY SEVERE COVID-19 SURVIVORS

"Patients diagnosed with Category 4 & 5 infection based on the MOH Malaysia Clinical Staging of COVID-19 who survived the acute infection and discharged".



Table 1	Clinical	Staging of	of COVID-19
I dolc 1	. Cilillicai	Juan 11	OI COVID-13

Clinical Stage	Disease Severity
1	Asymptomatic
2	Symptomatic, No Pneumonia
3	Symptomatic, Pneumonia
4	Symptomatic, Pneumonia, Requiring supplemental oxygen*
5	Critically ill with or without other organ failures

\*In patients who present with hypoxia, it is important to determine if the cause is due to COVID-19 pneumonia or other causes (e.g. bronchial asthma, fluid overload and heart failure). Hypoxia does not necessarily categorise the patients as category 4.

## TERMS & DEFINITION: 2. REHABILITATION



"A set of interventions designed to optimize functioning and reduce disability in individuals with health conditions in interaction with their environment"

- WHO 26 Oct 2020



## TERMS & DEFINITION: 3. POST COVID-19 CONDITION (LONG COVID)

Post COVID-19 Condition (PCC) occurs in individuals with a history of probable or confirmed SARS-CoV-2 infection, usually 3 months from the onset of COVID-19 with symptoms that last for at least 2 months, that cannot be explained by an alternative diagnosis. Common symptoms include fatigue, shortness of breath, cognitive dysfunction but also others which generally have an impact on everyday functioning. Symptoms may be new onset following initial recovery from an acute COVID-19 episode or persist from the initial illness. Symptoms may also fluctuate or relapse over time.

A separate definition may be applicable for children.

## **TERMS & DEFINITION:**

### 4. APPROPRIATE OUTPATIENT REHABILITATION MANAGEMENT

COVID-19: interim guidance on rehabilitation in the hospital and post-hospital phase from a European Respiratory Society- and American Thoracic Society-coordinated international task force

Martijn A. Spruit (10,1,2,3,4) Anne E. Holland 5,6,7, Sally J. Singh 8,9,10 n<sup>12</sup> and Thierry Troosters 13,14 Thomy Tonia 11, Kevin

Background: Patients with conavirus d need for rehabilitation during Healthcare professionals cannot wait for published randomised cont rehabilitative interventions in daily clinical practice, as the number of post-COVID-19 patients increases rapidly. The Convergence of Opinion on Recommendations and Evidence process was used to make interim recommendations for rehabilitation in the hospital and post-hospi puses in COVID-19 and post-COVID-19 patients, respectively.

Methods: 93 experts were asked to fill out 13 multiple-choice questions. As tabulated for each question. ≥70% agreement on directionality was necessary to Results: 76 (82%) experts reached consensus on all questions based upon indirect evidence and clinical experience on the need for early rehabilitation during the hospital admission, the screening for treatable traits with rehabilitation in all patients at discharge and 6-8 weeks after discharge, and around the content of rehabilitation for these patients. It advocates for assessment of oxygen needs at discharge and more comprehensive assessment of rehabilitation needs, including physical as well as mental aspects 6-8 weeks after discharge. Based on the deficits identified, multidisciplinary rehabilitation should be offered with attention on skeletal muscle and functional as well as mental restoration.

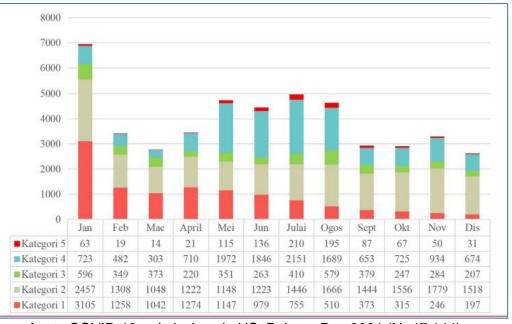
Conclusions: This multinational task force recommends early, bedside rehabilitation for patients affected by severe COVID-19. The model of pulmonary rehabilitation may suit as a framework, particularly in a subset of patients with long-term respiratory consequences.

Reference: Spruit MA, Holland AE, Singh SJ, et al. COVID-19: interim guidance on rehabilitation in the hospital and post-hospital phase from a European Respiratory Society- and American Thoracic Society-coordinated international task force. Eur Respir J 2020; 56: 2002197 [https://doi.org/10.1183/13993003.02197-2020].

- ✓ Screening for post COVID-19 symptoms.
- ✓ Perform physical evaluation using standardised outcome measure.
- ✓ Perform cognitive evaluation using standardised outcome measure.
- Perform psychological evaluation using standardised outcome neasure
- ✓ Perform functional evaluation using
- Assess O<sub>2</sub> requirement at rest and on exertion.
- ✓ Provide patient education and resources.
- ✓ Provide personalised exercise / therapy regime.
- √ Symptomatic treatment, investigation and referral as indicated

## **BACKGROUND**

- COVID-19 is a highly contagious disease that may potentially result in catastrophic health outcomes.
- In Malaysia, > 5 million infections and > 37 thousand mortalities have since been reported.
- Being the primary COVID-19 hospital on 10/3/2020 until it status changed to hybrid on 22/4/2022; HSgB has recorded > 92,874 acute admissions.
- Of these; 6,761 has been referred for outpatient rehabilitation management.



Acute COVID-19 admissions in HSgB Jan – Dec 2021 (N=47,144)



Outpatient COVID-19 rehabilitation referral Jan – Dec 2021 (N=6,498)

## LITERATURE REVIEW

- Female
- Hospitalization
- Length of hospitalization
- Requires mechanical ventilation
- Multiple co-morbidities
- Chronic lung disease
- Obesity

Hill et al. BMC Public Health (2023) 23:2103 https://doi.org/10.1186/s12889-023-16916-w

**BMC Public Health** 

#### **RESEARCH ARTICLE**

#### **Open Access**

## Risk factors associated with post-acute sequelae of SARS-CoV-2: an N3C and NIH RECOVER study



Elaine L. Hill<sup>1\*</sup>, Hemalkumar B. Mehta<sup>2\*</sup>, Suchetha Sharma<sup>3</sup>, Klint Mane<sup>4</sup>, Sharad Kumar Singh<sup>5</sup>, Catherine Xie<sup>6</sup>, Emily Cathey<sup>7</sup>, Johanna Loomba<sup>7</sup>, Seth Russell<sup>8</sup>, Heidi Spratt<sup>9</sup>, Peter E. DeWitt<sup>8</sup>, Nariman Ammar<sup>10</sup>, Charisse Madlock-Brown<sup>11</sup>, Donald Brown<sup>12</sup>, Julie A. McMurry<sup>13</sup>, Christopher G. Chute<sup>14</sup>, Melissa A. Haendel<sup>15</sup>, Richard Moffitt<sup>16</sup>, Emily R. Pfaff<sup>17</sup>, Tellen D. Bennett<sup>18</sup>, on behalf of the N3C Consortium and and the RECOVER Consortium

#### Abstract

**Background** More than one-third of individuals experience post-acute sequelae of SARS-CoV-2 infection (PASC, which includes long-COVID). The objective is to identify risk factors associated with PASC/long-COVID diagnosis.

**Methods** This was a retrospective case–control study including 31 health systems in the United States from the National COVID Cohort Collaborative (N3C). 8,325 individuals with PASC (defined by the presence of the International Classification of Diseases, version 10 code U09.9 or a long-COVID clinic visit) matched to 41,625 controls within the same health system and COVID index date within ±45 days of the corresponding case's earliest COVID index date. Measurements of risk factors included demographics, comorbidities, treatment and acute characteristics related to COVID-19. Multivariable logistic regression, random forest, and XGBoost were used to determine the associations between risk factors and PASC.

Results Among 8,325 individuals with PASC, the majority were > 50 years of age (56.6%), female (62.8%), and non-Hispanic White (68.6%). In logistic regression, middle-age categories (40 to 69 years; OR ranging from 2.32 to 2.58), female sex (OR 1.4, 95% CI 1.33–1.48), hospitalization associated with COVID-19 (OR 3.8, 95% CI 3.05–4.73), long (8–30 days, OR 1.69, 95% CI 1.31–2.17) or extended hospital stay (30 + days, OR 3.38, 95% CI 2.45–4.67), receipt of mechanical ventilation (OR 1.44, 95% CI 1.18–1.74), and several comorbidities including depression (OR 1.50, 95% CI 1.40–1.60), chronic lung disease (OR 1.63, 95% CI 1.53–1.74), and obesity (OR 1.23, 95% CI 1.16–1.3) were associated with increased likelihood of PASC diagnosis or care at a long-COVID clinic. Characteristics associated with a lower likelihood of PASC diagnosis or care at a long-COVID clinic included younger age (18 to 29 years), male sex, non-Hispanic Black race, and comorbidities such as substance abuse, cardiomyopathy, psychosis, and dementia. More doctors per capita in the county of residence was associated with an increased likelihood of PASC diagnosis or care

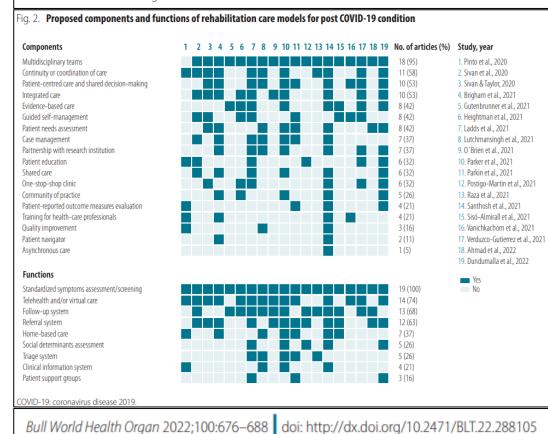
## LITERATURE REVIEW

- There is currently no known cure for Long COVID.
- Management relies on general advice, supported selfmanagement and multidisciplinary rehabilitation.

WHO's Post COVID-19 Condition Rehabilitation Care Model, 2022

#### Scoping review of rehabilitation care models for post COVID-19 condition

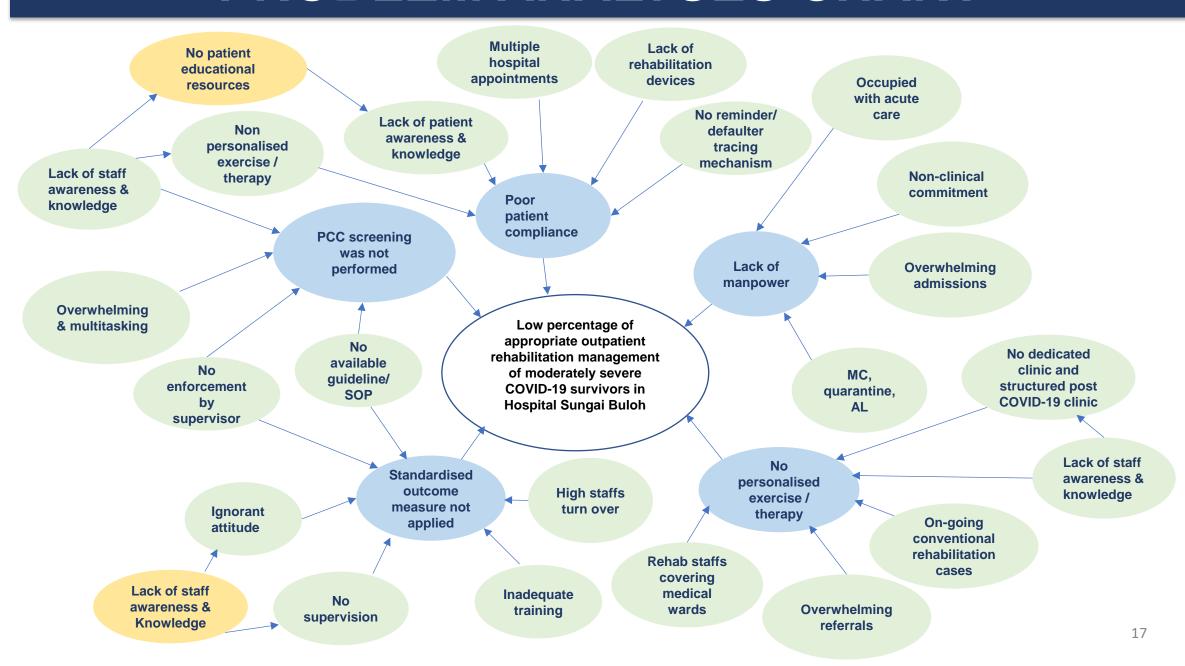
Simon Décary, a Wouter De Groote, b Chiara Arienti, c Carlotte Kiekens, d Paolo Boldrini, e Stefano Giuseppe Lazzarini, Michèle Dugas, Théo Stefan, Léa Langlois, Frédérique Daigle, Florian Naye, Annie LeBlanc<sup>f</sup> & Stefano Negrini<sup>g</sup>



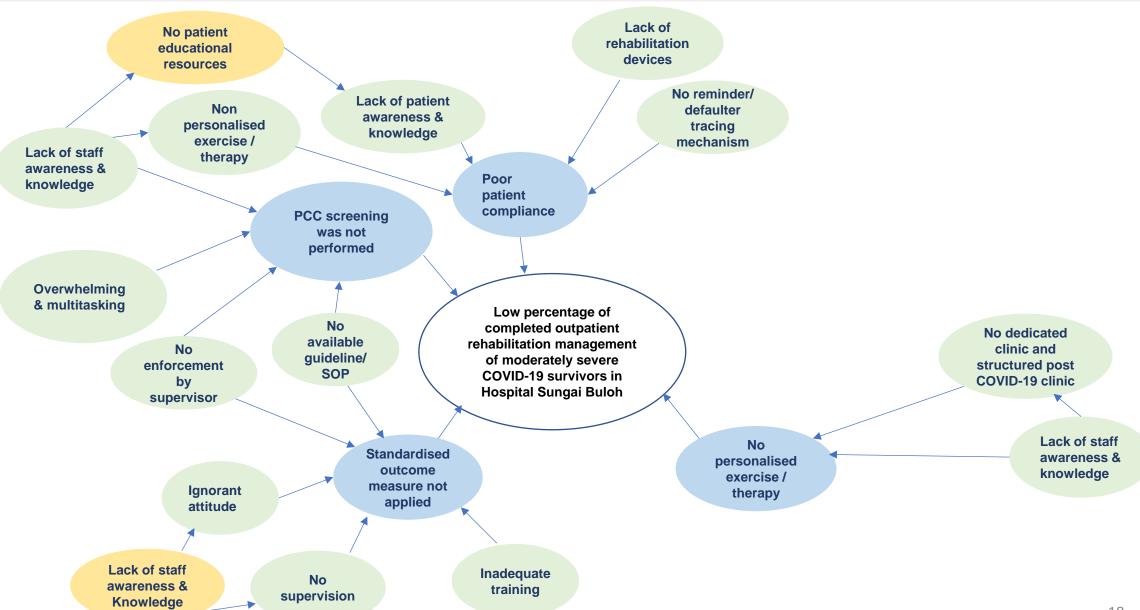
## 5W + 1H PROBLEM ANALYSIS

WHAT	Low percentage of appropriate outpatient rehabilitation management of moderately severe COVID-19 survivors in Hospital Sungai Buloh
WHO	Patient, caregivers, rehabilitation specialist, medical officers, rehabilitation nurses, physiotherapist, occupational therapist
WHERE	Rehabilitation Medicine Clinic / Department
WHEN	Since 2020 till now
WHY	Multiple factors contributed to the problem
HOW	Moderately severe COVID-19 survivors in Hospital Sungai Buloh were not provided with appropriate outpatient rehabilitation management that fulfil all the required criteria.

## PROBLEM ANALYSES CHART



## PROBLEM ANALYSES CHART



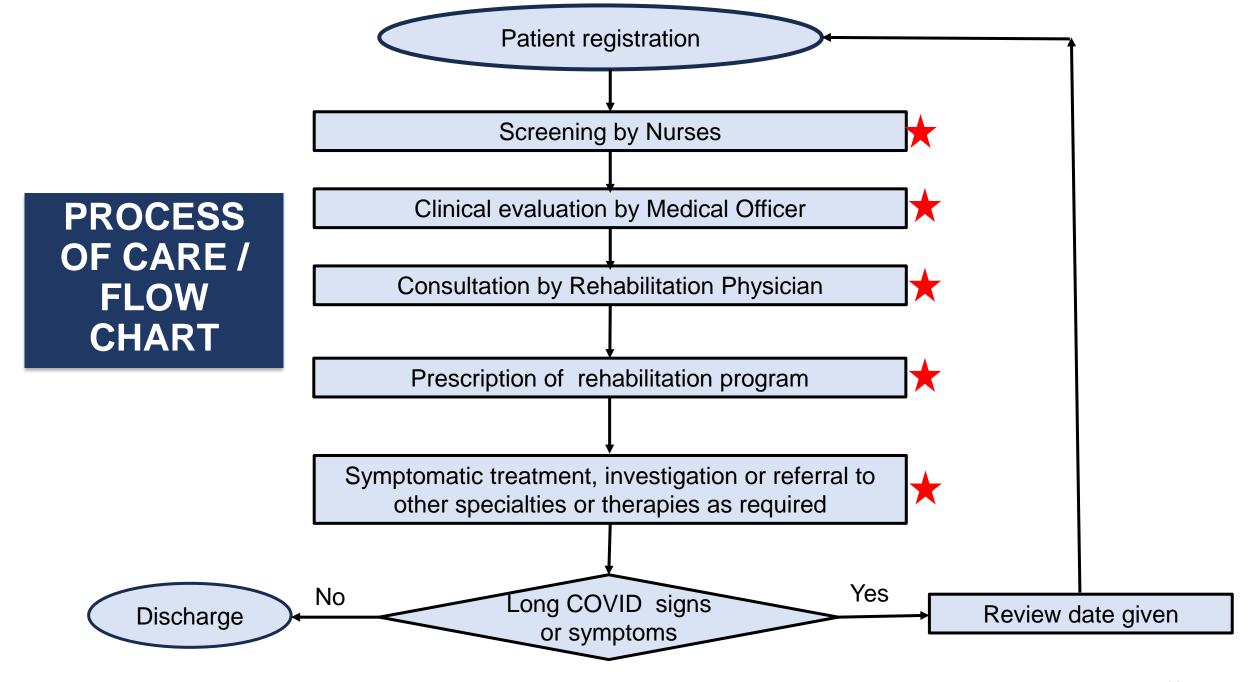
### PROBLEM STATEMENT

A verification survey conducted from July – December 2020 (N=165) among patients with moderately severe COVID-19 showed only **16.3% were provided with appropriate outpatient rehabilitation management**.

This has affected patients' recovery process which predispose to the risk of Long COVID or Post COVID-19 Condition (PCC) consequences.

Multiple factors including lack of awareness, knowledge and practice of staffs; no educational resources; non availability of coordinated and structured services.

This study aims to **improve appropriate outpatient rehabilitation management of moderately severe COVID-19 survivors** in Hospital Sungai Buloh.



### REFERENCES FOR DEVELOPING MOGC

#### Consensus statement

#### The Stanford Hall consensus statement for post-COVID-19 rehabilitation

Robert M Barker-Davies , 1,2 Oliver O'Sullivan , 1,3 Kahawalage Pumi Prathima Senaratne 0, 4,5 Polly Baker, 1,6 Mark Cranley, 4 Shreshth Dharm-Datta, Henrietta Ellis, Duncan Goodall, And Michael Gough, Sarah Lewis, 4 Jonathan Norman, 4 Theodora Papadopoulou, 4,8 David Roscoe, 2,4 Daniel Sherwood, 4 Philippa Turner, 4,9 Tammy Walker, 4 Alan Mistlin, 4 Rhodri Phillip, 4 Alastair M Nicol, 4,10 Alexander N Bennett, 1,11 Sardar Bahadur<sup>4</sup>

 Additional material is published online only. To view please visit the journal online

For numbered affiliations see

Correspondence to Dr Oliver O'Sullivan, Defence Medical Rehabilitation Centre (DMRC) Stanford Hall. The Stanford Hall Rehabilitation Estate, Stanford on Soar, Loughborough, Nottingham, LE12 5QW, UK; oliver.o'sullivan@nhs.net

Accepted 5 May 2020 Published Online First 31 May 2020

respiratory droplets and close personal contact, of which there have been two global epidemics in the last 20 years, SARS in 2003, caused by SARS-CoV-1 and Middle Eastern respiratory syndrome (MERS) in 2012, caused by MERS-CoV, SARS-CoV-2 causes COVID-19, which has a predilection for the lungs, and can result in a severe pneumonia, inducing serous fluid, fibrin exudates and hyaline membrane formation in the alveoli, associated with intensiv care unit (ICU) admission and high mortality.3 The complications include those meeting diagnostic criteria for acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS), anaemia, cardiac injury and secondary infection.3 SARS-CoV-2, like SARS-CoV-1, enters human cells via the same receptor, angiotensin-

converting enzyme 2 (ACE2).2 COVID-19 is a highly infectious respirator disease and as a result, the COVID-19 pandemic has profoundly impacted the UK population resulting in strict measures to curtail spread of infection. This zoonotic disease was unknown in humans and most research has concentrated on the acute phase to reduce mortality. Acute treatment is largely symptomatic and supportive depending on the severity of infection. As of April 2020, there was no specific treatment or vaccination available. The disease is currently predicted to result in significant morbidity for 3-6 months (intermediate phase) with pressure on routine medical and rehabilitation services for 12 months and beyond (chronic phase).

The illness severity pattern so far observed is as

- Asymptomatic infected patients.
- Symptomatic patients isolating at home.
- Symptomatic patients admitted to hospital
- 4. Symptomatic patients requiring ventilatory support in critical care.

COVID-19 is a multisystem disease, which in certain cases will require full multidisciplinary team (MDT) rehabilitation to enable recovery. Whenever possible rehabilitation should commence in the critical care setting. The National Institute for virus (CoV), severe acute respiratory syndrome Health and Care Excellence (NICE) recommends (SARS)-CoV-2, emerged, causing a global pandemic progressive rehabilitation programmes are bes with millions of cases worldwide. CoVs are large initiated within the first 30 days (postacute phase) enveloped non-segmented positive sense RNA to have greatest impact on recovery.4 The sequelae viruses causing enteric and respiratory disease in in those who survive this illness will potentially nimals and humans.<sup>2</sup> SARS-CoV-2 belongs to dominate medical practice for years and rehabilita the CoV β-species, mainly transmitted through tion medicine should be at the forefront of guiding

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To cite: Barker-Davies RM, O'Sullivan O, Senaratne KPP, 2020;54:949-959.

The highly infectious and pathogenic novel coronavirus

(CoV), severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS)-CoV-2.

COVID-19 predominantly affects the respiratory system,

frequently severe and often results in death. Long-term

has emerged causing a global pandemic. Although

evidence indicates a multisystem disease which is

equelae of COVID-19 are unknown, but evidence

from previous CoV outbreaks demonstrates impaired

pulmonary and physical function, reduced quality of life

and emotional distress Many COVID-19 survivors who

require critical care may develop psychological physical

and cognitive impairments. There is a clear need for

guidance on the rehabilitation of COVID-19 survivors.

This consensus statement was developed by an expert

panel in the fields of rehabilitation, sport and exercise

medicine (SEM), rheumatology, psychiatry, general

practice, psychology and specialist pain, working at

the Defence Medical Rehabilitation Centre, Stanford

following domains relating to COVID-19 rehabilitation

requirements: pulmonary, cardiac, SEM, psychological,

medical. A chair combined recommendations generated

consensus statement in accordance with the appraisal of

ecommendations with levels of evidence. Authors scored

guidelines research and evaluation criteria, grading all

their level of agreement with each recommendation

7.5-10) was reached for 36 recommendations following

overarching framework assimilating evidence and likely

requirements of multidisciplinary rehabilitation post

individuals, including military personnel and athletes.

COVID-19 illness, for a target population of active

on a scale of 0-10. Substantial agreement (range

a chaired agreement meeting that was attended by all authors. This consensus statement provides an

Hall, UK. Seven teams appraised evidence for the

musculoskeletal, neurorehabilitation and general

within teams. A writing committee prepared the

In late 2019 a highly pathogenic novel corona-

Barker-Davies RM. et al. Br J Sports Med 2020;54:949-959. doi:10.1136/bisports-2020-102596



#### COVID-19: interim guidance on rehabilitation in the hospital and post-hospital phase from a European Respiratory Society- and American Thoracic Society-coordinated international task force

Martijn A. Spruit <sup>1,2,3,4</sup>, Anne E. Holland <sup>5,6,7</sup>, Sally J. Singh <sup>8,9,10</sup>, Thomy Tonia <sup>1,4</sup>, Kevin C. Wilson <sup>1,2</sup> and Thierry Troosters <sup>1,3,14</sup>

Background: Patients with coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) or post-COVID-19 will probably have a need for rehabilitation during and directly after the hospitalisation. Data on safety and efficacy are lacking. Healthcare professionals cannot wait for published randomised controlled trials before they can start these rehabilitative interventions in daily clinical practice, as the number of post-COVID-19 patients increases rapidly. The Convergence of Opinion on Recommendations and Evidence process was used to make interim recommendations for rehabilitation in the hospital and post-hospital phases in COVID-19 and post-COVID-19 patients, respectively.

Methods: 93 experts were asked to fill out 13 multiple-choice questions. Agreement of directionality was tabulated for each question, ≥70% agreement on directionality was necessary to make consensus suggestions. Results: 76 (82%) experts reached consensus on all questions based upon indirect evidence and clinical experience on the need for early rehabilitation during the hospital admission, the screening for treatable traits with rehabilitation in all patients at discharge and 6-8 weeks after discharge, and around the content of rehabilitation for these patients. It advocates for assessment of oxygen needs at discharge and more comprehensive assessment of rehabilitation needs, including physical as well as mental aspects 6-8 weeks after discharge. Based on the deficits identified, multidisciplinary rehabilitation should be offered with attention on skeletal muscle and functional as well as mental restoration.

Conclusions: This multinational task force recommends early, bedside rehabilitation for patients affected by severe COVID-19. The model of pulmonary rehabilitation may suit as a framework, particularly in a subset of patients with long-term respiratory consequences.

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#### Rehabilitation in the wake of Covid-19 -A phoenix from the ashes

#### British Society of Rehabilitation Medicine (BSRM)

#### Prepared on behalf of the BSRM by:

**Dr Margaret Phillips** 

**Prof Lynne Turner-Stokes** 

**Prof Derick Wade** 

Dr Krystyna Walton

The document has been reviewed by members of the following BSRM committees:

- The Executive Committee
- The Research and Clinical Standards sub-committee

This is a working document that will be reviewed and revised if necessary, as further evidence and information becomes available and as the Covid-19 situation develops.

The focus of the document is on adults aged 16 and over, but it is anticipated that an appendix focusing on the particular needs of children will be added.

#### Issue 1

27.4.2020

British Society of Rehabilitation Medicine | Registered charity number 293196

## MODEL OF GOOD CARE

No	Critical Steps	Criteria	Standard
1.	Screening by nurses	<ul> <li>Vital signs screening including BP, HR, RR, Temp, Pain Score</li> </ul>	100%
		<ul> <li>Body Mass Index (BMI)</li> </ul>	100%
		<ul> <li>Screening for PCC symptoms</li> </ul>	100%
2.	Clinical examination by medical	History taking and clinical examination	100%
	officer	<ul> <li>Apply standardised outcome measure for physical function.</li> </ul>	100%
		<ul> <li>Apply standardised outcome measure for cognitive function.</li> </ul>	100%
		<ul> <li>Apply standardised outcome measure for psychological function</li> </ul>	100%
		<ul> <li>Evaluate the effect of PCC on function</li> </ul>	100%
		<ul> <li>Assessment of O<sub>2</sub> saturation at rest and during exertion</li> </ul>	100%
3.	Consultation by Rehabilitation	<ul> <li>Review of PCC symptoms screening</li> </ul>	100%
	Physician	<ul> <li>Review of physical, cognitive &amp; functional measure</li> </ul>	100%
		<ul> <li>Order for investigations as indicated</li> </ul>	100%
		<ul> <li>Prescribe symptomatic treatment as indicated</li> </ul>	100%
4.	Prescription of rehabilitation	<ul> <li>Provide patient education</li> </ul>	100%
	program	<ul> <li>Provide educational resources for PCC</li> </ul>	100%
		<ul> <li>Provide personalised exercise / therapy</li> </ul>	100%
5.	Referral to other specialties or therapies as required	<ul> <li>Refer patient to other medical specialities or therapies as required</li> </ul>	100%

## KEY MEASURES FOR IMPROVEMENT

## STUDY OBJECTIVES

### **General Objective:**

 To increase the percentage of appropriate outpatient rehabilitation management provided for moderately severe COVID-19 survivors in Hospital Sungai Buloh.

### **Specific Objectives:**

- To determine the existence and magnitude of inappropriate outpatient rehabilitation management provided for moderately severe COVID-19 survivors.
- To identify the contributing factors for the problem.
- To formulate and implement remedial measures.
- To evaluate and re-evaluate the effectiveness of remedial measures.

## **INDICATOR & STANDARD**

#### Indicator:

Percentage of moderately severe COVID-19 survivors provided with appropriate outpatient rehabilitation management.

#### **Numerator:**

 Number of moderately severe COVID-19 survivors provided with appropriate outpatient rehabilitation management.

#### **Denominator**

 Number of moderately severe COVID-19 survivors referred for outpatient rehabilitation management.

#### Formula:

Number of moderately severe COVID-19 survivors provided with appropriate outpatient rehabilitation management

X 100%

Number of moderately severe COVID-19 survivors referred for outpatient rehabilitation management.

#### **Standard:**

**80%**\*

<sup>\*</sup>Spruit MA, Holland AE, Singh SJ, Tonia T, Wilson KC, Troosters T. COVID-19: Interim Guidance on Rehabilitation in the Hospital and Post-Hospital Phase from a European Respiratory Society and American Thoracic Society-coordinated International Task Force. Eur Respir J. 2020 Aug 13;56(6):2002197. doi: 10.1183/13993003.02197-2020.

# PROCESS FOR GATHERING INFORMATION

## STUDY METHODOLOGY

Study Design	QA / QI Study - retrospective and prospective cross sectional, quasi experimental, time series study design
Study sampling	Convenience sampling method
Sample size	N = 165
Study analysis	Microsoft Excel
Study period	Verification study: July - Dec 2020, Remedial Measures: Jan - June 2021 Cycle 1 study: July - Dec 2021, Remedial Measures: Jan - June 2022 Cycle 2 study: July - Dec 2022, Remedial Measures: Jan - June 2023 Cycle 3 study: July - Dec 2023, Remedial Measures: Jan - June 2024
Inclusion criteria	<ul> <li>Malaysian citizen</li> <li>Age &gt; 12 years old</li> <li>Laboratory confirmed COVID-19</li> <li>Referred for outpatient rehabilitation management</li> </ul>
Exclusion criteria	<ul> <li>Prisoners</li> <li>Pre-existing severe disability eg prolonged bed ridden, severe stroke or tetraplegia</li> <li>Clinically unstable to undergo rehabilitation physical evaluation and intervention</li> </ul>

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Problem	<ul> <li>Low percentage of appropriate outpatient rehabilitation management for moderately severe COVID-19 survivors.</li> </ul>
Indicator	<ul> <li>Percentage of moderately severe COVID-19 survivors provided with appropriate outpatient rehabilitation management.</li> </ul>
Numerator	Number of moderately severe COVID-19 survivors provided with appropriate rehabilitation management.
Denominator	<ul> <li>Number of moderately severe COVID-19 survivors referred for outpatient rehabilitation management.</li> </ul>
Standard	<ul> <li>80% adapted from international literatures.</li> </ul>
Variables collected	<ul> <li>Number of moderately severe COVID-19 survivors provided with appropriate outpatient rehabilitation management.</li> <li>Number of moderately severe COVID-19 survivors referred for outpatient rehabilitation management.</li> </ul>
Data collection tool	<ul> <li>Electronic Total Hospital Information System (e-THIS) medical record documentation</li> <li>Microsoft excel data sheet proforma</li> <li>Audit checklist form</li> </ul>

## PHASE 2: DETERMINING CONTRIBUTING FACTORS

Problem	Low percentage of comp moderately severe COVID-1	leted outpatient rehabilitati 9 survivors.	on management of
Factors identified	Poor staff awareness and knowledge	Poor staff practices	No available COVID- 19 educational resources / SOP
Variables collected	Level of knowledge on comprehensive evaluation of patients	Practice on comprehensive evaluation of patients	Identify available educational resources / SOP
	Level of knowledge on objective outcome measures	Practice on administration of objective outcome measures	Adherence to administration of outcome measures
	Level of knowledge on prescribing exercise / activity regime	Practice on prescribing exercise/activity regime	Adherence to prescribing exercise/activity regime details
Data collection tool	Interview/ focus group discussion	Observation & audit checklist form	Observation & audit checklist form 29

## DATA COLLECTION PROFORMA – EXCELL SHEET

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g teleconsultati	ion, if patient pas	sed away please input as	'deceased - v	with the	date & cause o	f death'. If	readmission,	please input a	s 'readmissio	n to which hospital-	with the date 8	cause o	f readmission'. Thank yo	ou.
AZW			SB010	09343	1	50	0	7 1110	PF+11	4B	019391		3/11/2020	4/12/2020
FAD			SB0	857	1	43	0	77	05	5	01	825	14/11/2020	18/12/2020
MOH		D YUNUS	SB0	367	1	43	0	77	55	4A	01	7286	17/11/2020	18/12/2020
NOC		R	SB0	2934	1	77	0	44	55	4A	017	0324	19/11/2020	18/12/2020
CHA		APPAN	SB0	970	1	54	2	67	13	4A	019	035	19/11/2020	18/12/202
ViT			SBO	2318	1	43	1	77	43	4A	01	2323	19/11/2020	31/12/202
ZAID			SB0	670	2	56	0	65	38	4B	01	1494	20/11/2020	4/12/2020
MOH		MERICAN	SB0	2700	1	56	0	65	09	4A	01	9882	20/11/2020	18/12/202
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LEE	identifiers		Spo	319	1	37	1	83	51	4A	confident	00Z	24/11/2020	30/12/202
OTH			SB0	1212	1	68	0	52	13	4A	01	3610	25/11/2020	18/12/2020
HUS			SBO	360	1	52	0	69	47	48	011	2473	25/11/2020	28/12/202
PON			SB0	739	2	42	1	78	54	4A *	019	621	25/11/2020	28/12/202
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WO			SBO	701	2	53	1	68	66	4A *	012	0333	26/11/2020	29/12/202
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RAF			SB0	618	2	78	0	43	20	5	01	1315	27/11/2020	30/12/2020
KRIS			SB0	223	1	73	2	47	05	4A	01	0045	27/11/2020	28/12/2020
AZIZ		N	SB0	707	1	58	0	63	03	4A	01	9573	27/11/2020	31/12/2020
AMR		14162	SB0	5861	1	58	0	63	71	4A *	01	1665	27/11/2020	30/12/202
NUR			SB0	1907	1	38	3			4A *	01	252	27/11/2020	29/12/2020
AMR			SBO	066	1	77	0	43	35	4A *	01	1033	28/11/2020	29/12/2020
RAM			SB0	416	1	61	2	60	27	4A *	012	1141	28/11/2020	28/12/2020
MAII			SBO	3786	2	52	0	69	70	4A *	01	7900	28/11/2020	20/1/2021
MD (			SBO	1191	1	35	3	-		4A *	01	3246	28/11/2020	29/12/2020
RAN			SBO	629		34				4A	017	/105	30/11/2020	30/12/2020
ANN		RIYANA	SBO		2	40	3	00	12-5046	4A 5	012574		30/11/2020	31/12/2020

## **AUDIT CHECKLIST FORM**

## IMPROVING APPROPRIATE OUTPATIENT REHABILITATION MANAGEMENT OF MODERATELY SEVERE COVID-19 SURVIVORS IN HOSPITAL SUNGAI BULOH

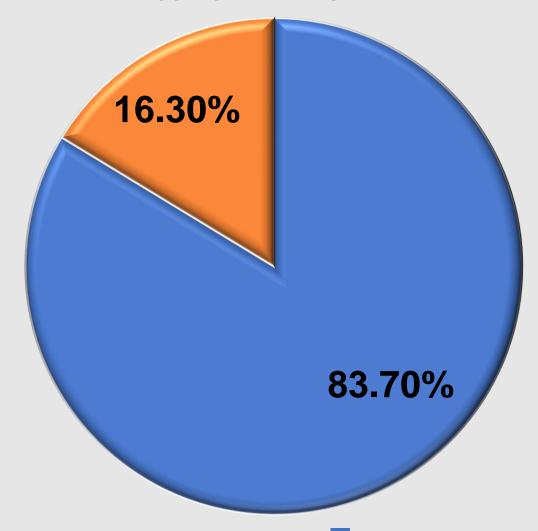
Audit Checklist Form (Tick \*/" if done)

No.	tritial	58	Month/Year	Screening for POC symptoms	Physical Ouscome Measure og TUG. STS	Cognitive Outcome Measure og MSE	Psychological Outcome Measure ag DASS, IES	Functional Outcome Measure eg M8I, WHODAS	O; assessment og 8MVVT	Symptomatic ru, ix or referral V indicated	Patient education & resources	Parsonalised exercise / therapy regime	Appropriate Tide (/)
	AZ	0101934	3 11/20		110 5000					1		1	3
				7						V	-	-	1
-	FA	1096857	11/20	Y,					V	V	V	ν,	-
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	AM	105739	11/20	1,						1		V	K
	HA	1103560	11/20	V,						1		/	*
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## ANALYSIS & INTERPRETATION

### **RESULTS OF VERIFICATION STUDY**

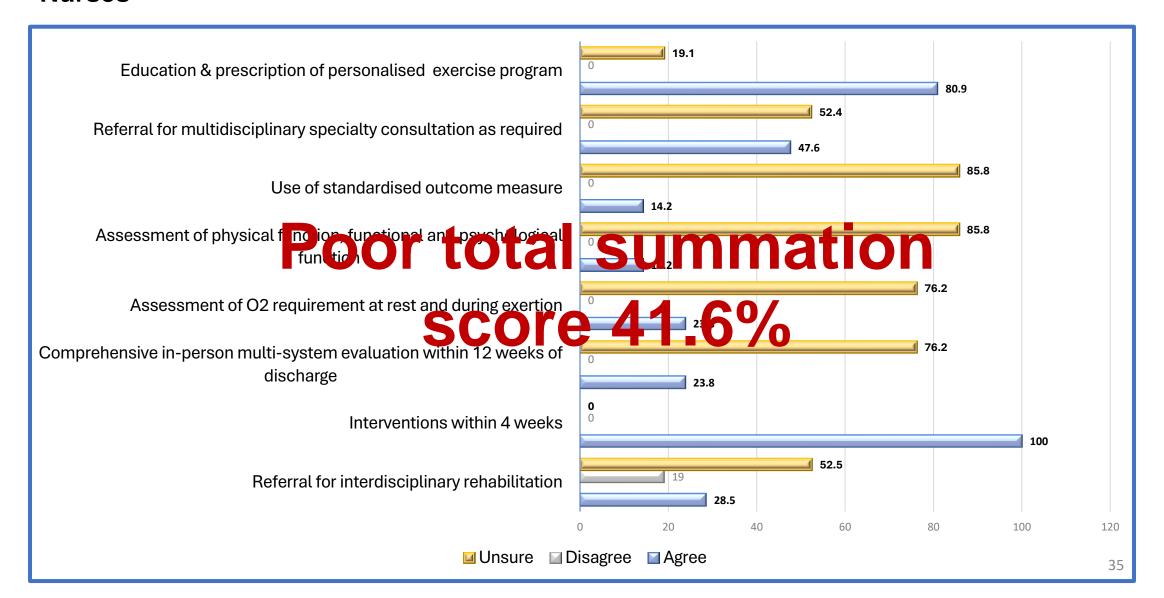
Percentage of Patients With Appropriate Outpatient Rehabilitation Management



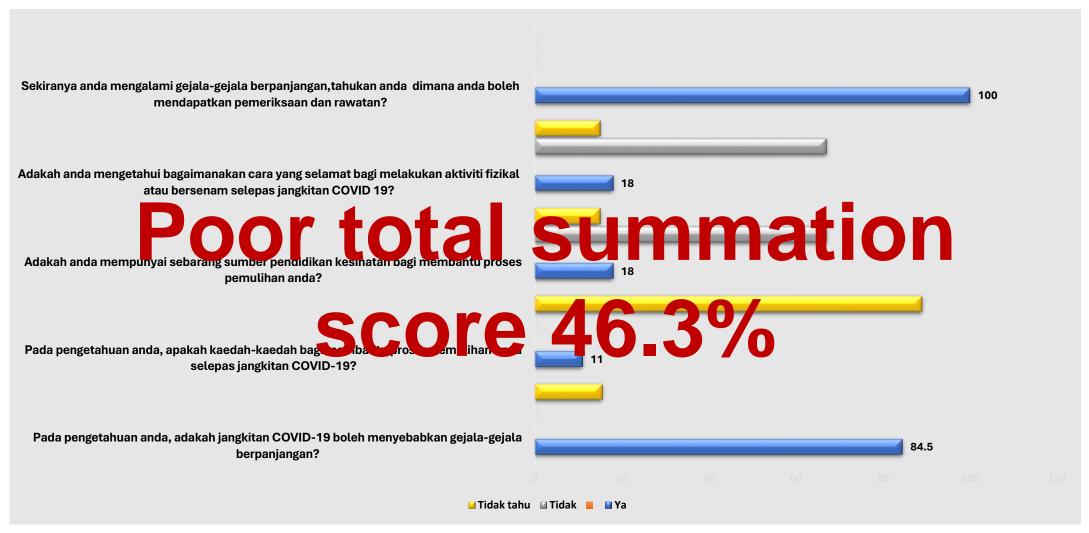
## MODEL OF GOOD CARE

No	Critical Steps	Criteria	Std	Ver
1.	Screening by nurses	<ul> <li>Vital signs screening including BP, HR, RR, Temp, Pain Score</li> </ul>	100%	100%
		<ul> <li>Body Mass Index (BMI)</li> </ul>	100%	0%
		<ul> <li>Multi-system screening for PCC symptoms</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%
2.	Clinical examination by medical	<ul> <li>History taking and clinical examination</li> </ul>	100%	100%
	officer	<ul> <li>Physical function assessment using standardised outcome measure</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%
		<ul> <li>Cognitive function assessment using standardised outcome measure</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%
		<ul> <li>Psychological function assessment using standardised outcome measure</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%
		<ul> <li>Evaluate the effect of PCC using functional outcome measure</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%
		<ul> <li>Assessment of O<sub>2</sub> saturation at rest and during exertion</li> </ul>	100%	32%
3.	Consultation by Rehabilitation	<ul><li>Review of PCC symptoms</li></ul>	100%	100%
	Physician	<ul> <li>Review of physical, cognitive, psychological &amp; functional outcome measure</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%
		<ul> <li>Order for investigations as indicated</li> </ul>	100%	100%
		<ul> <li>Prescribe symptomatic treatment as indicated</li> </ul>	100%	100%
		<ul> <li>Referral for other specialties or therapies as indicated</li> </ul>	100%	100%
4.	Prescription of rehabilitation	<ul> <li>Provide patient education</li> </ul>	100%	47%
	program	<ul> <li>Provide educational resources for PCC</li> </ul>	100%	21%
		<ul> <li>Provide personalised exercise / therapy</li> </ul>	100%	100%
5.	Referral to other specialties or therapies as required	<ul> <li>Refer patient to other medical specialities or therapies as required</li> </ul>	100%	<b>100%</b>

Figure 4: Awareness, Knowledge & Practice Level of Staffs (N=21) involving 2 Specialists, 8 Medical Officers, 4 Physiotherapist, 3 Occupational Therapist and 4 Nurses



## Figure 5: Awareness, Knowledge and Practice Level of Patients Attending Outpatient Rehabilitation Clinic (N=28)



# STRATEGIES FOR CHANGE

## PLANNING FOR STRATEGY

Factor addressed	Strategy	When strategy was performed
Structure related remedial measures: People (Staffs)	<ul> <li>In-service training</li> <li>Department CME by Rehab Physicians</li> <li>Hospital CME by Rehab Physician</li> <li>WHO Online Courses made compulsory to all staffs / new staffs</li> <li>Presentation at meetings</li> <li>Department meetings</li> <li>Multidisciplinary Meeting</li> <li>MDAC meeting</li> <li>Out-service training</li> <li>19 CPD activities as listed</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>2/1/21, 15/2/21,1/4/21, 16/8/21, 3/9/21, 10/11/21, 3/12/21</li> <li>1/4/21</li> <li>1/5/21 - now</li> <li>16/8/21, 3/9/21</li> <li>29/10/20; 9/12/21</li> <li>10/3/21; 31/7/21</li> <li>As listed</li> </ol>
Process related remedial measures	<ol> <li>One stop multi-disciplinary centre (CROSS)</li> <li>Clinical framework incorporated in e-HIS</li> <li>Real Time Database (RTD)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>2/1/21 – now</li> <li>1/4/21 – now</li> <li>1/4/21 – now</li> </ol>
Structure related remedial measures: People (Patients)	<ol> <li>One-on-one education</li> <li>Group education</li> <li>WHO translated educational resources</li> <li>WHO adapted local educational resources</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>2/1/21 – now</li> <li>2/1/21 – now</li> <li>7/3/22 – now</li> <li>29/5/23 – now</li> </ol>

## 1. IN-SERVICE TRAININGS



#### HOSPITAL SUNGAI BULOH JABATAN REHABILITASI PERUBATAN

Rujukan Kami	Bil (31) HSB/REHAB/770/17/JLD 04
Tarikh	11 Ogos 2021
Perkara	PANGGILAN MESYUARAT JABATAN PERUBATAN REHABILITASI BIL 3/2021
Daripada	Ketua Jabatan Rehabilitasi
Kepada	Senarai Edaran

Adalah saya dengan hormatnya merujuk perkara di atas.

 Sukacita dimaklumkan bahawa Mesyuarat Jabatan Perubatan Rehabilitasi Bil 3/2021 akan diadakan mengikut ketetapan berikut iaitu:

> Tarikh : 16 Ogos 2021 (Isnin) Masa : 2 – 4.30 petang

Masa : 2 – 4.30 petang
Tempat : Bilik Seminar Klinik Pakar Rehabilitasi

- Agenda mesyuarat adalah seperti yang dimaklumkan:
  - 3.1. Maklumat Pentadbiran
  - 3.2. Maklumbalas, Tindakan & Pengesahan Minit Mesyuarat Terdahulu
  - 3.3. Pelaporan KPI & Statistik Jabatan
  - 3.4. Pelaporan Perolehan & Kewangan
  - 3.5. Pemberitangan Modul "Post COVID-19 Outpatient Rehabilitation Management"
  - 3.6. Hal-Hal lain
- Sekian untuk perhatian, persediaan dan kehadiran pihak Tuan/Puan seterusnya.
   Kerjasama yang dibenikan amatiah dihargai didahului dengan ucapan terima kasih.

Sekian, terima kasih.

"MALAYSIA MADANI"

"BERKHIDMAT UNTUK NEGARA"

Saya yang menjalankan amanah,



DE ANNAL MATIJAN ZAMIJ MRT BLEVO MER STITTS DESCRIPTI MERALIMIJIANI ENNALIMITI Ryma Johnio Portado Distribus

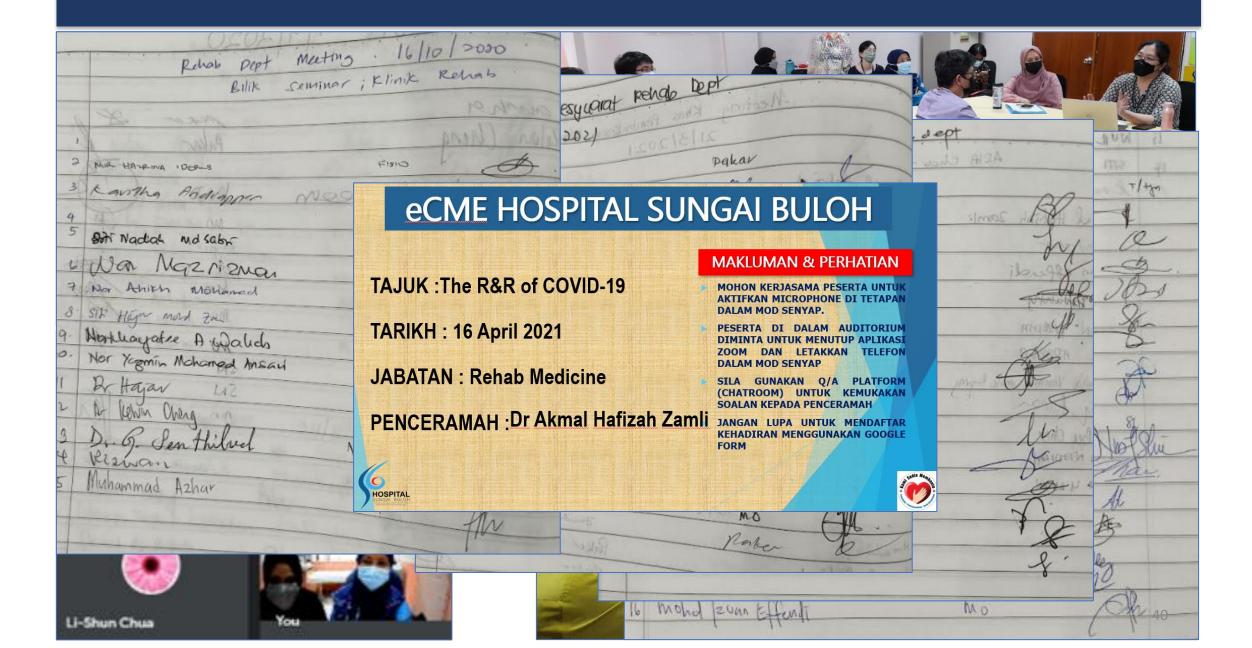
(DR AKMAL HAFIZAH ZAMLI) Ketus Jabatan Perubatan Rehabilitasi Hospital Sungai Buloh

#### **DEPARTMENT / HOSPITAL CME**

#### POST COVID-19 OUTPATIENT REHABILITATION MANAGEMENT MODULE

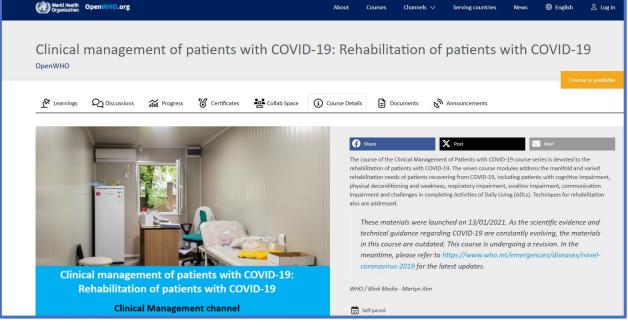
Introduction	<ul> <li>Post COVID-19 infection impact on multi organ systems</li> </ul>
Introduction	,
	<ul> <li>Rationale for Post COVID-19 Rehabilitation</li> </ul>
Essentials in	<ul> <li>Comprehensive multi-system screening for PCC</li> </ul>
Rehabilitation	<ul> <li>Physical assessment using standardised outcome measure</li> </ul>
Assessment	<ul> <li>Cognitive assessment using standardised outcome measure</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Physical assessment using standardised outcome measure</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Impact of PCC on function using standardised outcome measure</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Oxygen assessment at rest and during exertion</li> </ul>
Identifying red-	<ul> <li>Identifying red-flags and referral for other specialties</li> </ul>
flags	<ul> <li>Investigations for red-flags</li> </ul>
Prescription of	<ul> <li>Interpreting multi organ system assessments / outcome measure</li> </ul>
Personalised	<ul> <li>Provide symptomatic treatment for PCC symptoms</li> </ul>
Rehabilitation	<ul> <li>Identifying needs for other therapies</li> </ul>
Regime	<ul> <li>Educate &amp; empower patients with self-management strategies</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Prescription of personalised exercises / rehabilitation</li> </ul>

## 1. IN-SERVICE TRAININGS



## 2. OUT-SERVICE TRAININGS

Rehabilitation Healthcare Professionals WHO Open Courses Self-Paced Online Training with Certifications are made compulsory for all interdisciplinary staffs — Doctors, Nurses, Physiotherapist, Occupational Therapist







## Certificate Examples





Rehabilitation Healthcare Professionals WHO Open Courses with Certification available at:

## 2. OUT-SERVICE TRAININGS

### List of webinars / virtual trainings on Post COVID-19 Rehabilitation involving / attended by the multidiscipline rehabilitation staffs

#### Continuous Professional Development Activities

Virtual Medical Update Series "Road to Recovery - Post COVID-19 Rehabilitation" SqBH, MOH 16/4/2021

Virtual National Webinar "Post COVID-19 Rehabilitation Management" HSNZ-SgBH, MOH 1/7/2021

Malaysian Medical Association National Webinar Series "Long COVID-19 Management - A Rehabilitation Perspective" 12/8/2021

Virtual 12th Annual Rehabilitation Medicine Conference 2021 "Perspectives of Rehabilitation in Long COVID Management" MARP-MOH 24/9/2021

Malaysian Medical Association National Webinar Peries "Long COVID-1" Rehability tion ) a a entent" 24/2/2011

Virtual Medical Update Series "Post COVID-19 Read tati

Virtual Medical Update Series "Post COVID-19 Regala tation" HT 1 g H, MC 0/7/ 02 Malaysian Medical Association National Webinar Series Long COVID- A Rehabilitation Frame

Virtual Medical Update Series "Post COVID-19 Rehabilitation" HPJ-SgBH, MOH 17/8/2021

Virtual Medical Update Series "Post COVID-19 Medical & Rehabilitation Management" HT-SgBH,MOH 17/9/2021.

National Virtual Symposium "Fost IC 10 19 condition To use Fonadilitation Medical Evangement" HT-SgBH,MOH 17/9/2021.

Virtual 12th Biennial Scientific Medical "Lung CC /IL Reha lilitation Mers ective" HJB MOH 0/1/21

Upskilling Workshop for Occupational Health Doctors (OHD) and Approved Medical Examiners (AME) on Clinical and Workplace Management of Long COVID held on 23rd April 2022

Virtual Medical Update Series "Post COVID-19 Rehabilitation in Long Coll Covillence Sold Mental Lealt Roat Asia Pacific Neuropsychiatry Conference (NEURON "Fethabilitation in Long Coll Covillence Sold Mental Lealt Roat Assues"). Brain Fog" 16 – 17/6/2022

Malaysian Medical Association National Webinar Series "Long COVID in Primary Healthcare" 29/8/2022

National Institute of Health (NIH) Long COVID Scientific Symposium "Characterization & Prediction of Long COVID: Analysis of the Malaysian COVID-19 Rehabilitation Outpatient Specialize Services (CROSS) Database" MOH 2/11/2022

Academy of Silent Mentor (AFSM) Tripartite Conference Sarawak 2022 Healthcare Challenges in the 21st Century "Characterization & Prediction of Long COVID: Analysis of the Malaysian COVID-19 Rehabilitation Outpatient Specialize Services (CROSS) Database" AFSM-MOH 15/12/2022

Virtual Webinar "Long COVID Rehabilitation Perspectives" Medical Development Division, MOH 31/3/2023

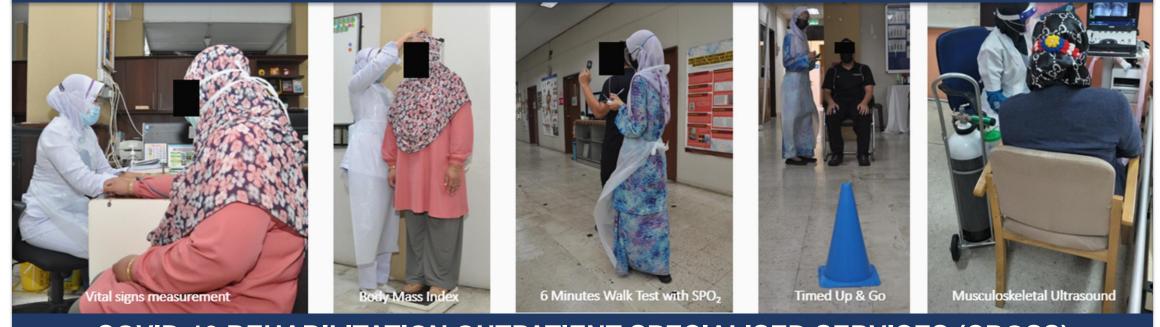
National Symposium "Post COVID-19 Condition Focused Rehabilitation Medicine 2.0 – Together for Better Outcomes" SqBH, MOH 29/5/2023

## 3. FOCUS GROUP MEETINGS

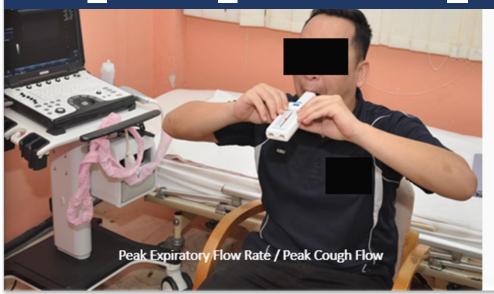


Infectious Disease, Respiratory Medicine, Psychiatry, Geriatric Medicine, Endocrine, Neurology, Rehabilitation Medicine, Physiotherapy, Occupational Therapy

## 4. DEDICATED ONE STOP CENTRE



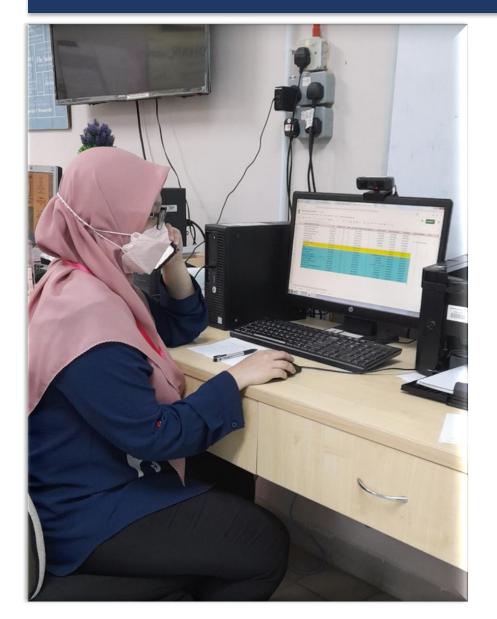
### COVID-19 REHABILITATION OUTPATIENT SPECIALISED SERVICES (CROSS)







## 5. TELECONSULTATION



- Done within 4 weeks to <u>all</u> referrals by dedicated MO.
- Use of <u>standard</u> template.
- Appropriate medical <u>advise</u> given.
- Identify <u>red-flags</u> symptoms.
- Decision of <u>urgency</u> of medical review.
- Real Time Data (RTD) entry.

## 5. REAL TIME DATABASE (RTD) BY MEDICAL OFFICER

BMSE	D ( D)	D ( A)	D( S)	ВМІ	PEFR	mMRC	R Hand dyna	L Hand dyna	VAS	MBI	PCFS	TUG	Distance	Lowest 02	Highest HR
0	0	0	0	30	460	0	28	22	0	100	1	8	350	97	118
0	0	0	0	32.8	400	1	17	17	0	100	1	na	303	96	104
0	0	0	0	32.8	440	0	32	30	0	100	1	8	330	90	103
0	0	0	0	29.5	400	0	26	23	0	100	1	8	360	94	114
0	0	0	0	23	300	0	18	14	0	100	0	NA	345	97	100
0	0	0	0	26.9	550	0	44	39	0	100	0	7	450	95	118
0	0	0	0	33.2	450	0	34	33	0	100	1	-	-	93	121
0	0	0	0	33	400	0	16	16	0	100	1	9	330	93	105
^		_	_ ^	^^ 7	222	_	^^	^^		400	_	-	222	^^	^^

# Assessment using selected standardised outcome measures & Real-Time Data entry

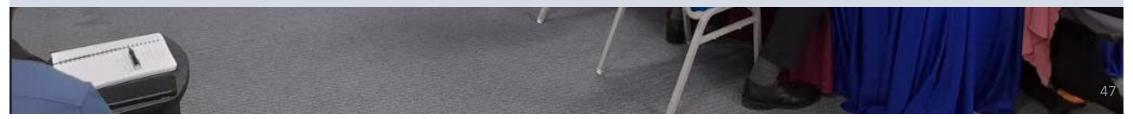
U	U	U	U	JZ.9	UHU	U	34	40	U	100	1	Пa	400	90	IUZ
0	0	0	0	28	450	0	40	36	0	100	0	8	380	97	116
0	0	0	0	25.2	490	0	20	20	1	100	1	8	300	97	133
0	0	0	0	25.9	800	0	31	20	0	100	0	9	360	95	105
0	0	0	0	35	370	0	13	9	0	100	0	7	400	95	139
0	0	0	0	31.6	530	0	35	29	0	100	0	7	440	96	110
0	0	0	0	32.8	600	0	40	34	0	100	0	9	330	94	86
0	0	0	0	32	300	0	13	18	0	100	1	8	360	98	109
0	0	0	0	31.6	390	0	27	24	0	100	1	9	390	95	156
0	0	0	0	25.9	500	0	35	31	0	100	1	NA	452	97	119
0	0	0	0	31.6	600	0	42	41	0	100	0	6	360	97	143
0	0	0	0	28	500	1	9	12	0	100	1	14	360	97	140

Note: Sample of COVID-19 rehabilitation **R**eal-**T**ime **D**atabase (**RTD**) parameters that comprises of standardised outcome measures such as oxygen evaluation at rest and on exertion, psychological screening, respiratory and muscle strength evaluation by the interdisciplinary rehabilitation team.

## 6. EXTRA-AGENCY COLLABORATION



# Taylor's University collaboration via CRC & Hospital Director



## 7. DEVELOP CLINICAL FRAMEWORK FOR OUTPATIENT REHABILITATION

### COVID-19 Rehabilitation Outpatient Specialized Services (CROSS)

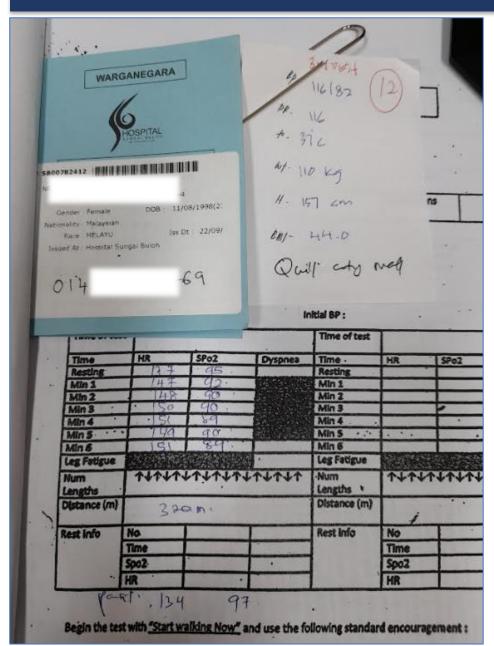
#### Post COVID-19 Rehabilitation Inpatient Specialized Services (CRISS) cases All category 4 & 5 automated referral Entrance pathway Other categories with Long COVID symptoms Patients with existing rehabilitation needs whom contracted COVID-19 Monitor progress at home such as home oxygen therapy, wounds Symptoms screenings using standardized questionnaire Teleconsultation · Real time database entry Medical advise and awareness for red flags symptoms Decide urgency for in-person review Interval: 1 - 3 months; 3 - 6 months & 6 - 12 months as per attending clinician judgement Method: One-on one in-person evaluation by interdisciplinary rehab team members, then team discussion as required Multi-system impairment evaluation: Cognitive - Brief MSE, MMSE; Psychosocial - DASS, COVID-19 IES; Respiratory - Auscultation; Home eximeter diary, Incentive spirometer, PEFR; CVS - 1MSTS; 6MWT; MSK - FSS, MRC, TUG, Hand dynamometer; Others are based on comprehensive clinical evaluation. Functional assessment: MBI: PCFS Comprehensive in- Quality of Life: WHODAS 2.0; Community ADL - RTW, RTD person review . Consultation: Immediate access as clinically required for other medical specialties referral, further investigation & management including but not limited to pulmonologist, cardiologist, internal medicine, infectious disease, neurologist, psychiatrist, geriatrician Other interdisciplinary team activation: Immediate access for SLT, MSW consultation and further management Rehabilitation prescription: Targeted, personalized, gradual increment; home based with monitoring log and access for medical advise; institutional based program on case to case basis; intensity based on Modified Borg Scale and THRR Adjuncts: IMT, OPEP, TED stockings, abdominal binders, wheelchairs, ambulatory 02 Complete symptoms resolution Absence of new on-going symptoms or issues

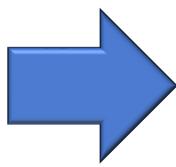
#### Exit Pathway

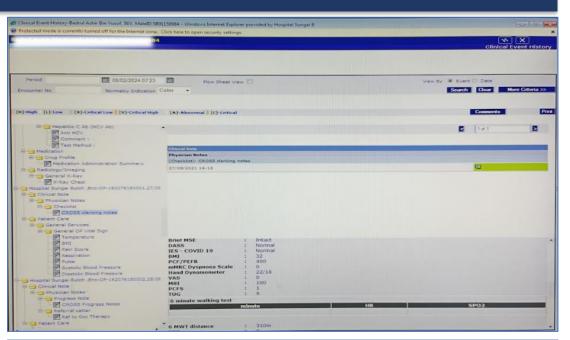
- Full re-integration into society & pre-morbid life roles

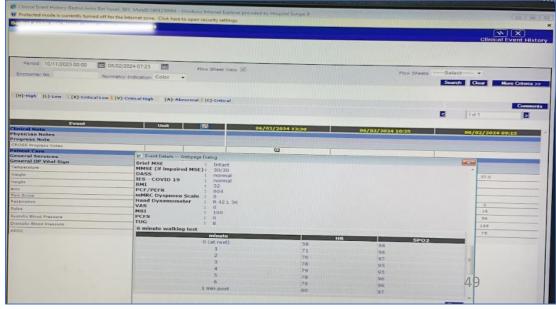
Abbreviation: FSS- Fatigue Severity Scale; THRR-Target Heart Rate Response; MSK - Musculoskeletal; IMT- Inspiratory Muscle Trainer; OPEP- Oscillating Positive Expiratory Pressure; 1MSTS- 1 Minute Sit To Stand; TUG- Timed Up &Go; 6MWT- 2 Minutes Walking Test; RPE-Rate of Perceived Exertion; Modified Barthel Index; PCFS- Post C-19 Functional Scale; PEFR- Peaked Expiratory Flow Rate; PCF- Peak Cough Flow; RTW- Return to Work; RTD- Return to Drive; WHODAS- World Health Organization Disability Assessment Scale; DASS - Depression, Anxiety, Stress Scale; C-19 IES- Covid 19 Impact of Event Scale; PT- Physiotherapy; OT- Occupational Therapy, SLT- Speech Language Therapy

### 8. MERGE OF CLINICAL FRAMEWORK INTO E-HIS SYSTEM

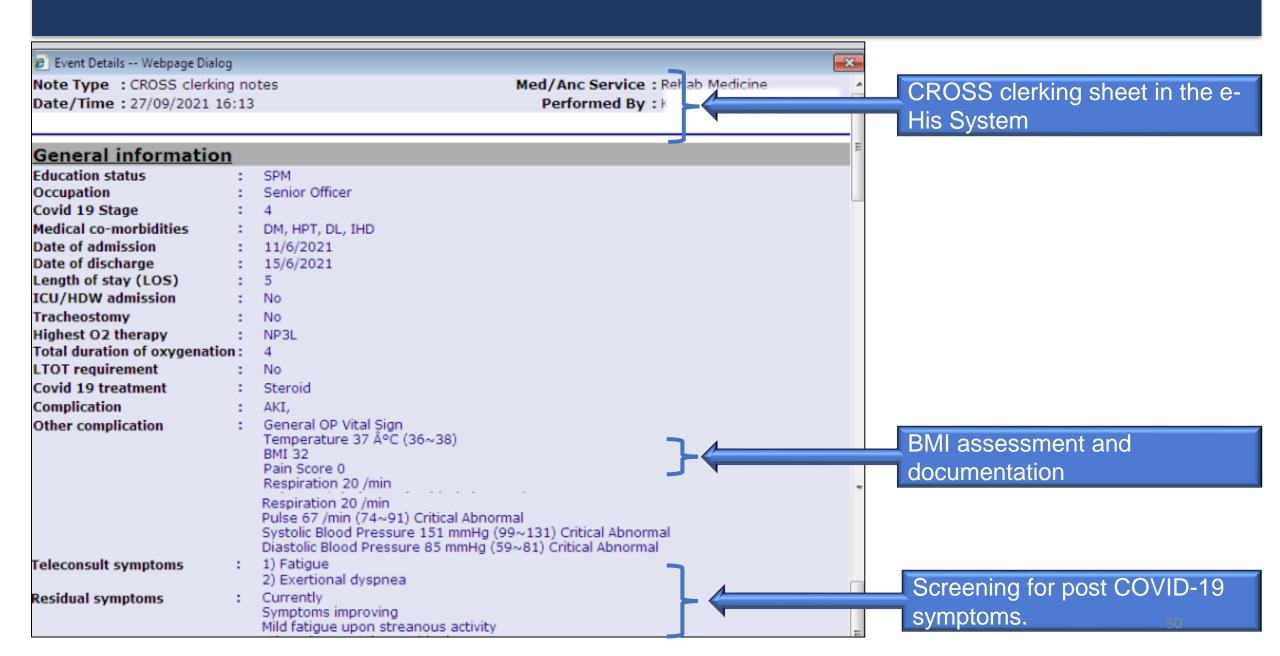




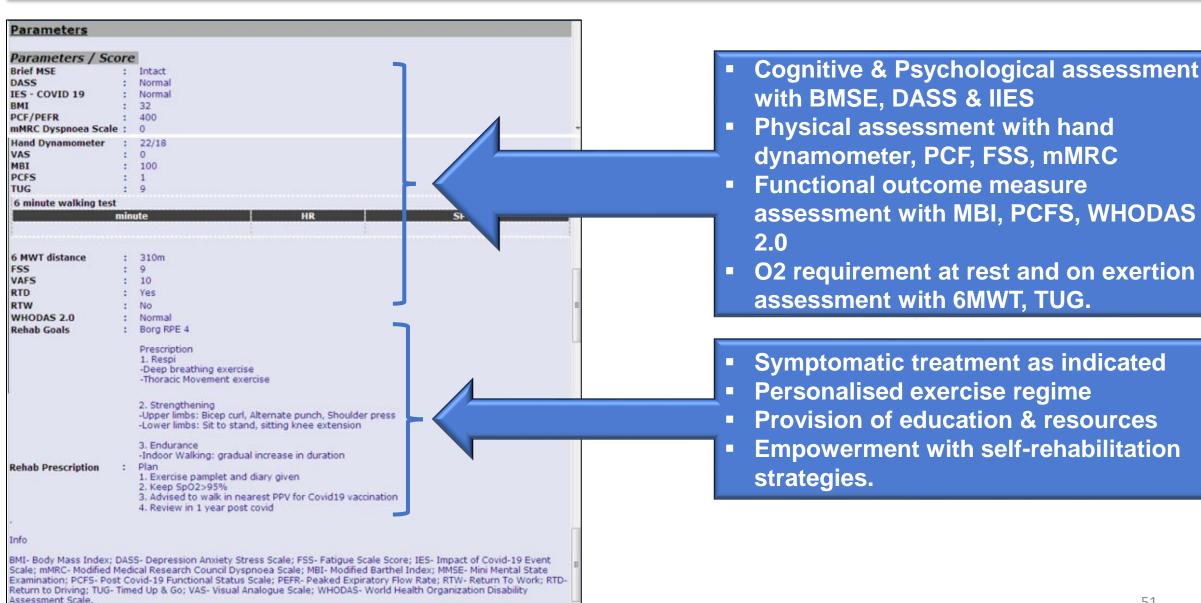




### 8. MERGE OF CLINICAL FRAMEWORK INTO E-HIS SYSTEM



### 8. MERGE OF CLINICAL FRAMEWORK INTO E-HIS SYSTEM



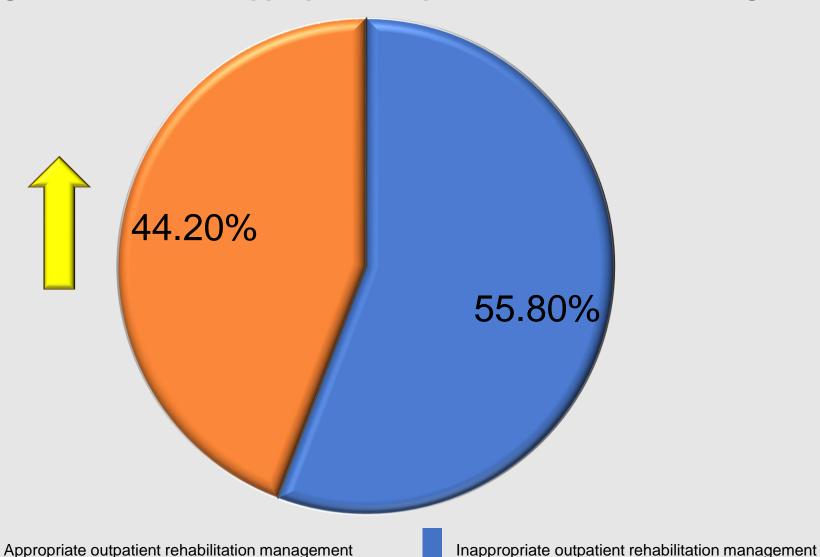
## 9. STRUCTURED EDUCATION IN PERSON & IN GROUPS





## **POST CYCLE 1 INTERVENTION RESULT**

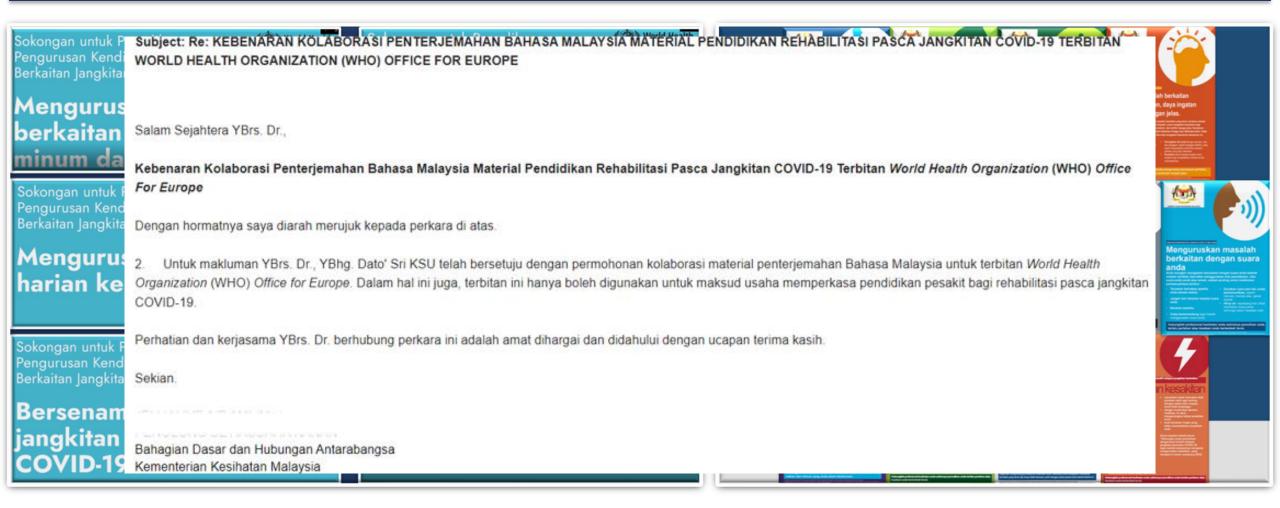
Percentage of Patients With Appropriate Outpatient Rehabilitation Management



## MODEL OF GOOD CARE

No	Critical Steps	Criteria	Std	Ver	Cycle 1
1.	Screening by nurses	<ul> <li>Vital signs screening including BP, HR, RR, Temp, Pain Score</li> </ul>	100%	100%	100%
		<ul> <li>Body Mass Index (BMI)</li> </ul>	100%	0%	54%
		<ul> <li>Multi-system screening for PCC symptoms</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%	100%
2.	Clinical examination by	<ul> <li>History taking and clinical examination</li> </ul>	100%	100%	100%
	medical officer	<ul> <li>Physical function assessment using standardised outcome measure</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%	68.5%
		<ul> <li>Cognitive function assessment using standardised outcome measure</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%	68.5%
		<ul> <li>Psychological function assessment using standardised outcome measure</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%	68.5%
		<ul> <li>Evaluate the effect of PCC using functional outcome measure</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%	68.5%
		<ul> <li>Assessment of O<sub>2</sub> saturation at rest and during exertion</li> </ul>	100%	32%	68.5%
3.	Consultation by	<ul> <li>Review of PCC symptoms</li> </ul>	100%	100%	100%
	Rehabilitation Physician	<ul> <li>Review of physical, cognitive, psychological &amp; functional outcome measure</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%	68.5%
		<ul> <li>Order for investigations as indicated</li> </ul>	100%	100%	100%
		<ul> <li>Prescribe symptomatic treatment as indicated</li> </ul>	100%	100%	100%
		<ul> <li>Referral for other specialties or therapies as indicated</li> </ul>	100%	100%	100%
4.	Prescription of rehabilitation	<ul> <li>Provide patient education</li> </ul>	100%	47%	77%
	program	<ul> <li>Provide educational resources for PCC</li> </ul>	100%	21%	44.2%
		<ul> <li>Provide personalised exercise / therapy</li> </ul>	100%	100%	100%
5.	Referral to other specialties or therapies as required	<ul> <li>Refer patient to other medical specialities or therapies as required</li> </ul>	100%	100%	<b>100%</b> 54

## 10. COLLABORATION TO PROVIDE ACCESS FOR COVID-19 REHABILITATION EDUCATIONAL MATERIALS (BM)



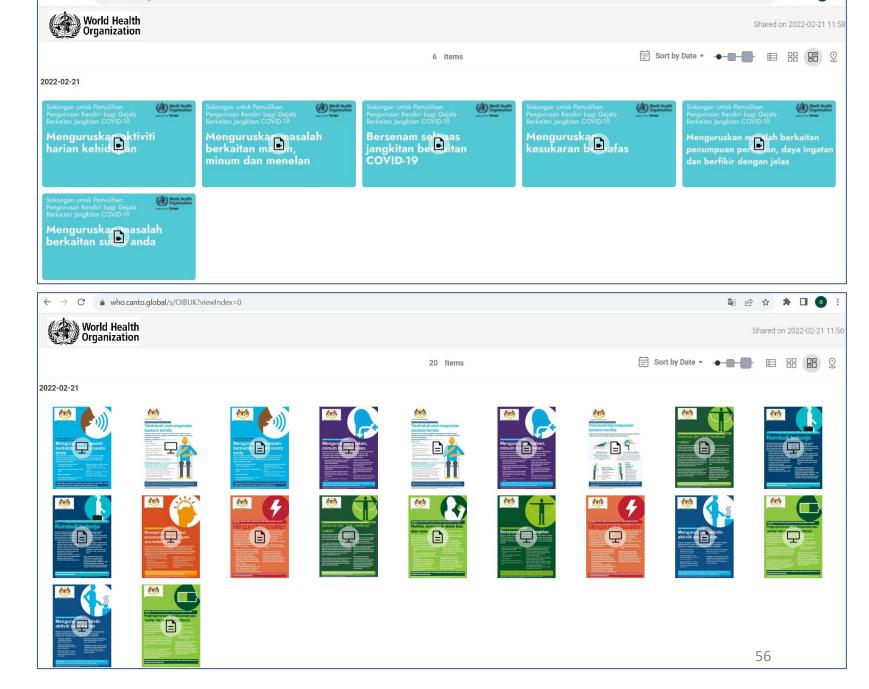
Approval by Division of Policy & International Relations MOH

Bahasa Malaysia translated 6 video series:

https://who.canto.global/b/NTTVB

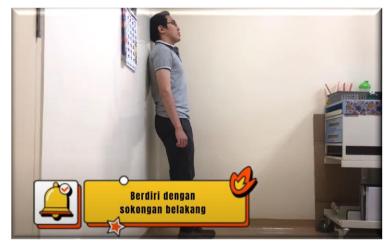
Bahasa Malaysia translated 13 posters series were available at WHO website:

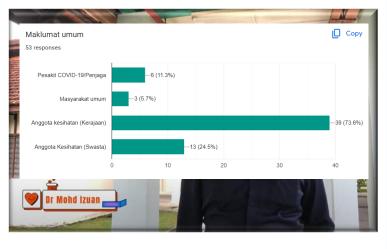
https://who.canto.global/b/U 076U

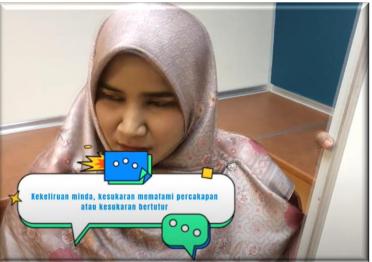


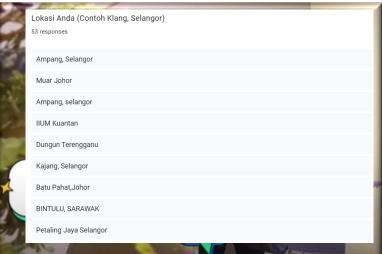
who.canto.global/s/HE2N5?viewIndex=0

### 11. EDUCATIONAL VIDEO COLLABORATION (NGO CARE & SHARE CIRCLE) **EMPOWERMENT OF PATIENTS / CAREGIVERS WITH REHABILITATION SELF- MANAGEMENT**











#### PEJABAT TIMBALAN KETUA PENGARAH KESIHATAN (PERUBATAN)

Bahagian Perkembangan Perubatan Aras 7, Blok E1, Parcel E, Presint 1, Pusat Pentadbiran Kerajaan Persekutuan 62590 Putrajava

03-88831034 Faks : 03-88831040 Laman Web: http://www.moh.gov.mv

Ruj. Kami: KKM.600-27/15/1 Jld.3 ( 9 )

: J 7 Mei 2022

Dr. Kuldip Kaur a/p Prem Singh

Pengarah

Hospital Sungai Buloh

Puan,

PERMOHONAN KELULUSAN TIMBALAN KETUA PENGARAH KESIHATAN MALAYSIA (PERUBATAN) BAGI EDARAN UMUM VIDEO PENDIDIKAN KESIHATAN "MENGENAI GEJALA-GEJALA AMARAN - SOKONGAN BAGI REHABILITASI KENDIRI INDIVIDU PASCA JANGKITAN COVID-19

Dengan segala hormatnya saya merujuk kepada perkara di atas dan surat dari Hospital Sungai Buloh rujukan Bil(11)HSB/780/36/35Jld.2 bertarikh 10 Mei 2022 adalah berkaitan.

- Pejabat ini mengambil maklum matlamat penerbitan video pendidikan "Mengenai gejala-gejala amaran- Sokongan Bagi Rehabilitasi Kendiri Individu Pasca Jangkitan COVID-19" ini adalah untuk memperkasakan individu pasca COVID-19 serta keluarga pesakit dengan pengetahuan dan kemahiran tertentu bagi menangani gejala-gejala yang mungkin dialami ketika berada di fasa pemulihan.
- Sukacita dimaklumkan bahawa Pejabat ini tiada halangan bagi edaran umum video ini kepada masyarakat bagi penekanan kepentingan pendidikan kesihatan sebagai proses pemulihan pasca jangkitan COVID-19. Perhatian pihak puan dalam perkara ini amatlah dihargai dan didahului dengan ucapan terima kasih.

Sekian.

"WAWASAN KEMAKMURAN BERSAMA 2030"

"BERKHIDMAT UNTUK NEGARA"

Saya yang menjalankan amanah.

(DATO' DR. ASMAYANI BT KHALIB) (MMC: 27622) Timbalan Ketua Pengarah Kesihatan (Perubatan) Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia











CERTIFIED TO ISO 9001:2015 CERT. NO.: QMS 01897

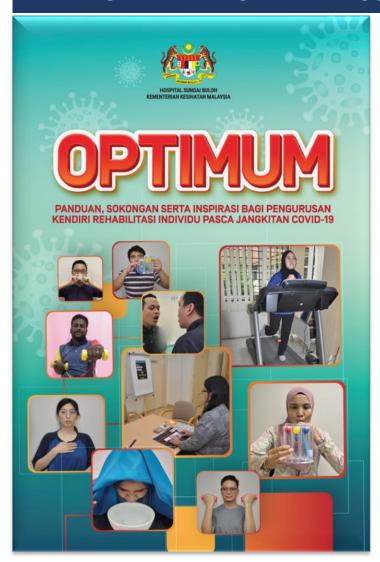
CERTIFIED TO ISO 9001:2015 CERT. NO.: QMS 01897

CERT. NO.: MY-QMS 01897

## 12. FREE DIGITAL BOOKLET "OPTIMUM" (ISBN 978-967-19838)



#### **EMPOWERMENT OF PATIENTS / CAREGIVERS WITH REHABILITATION SELF- MANAGEMENT**





DR KULDIP KAUR A/P PREM SINGH (HSUNGAIBULOH) <drkuldip@moh.gov.my>

EDARAN E-BOOKLET "OPTIMUM: PANDUAN, SOKONGAN SERTA INSPIRASI BAGI PENGURUSAN KENDIRI REHABILITASI INDIVIDU PASCA JANGKITAN COVID-19

ROSDAYANA BINTI ROSLY (MOH-SELANGOR) <rosdayana@moh.gov.my> 

15 April 2022 at 09:01

1 5 APR 2022

194199

Tuan/ Puan.

EDARAN E-BOOKLET "OPTIMUM: PANDUAN, SOKONGAN SERTA INSPIRASI BAGI PENGURUSAN KENDIRI REHABILITASI INDIVIDU PASCA JANGKITAN COVID-19

Saya dengan segala hormatnya merujuk perkara di atas dan surat daripada Hospital Sungai Buloh dengan nombor rujukan Bil (10) HSB/780/36/35 Jld.2 bertarikh 5 April 2022 adalah berkaitan.

- Untuk makluman pihak tuan/puan, Jabatan Perubatan Rehabilitasi dan Pertubuhan Pasca Siswazah Hospital Sungai Buloh telah menerbitkan sebuah buku bertajuk "Optimum: Panduan, Sokongan Serta Inspirasi Bagi Pengurusan Kendiri Rehabilitasi Individu Pasca Jangkitan Covid-19".
- Sehubungan itu, dilampirkan surat daripada Hospital Sungai Buloh berkenaan hal ini beserta QR code di Lampiran 1 bagi muat turun E-booklet tersebut. Semoga bahan Pendidikan kesihatan ini dapat membantu meningkatkan penyampaian perkhidmatan kepada semua pesakit yang memerlukan sokongan rehabilitasi pasca jangkitan Covid-19. Segala perhatian pihak tuan/puan berhubung perkara ini amat dihargai.

Sekian, terima kasih,

#### "WAWASAN KEMAKMURAN BERSAMA 2030"

"BERKHIDMAT UNTUK NEGARA"

Sava yang menjalankan amanah,

Dr. Rosdayana Binti Rosly (MMC: 61146) Ketua Penolong Pengarah (Perubatan) Bahagian Perubatan Jabatan Kesihatan Negeri Selangor upk.ikns@moh.gov.my rosdayana@moh.gov.my Tel:03-51237333 ext 270



Pengguna Perkhidmatan MyGovUC 2.0 adalah bertanggungjawab melindungi kerahsiaan data/maklumat Rahsia Rasmi Kerajaan. Adalah diingatkan agar pengguna sentiasa peka dengan SEMUA peraturan, arahan keselamatan dan pekeliing semasa yang berkuatkuasa bagi semua pengendalian data/maklumat Rahsia Rasmi Kerajaan yang berkaitan.



#### KEMENTERIAN KESIHATAN MALAYSIA

Bahagian Perkembangan Perubatan Aras 7, Blok E1, Parcel E, Presint 1, Pusat Pentadbiran Kerajaan Persekutuan 62590 Putrajaya

03-88831047 : 03-88831479 Laman Web : http://www.moh.gov.my

Ruj. Kami: KKM.600-27/15/1 Jld.3 (8°)

: /CApril 2022

#### Dr. Kuldip Kaur a/p Prem Singh

Pengarah

Hospital Sungai Buloh

PERMOHONAN KELULUSAN KETUA PENGARAH KESIHATAN MALAYSIA BAGI EDARAN UMUM PERCUMA F-BOOKLET "OPTIMUM: PANDUAN SOKONGAN SERTA INSPIRASI BAGI REHABILITASI KENDIRI INDIVIDU PASCA JANGKITAN COVID-19"

Dengan segala hormatnya saya merujuk kepada perkara di atas dan surat daripada Hospital Sungai Buloh rujukan Bil(8)HSB/780/36/35 Jld 2 bertarikh 8 Mac 2022

- Untuk makluman, YBhg. Tan Sri Dato' Seri Ketua Pengarah Kesihatan telah bersetuju bagi edaran umum percuma e-booklet ini kepada masyarakat umum bagi penekanan kepentingan pendidikan kesihatan bagi proses pemulihan pasca
- Sukacita juga dimaklumkan bahawa Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia tiada halangan akan penjualan naskah salinan cetak e-booklet tersebut bagi tujuan menampung kos percetakan oleh pihak Pertubuhan Pascasiswazah Hospital Sungai Buloh. Perhatian pihak puan dalam perkara ini amatlah dihargai dan didahului dengan ucapan terima kasih.

#### "WAWASAN KEMAKMURAN BERSAMA 2030"

#### "BERKHIDMAT UNTUK NEGARA"

Saya yang menjalankan amanah,



#### (DATO' DR MOHD FIKRI BIN UJANG) (MMC:27355)

Bahagian Perkembangan Perubatan Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia



CERT. NO.: QMS 01897





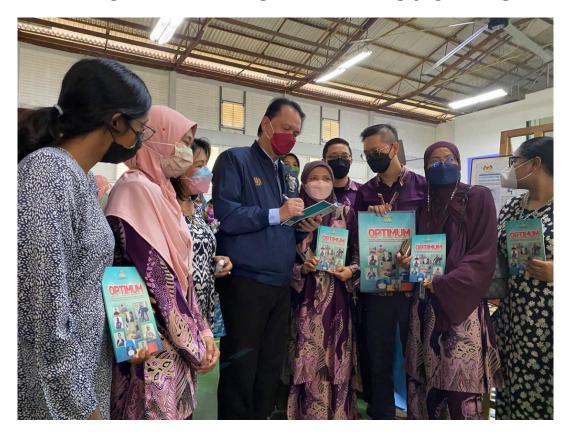


CERTIFIED TO ISO 9001-2015. CERT. NO.: QMS 01897

CERTIFIED TO ISD 901-2015 CERT. NO.: MY-008 01897

## 13. DIGITAL BOOKLET "OPTIMUM" (ISBN 978-967-19838)

#### **EMPOWERMENT OF PATIENTS / CAREGIVERS WITH REHABILITATION SELF- MANAGEMENT**





Tan Sri Dato' Seri Director General of Health Malaysia on the 14th May 2022 di Pusat Kawalan Kusta Negara, Hospital Sungai Buloh



BFM B9.9
The Business Station HOME **PODCASTS VIDEOS** ARTICLES **PROGRAMMES** HIGHLIGHTS

Copy

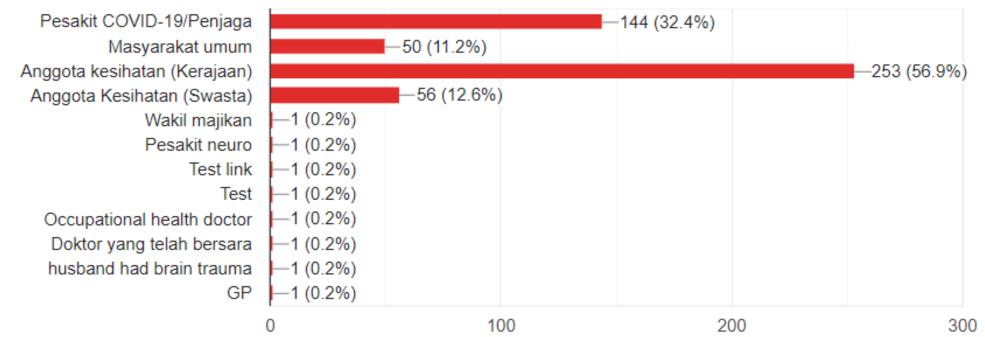
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ur quality of

Maklumat umum

445 responses



**EDI** 

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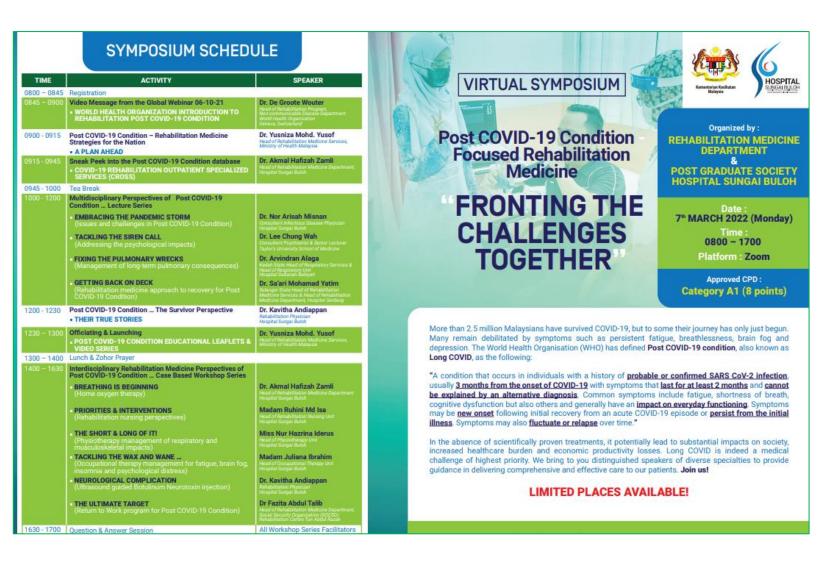


medicine in helping "long haulers" to get back on their feet, with Dr Akmal Hafizah Zamli, rehabilitation physician and head of the Department of Rehabilitation Medicine at Hospital Sungai Buloh.

To access the Ministry of Health's online guide for rehabilitation after a long COVID diagnosis, click here.

Produced by: Lim Sue Ann

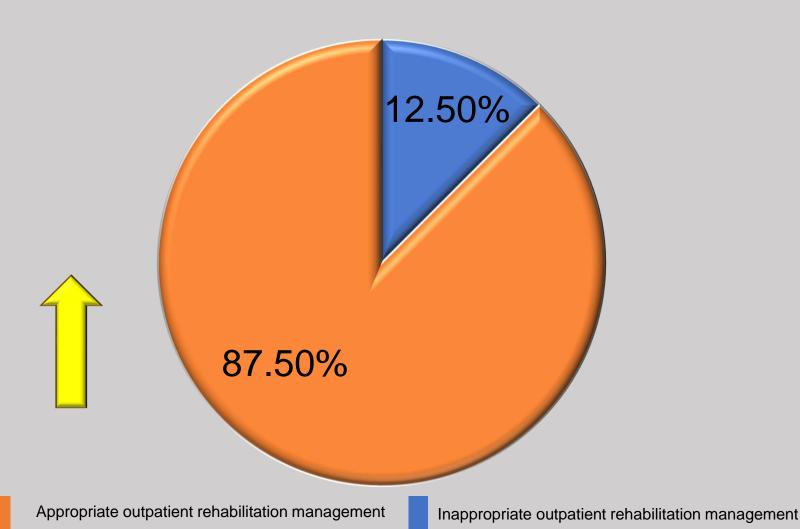
## 15. VIRTUAL SYMPOSIUM POST COVID-19 CONDITION FOCUSED REHABILITATION MEDICINE



Participated by 63 HSgB interdisciplinary Rehabilitation staffs with total 460 virtual attendance across Malaysia from various healthcare professional categories and specialties including from MOH, private and universities.

## POST CYCLE 2 INTERVENTION RESULT

Percentage of Patients With Appropriate Outpatient Rehabilitation Management



## MODEL OF GOOD CARE

No	Critical Steps	Criteria	Std	Ver	Cycle 1	Cycle 2
1.	Screening by	<ul> <li>Vital signs screening including BP, HR, RR, Temp, Pain Score</li> </ul>	100%	100%	100%	100%
	nurses	■ Body Mass Index (BMI)	100%	0%	54%	100%
		Multi-system screening for PCC symptoms	100%	16.3%	100%	100%
2.	Clinical	History taking and clinical examination	100%	100%	100%	100%
	examination by medical officer	Physical function assessment using standardised outcome measure	100%	16.3%	68.5%	94.2%
		Cognitive function assessment using standardised outcome measure	100%	16.3%	68.5%	94.2%
		<ul> <li>Psychological function assessment using standardised outcome measure</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%	68.5%	94.2%
		<ul> <li>Evaluate the effect of PCC using functional outcome measure</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%	68.5%	94.2%
		<ul> <li>Assessment of O<sub>2</sub> saturation at rest and during exertion</li> </ul>	100%	32%	68.5%	100%
3.	Consultation by	<ul> <li>Review of PCC symptoms</li> </ul>	100%	100%	100%	100%
	Rehabilitation Physician	<ul> <li>Review of physical, cognitive, psychological &amp; functional outcome measure</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%	68.5%	94.2%
		<ul> <li>Order for investigations as indicated</li> </ul>	100%	100%	100%	100%
		Prescribe symptomatic treatment as indicated	100%	100%	100%	100%
		<ul> <li>Referral for other specialties or therapies as indicated</li> </ul>	100%	100%	100%	100%
4.	Prescription of	Provide patient education	100%	47%	77%	100%
	rehabilitation program	<ul> <li>Provide educational resources for PCC</li> </ul>	100%	21%	44.2%	100%
	piogram	Provide personalised exercise / therapy	100%	100%	100%	100%

## **16. POST COVID-19 REHABILITATION VIDEO COLLABORATION WITH MYPORTAL HEALTH**

## **PORTAL & YOU TUBE VIDEOS** 6,569 VIEWS

Available for free download at MyHealth www.myhealth.gov.my







COVID-19: Bersenam Selepas Jangkitan COVID-19 plus 245 views





Utama Info Korporat Program Utama Penerbitan Direktori Program Hubungi Kami Kalendar Akti

SOKONGAN UNTUK PEMULIHA

GEJALA BERI : AN COVID-1

601 plus 327 views

PENGURUSAN KENDIRI REHAB

COVID-19: Kesukaran Tidur

Menangani gejala kesukaran tid



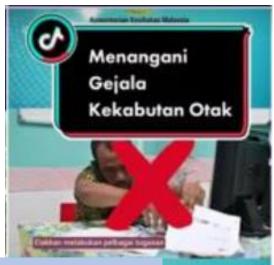


641 plus 302 views





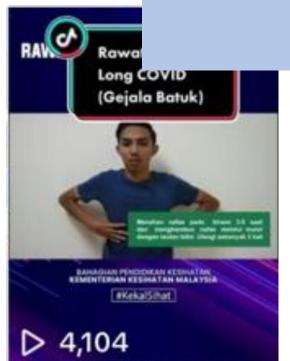






## TIK TOK VIDEO

47,792 VIEWS









## 17. NATIONAL SYMPOSIUM POST COVID-19 CONDITION 2.0 FOCUSED REHABILITATION



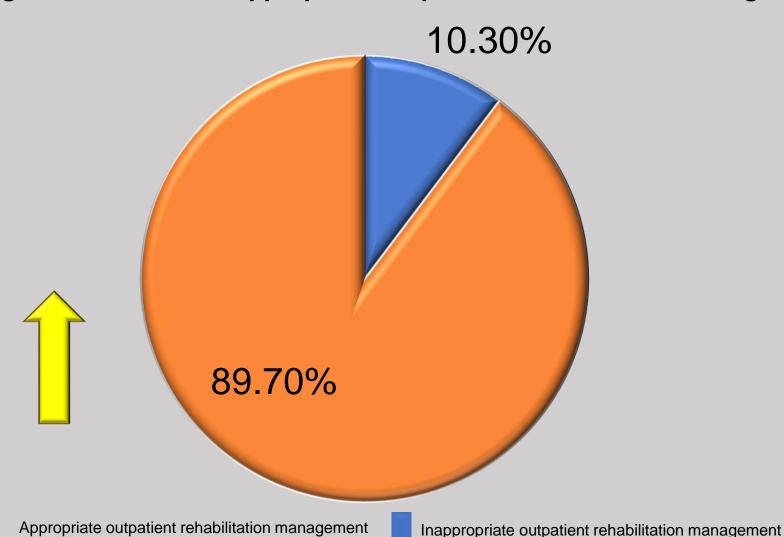


Participated by **63 HSgB interdisciplinary Rehabilitation staffs** with total **246 physical attendance** across Malaysia from various healthcare professional categories and specialties including from MOH, private and universities.

TIME	ACTIVITY	SPEAKER
	Registration	
0810-0815	Science on 5  World Health Organization Update on Post COVID-19 Condition	Video Message
0815-0830	Together for Better!	Dr Yusniza Mohd Yusof
0830-0850	Rehabilitation Medicine Services     Unlocking the Mystery	Dr Akmal Hafizah Zamli
	Unlocking the Mystery COVID-19 Rehabilitation Outpatient Specialized Services (CROSS) – Lessons Learned of 2 Years' Experience	Need of Rehabilitation Medicine Separtment, Hospital Surgai Bulob
0850-0915 0915-0930	Let's Burn the Burn-outs	Pn Juliana Ibrahim / En Khairi Jaffar
	Brain-Gym & Breathworks	Head of Disspational Thomps / Head of Physiotherapy Unit, Hospital Surger Bullsh
0930-1215	Multidisciplinary Update Lecture Series  The Science Behind - What We Know So Far and How Do We Handle It.	Dr Nor Arisah Misnan Casullat kilatasa Disasa Physica Hapital Sarga Bulik
	Pulmonary Impacts – Outcomes, Interventions & Expectations	Dr Syazatul Syakirin Sirol Aflah Carautust Napisatory Mysicas, Respeatory Medicine Buttiste, Napi Male's Larger
	Rehabilitation Medicine Perspectives – The Panoramic View _ What's New?	Dr Sa'ari Mohamad Yatim Schappe Real of Returbitetion Medicine Services, Head of Returbition Hadican Digartees of Hagain Sending
	Primary Care Management – Tips & Perks	Medican Department Hospital Senting  Dr Sathya Rao Jogullu  Family Medican American & Head of Angung Medills Clinic
	Return to Work - The Ultimate Targett	Or Fazzita Abdul Talib Need of Sahadabatan Medicine Department PERSEED Sahadabatan Control San Abdul Maria Shilata
1215-1235	Perspectives of COVID-19 survivor Long Hauler's Fight – When is the End in Sight?	Dr Pamela Chia Shook Yen Antahitation Physician, Hospital Sarger Bakit
1235-1300	Officiating Ceremony & Launch of Self Rehabilitation 3-Minutes-Video-Series	Dr Yusniza Mohd Yusof / Dr Nik Nor Aniza Nik Mohd Zin Hanf of Rehabilistus Medicae Zenase Ulenby of Hanfit Mulaysis'
1300-1400	Lunch & Zohor Prayer	Contract of Helphan Surgar Lance
1400-1530	Interdisciplinary Rehabilitation Case Studies The Generics - Top 5 Tips	Pn Ruhini Md Isa
	Nursing Strategies	Need of Rehabilitation Ward, Hespital Sangel Builds
	Basic Spirometry Outcomes	Dr Akmal Hafrzah Zamii Mad of Rehabilitatus Medicar Digusteres, Hagelel Zangai Rubii
	Breath Works & Chest Clearance	En Khairi Jaffar
	Physiotherapy interventions     The Challenging Struggle	Head of Physiotherapy Ond, Heapthal Bargor Bulleh Pro Julianna (Brashiro)
	Occupational Therapy Strategies - Fatique, Stress, Brain Fog &	Newfor December of Though Unit, Hospital Surger Bales
	The Power of Breath	Dr Akmal Hafizah Zamli
	Rehabilitative Ultrasound - Diaphragmatic Breathing	Head of Estudidantes Medicine Separations, Harpital Surger (Leith)
	Neurological Complications	Dr Pamela Chia Shook Yen Adubitation Physical Regulat Large (Math
1530-1700	Video & Hands-on Series	
	Station 1: The Basics Peak Expiratory Flow Rate	Dr Muhammad Shafaat So'af
	Basic Spirometry	Dr Pamela Chia Sook Yen / Dr Ho Wan Yi
	Station 2:Rehabilitative Ultrasound	Dr Akmal Hafizah Zamli / Dr Raagini Letchumanan /
	Diaphragmatic Breathing	Dr Sharifah Nur'aini Said Abdul Karim
	Station 3:Secretion Mobilization	Control of Mileson
	Mechanical Handheld Chest Percussors     Mechanical Vest Chest Percussors	Dr Tan Bee Cher Dr Dayang Nur Atheerah Kamaruddin/ Dr Izuan
	Mechanical Insufflation-Exsufflation Device	Efendi Abd Wahab Dr Akmal Hafizah Zamli/ Dr Aqeela Othman
	Station 4:Chronic Non-Productive Cough	Talib/ Dr Fatin Nabila Hanis
	• Steam Inhalation	Dr Fatnin Faqiha Azmi Mahmud
	Active Cycle Breathing Techniques	Pn Nazhatul Shima Md Nasir
	Step Cough Exercises     Station 5: Lung Volume Recruitment Adjuncts	Dr Faezah Kamaluddin
	Low-Capacity Incentive Spirometer	Dr Reginald Valentino Rapieng
	High-Capacity incentive Spirometer	En Nasrun Mas Sanut @ Mat Sood
	• Inspiratory Muscle Trainer	Dr Amitha Na Sherg Lhung
	Oscillating Positive Expiratory Pressure Device	Dr Hanis Atia Harun
	Station 6: Relaxation Strategies Progressive Muscle Relaxation	Pn Juliana Ibrahim
	Breathing Techniques	Pn Wan Nur Antinina Wan Ata Pn Rosilawati Zainal
	Monthologes	Pn Rosilawati Zginal

## POST CYCLE 3 INTERVENTION RESULT

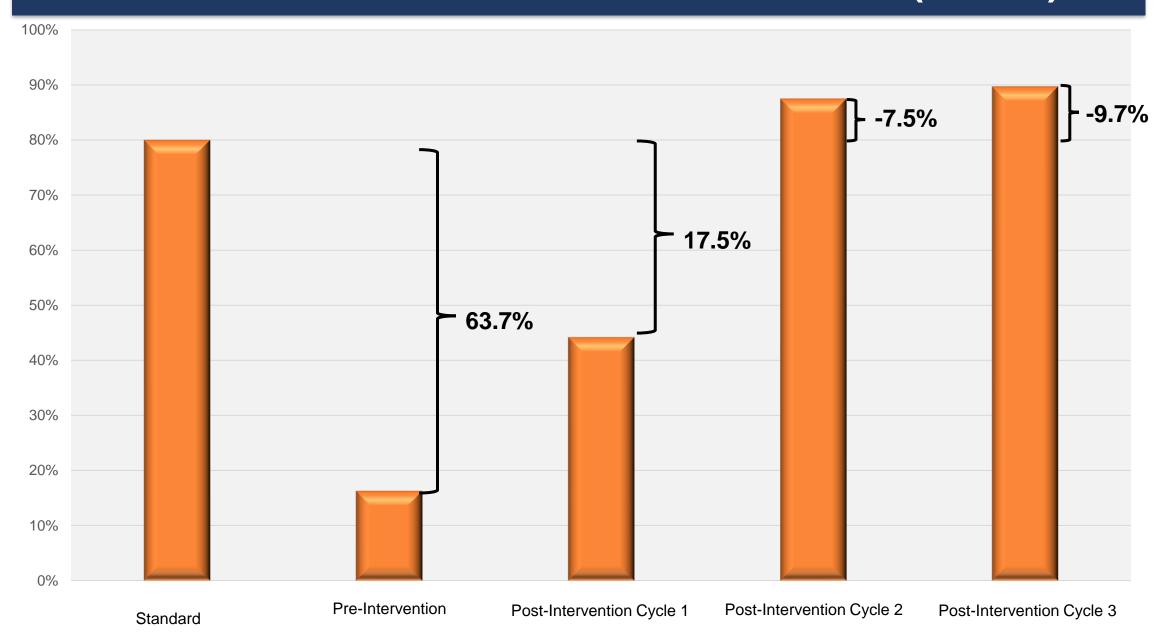
Percentage of Patients With Appropriate Outpatient Rehabilitation Management



## **MODEL OF GOOD CARE**

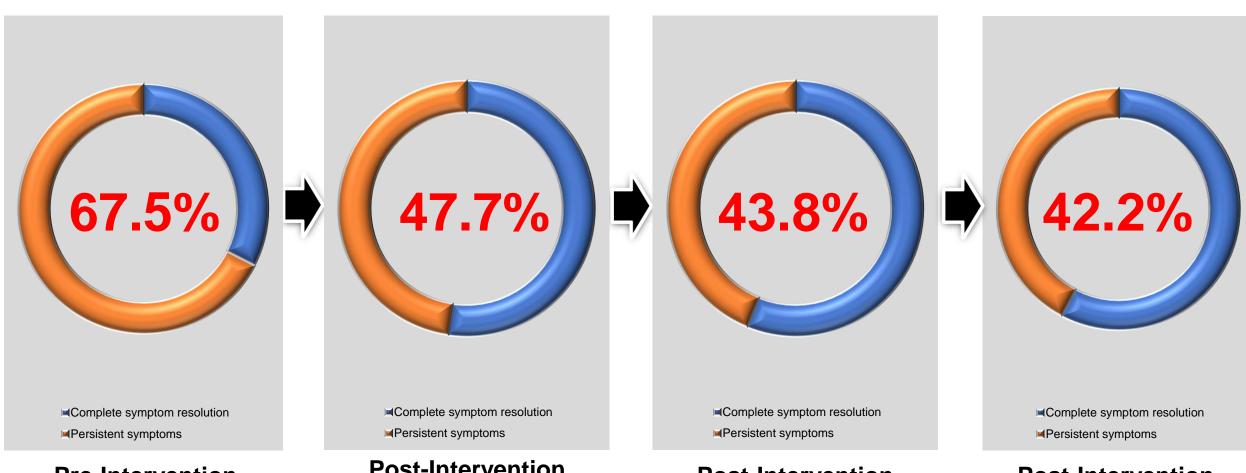
No	Critical Steps	Criteria	Std	Ver	Cycle 1	Cycle 2	Cycle 3
1.	Screening by	<ul> <li>Vital signs screening including BP, HR, RR, Temp, Pain Score</li> </ul>	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	nurses	■ Body Mass Index (BMI)	100%	0%	54%	100%	100%
		<ul> <li>Multi-system screening for PCC symptoms</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%	100%	100%	100%
2.	Clinical	History taking and clinical examination	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	examination by medical	<ul> <li>Physical function assessment using standardised outcome measure</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%	68.5%	94.2%	96%
	officer	Cognitive function assessment using standardised outcome measure	100%	16.3%	68.5%	94.2%	96%
		<ul> <li>Psychological function assessment using standardised outcome measure</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%	68.5%	94.2%	96%
		<ul> <li>Evaluate the effect of PCC using functional outcome measure</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%	68.5%	94.2%	95.3%
		<ul> <li>Assessment of O<sub>2</sub> saturation at rest and during exertion</li> </ul>	100%	32%	68.5%	100%	100%
3.	Consultation	<ul><li>Review of PCC symptoms</li></ul>	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	by Rehabilitation Physician	<ul> <li>Review of physical, cognitive, psychological &amp; functional outcome measure</li> </ul>	100%	16.3%	68.5%	94.2%	95.3%
	1 TryStolati	<ul> <li>Order for investigations as indicated</li> </ul>	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
		Prescribe symptomatic treatment as indicated	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
		<ul> <li>Referral for other specialties or therapies as indicated</li> </ul>	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
4.	Prescription of	<ul> <li>Provide patient education</li> </ul>	100%	47%	77%	100%	100%
	rehabilitation program	<ul> <li>Provide educational resources for PCC</li> </ul>	100%	21%	44.2%	100%	100%
	p. 09. a	<ul> <li>Provide personalised exercise / therapy</li> </ul>	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

## ACHIEVABLE BENEFIT NOT ACHIEVED (ABNA)



## CLINICAL IMPACT

## Improving complete symptoms resolution among patients



Pre-Intervention Post-Intervention Cycle 1

Post-Intervention Cycle 2

Post-Intervention Cycle 3

## COST IMPACT

## Interdisciplinary Rehabilitation Cost of A Single Session (Based on FPP Schedule)

Description	Cost
Registration	RM10.00
Doctors Consultation	RM60.00
Education Session	RM20
Modified Barth Line x	R 150
Mini Mental State Livanina pr	F 160
Group Education Session	RM20
Rehabilitation of All Disabilities	RM120
Physiotherapy	RM20
Occupational Therapy	RM20
Grand Total	RM380

#### JAMA Health Forum.



#### The Costs of Long COVID

David M. Cutler, PhD

More than 6 million people have died from COVID-19 worldwide, including nearly 1 million in the US.1 But mortality is not the only adverse consequence of COVID-19. Many survivors suffer long-term impairment, officially termed postacute sequelae of SARS-CoV-2 infection and commonly called long Author affiliations and article information are listed at the end of this article

Long COVID—typically defined as symptoms lasting more than 30 days after acute COVID infection—has received some public attention, but it is not nearly as intense as it is for acute COVID-19 infection. Support groups are devoted to the condition, and Congress has allocated more than \$1 billion to the National Institutes of Health to study it. But the relatively meager attention that has been paid to long COVID is unfortunate because its health and economic consequences are likely to be every bit as substantial

People who have mor acute disease is not a prere

The most common s variety of organ syst implicated), along wi

pathways may involve autoimmune respor

Table 1. The Economic Cost of Long COVID

The most common sympto-	Table 1. The Economic Cos	t of Long COVID
variety of organ systems (t	Impact	Value (\$ billion)
implicated), along with me	Reduced quality of life	\$2,195
pathways may involve dire	Reduced earnings	\$997
autoimmune responses.	Increased medical spending	\$528
Because many preval	, ,	
COVID-19 support groups of	Total cost	\$3,719
COVID is not entirely know	Cost per capita	\$11,189
infection will have at least 1	Percent of 2019 GDP	17%
will have 3 or more sympto	TOTAL CLEUTS OFF	2770

Rates this high transla

Disease Control and Prevention estimates that as of May 5, 2022, the US has had roughly 81 million cases of COVID-19 and 994 187 COVID deaths. Even the lower-end estimate of 12% of people with 3 or more symptoms of long COVID implies that 9.6 million people in the US may have developed long COVID-roughly 10 times the number of COVID-19 deaths. It is not known how long people with long

COVID will be symptom be very slow.4

Reduced health is were out of the labor fo million people may be o

because of long COVID, workforce because of lo social care, and retail.71

Pound Sterling \$528 = Ringgit Malaysia RM3,124.63 medical This reduction in It expenditure for person with Long

wages and prices. Part of the recent surge in inflation in the US may thus be related to long COVID.

People who are no longer able to work may also apply for Social Security Disability Insurance. To date, there has been no sustained increase in disability insurance applications since the onset of COVID-19. This is good news, though it bears watching as disability centers continue reopening from their COVID-19 shutdowns.

Citation: Cutler DM. The Costs of Long COVID. JAMA Health Forum, 2022 May 6;3(5):e221809.doi:10.1001/jamahealthforum.2022.180 9 PMID: 36219031

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## COST SAVING



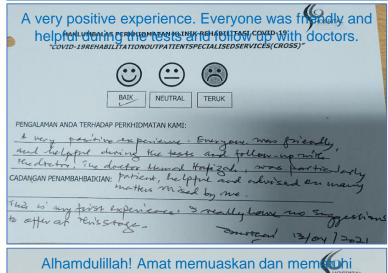
<sup>\*</sup> Calculation based on survivors that achieved complete symptoms resolution during the QA/QI study

# SURVIVORS' FEEDBACK

'Saya berterima kasih dengan Jabatan Perubatan Rehabilitasi Hospital Sungai Buloh atas pelaksanaan CROSS di mana pelaksanaannya telah membantu saya dari segi latihan fizikal, latihan pernafasan, latihan memori dan emosi untuk menaharunai simptom 'lona covid' ini dan seterusnya kembali berkhidmat dan bergaul dalam masyarakat."

- En. Nazir Pejuang pesakit Covid-19 kategori 5A





beberraparkaedalipwamguditatankan bagi menjamin

memafuli beberaya candah ya titetaphan

"COVID-19 REHABILITATION OUTPATENT CHECKLES PRENISCHICKROSS)"

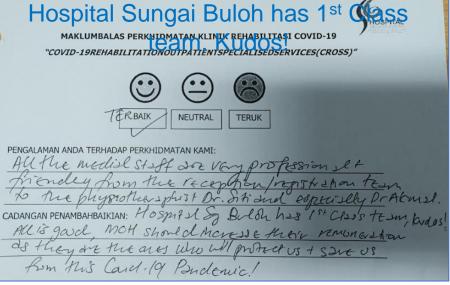
Alham whilah! Awa menyaskan da

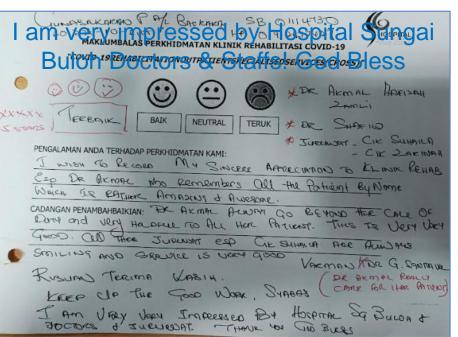
CABANDAN PENAMBAHBAIKIAN: 15 Ferbenk. Waly And

by menjamin Desalted boya

Kandah frantatacan

heng da tiwator in







Alhamdulillah dengan bantuan pasukan Rehabilitasi Hospital Sa Buloh, keadaan sava bertambah baik dalam menangani gejala-gejala Long Covid. Senaman pernafasan dan senaman ringan untuk kekuatan otot yang diajar sangat membantu saya untuk mengembalikan keupayaan dir untuk menjalani kehidupan seharian.

 Encik Azmi Mahmud. Pejuang Covid-19 Kategori

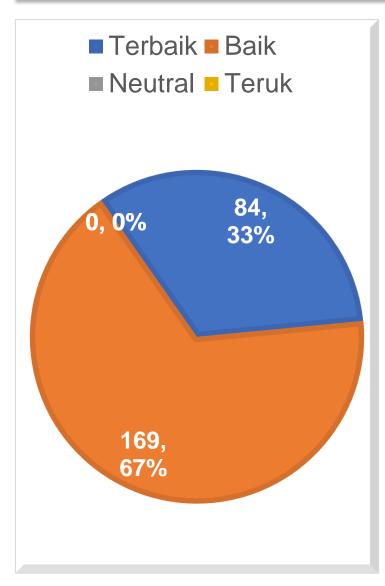
Walking exercise to ascertain endurance is good.

Staffs of the service of the services (cross)"

Staffs of the services of the services (cross)"

Staffs of the services of the services (cross)" were done. Good experience & well done NEUTRAL TERUK PENGALAMAN ANDA TERHADAP PERKHIDMATAN KAMI: 1) Walking Exercise to accertain the endurance - Good STAFF I DRS EXPLAIN CLEARLY ON THE TEST THAT WERE DONE GOOD EXPERIENCE AND WELL DONE CADANGAN PENAMBAHBAIKIAN: THANK YOU SO MUCH FOR TAKING CARE OF MY WELL BEING Very Good. I am very impressed by the services renderedatorimina every remainas (2010/18 re PENGALAMAN ANDA TERHADAP PERKHIDMATAN KAMI: Using good I am very impress by the services pendiced to me by every single staff here. They are poste, very patrance, very good in explanation especially the doctor who attended to me. Overall very sattrified. Thank you so much 6 God Bless You all in Renab Clinic staff

# SURVIVORS' RATING (N=253)



BIL	PENGALAMAN ANDA TERHADAP PERKHIDMATAN KAMI:							
1	SERVICES SANGAT OKAY! DOCTORS AND NURSES ARE ALL KIND AND NICE. THEY SPEAK SOFTLY AND REALLY HELP BOOST CONFIDENT							
2	EXCELLENT CONSULTATION & WELL-TRAINED STAFF. VERY FRIENDLY INDEED							
3	EXCELLENT SERVICE. THE DOCTORS AND NURSES ARE VERY GOOD							
4	EXCELLENT SERVICE. THERAPIST WAS THROUGH IN CHECKING							
5	AMAT MEMUASKAN							
6	VERY HELPFUL, CARING THANK YOU							
7	AMAT CEMERLANG							
8	SANGAT BAIK DAN SAYA RASA SELESA							
9	TUNJUK AJAR UNTUK MELAKUKAN EXERCISE SANGAT BAIK DAN MANTAP							
10	VERY EFFICIENT. FAST AND HAPPY							
11	ALHAMDULILLAH PERKHIDMATAN YANG SAYA DAPAT TERBAIK, PENERANGAN JELAS DAN MUDAH FAHAM. TERBAIK							
12	VERY GOOD, VERY DETAILS ALL STAFF VERY FRIENDLY & CARE TO PATIENT.							
13	KALI PERTAMA DATANG KE KLINIK REHABILITATION DAPAT LAYANAN YANG BAIK DENGAN PHYSIO DAN REHABILITASI							
14	ALL DOCTORS AND NURSES ARE VERY HELPFUL-OOMPH							
15	SANGAT PANTAS, INFORMASI YANG DIBERIKAN JELAS DAN MEMUASKAN							
16	SANGAT BAIK. DOKTOR BEKERJASAMA, PENERANGAN LENGKAP SEMUA STAFF TERSANGAT BAIK							
17	TERBAIK FROM EVERY STAFF							
18	EXCELLENT:)							
19	BAGUS, TERBAIK, MESRA PELANGGAN							
20	SANGAT BERPUAS HATI DENGAN KERJASAMA DARI DOCTOR, FISIO TERAPI, OCC TERAPI							
21	ALHAMDULILLAH, TERBAIK, SEGALA PERTANYAAN SAYA DIJAWAB DENGAN BAIK, MUDAH DI FAHAMI.							
22	EXTREMELY SATISFIED. VERY GOOD COACHING FROM THE DOCTOR. VERY CLEAR EXPLANATION. THANK YOU FOR THI CLEAR GUIDANCE							
23	TERBIAK							
24	ALHAMDULILLAH! AMAT MEMUASKAN DENGAN MEMATUHI BEBERAPA KAEDAH YANG DITETAPKAN BAGI MENJAMIN PESAKIT BERADA DITAHAP YANG TERBAIK. INSHAALLAH.							
25	EXCELLENT SERVICE-BEYOND EXPECTATION							
26	EXPERIENCE WAS REALLY AMAZING. STAFF VERY FRIENDLY & SHARE GOOD INFORMATIVE ABOUT COVID.							
27								
28	EXCELLENT! STAFF ARE POLITE AND DETAIL. DR AKMAL IS AWESOME. SHE VERY KIND AND PATIENT. WE NEED MORE DR'S LIKE HER. THANK YOU DR. AKMAL. GOD BLESS YOU							
29	BAIK DAN TERBAIK.							
30	PERKHIDMATAN DI PUSAT REHAB SANGAT BAIK DAN STAFF MESRA PESAKIT. SAYA TENANG DAN SELESA. TERIMA KASIH NURSE DAN DOKTOR							
31	VERY GOOD, I AM VERY IMPRESS BY THE SERVICE RENDERED TO ME BY EVERY SINGLE STAFF HERE. THEY ARE POLITE, VERY PATIENCE, VERY GOOD IN EXPLANATION ESPECIALLY THE DOCTOR WHO ATTENDED TO ME.							
32	I WISH TO RECORD MY SINCERE APPRECIATION TO KLINIK REHAB ESPECIALLY DR AKMAL WHO REMEBERS ALL THE PATIENT BY NAME WHICH IS RATHER AMAZING & AWESOME. DR KAMLA AWAY GO BEYOND HER CARE OF DUTY AND VERY HELPFUL TO ALL HER PATIENT. THIS IS VERY VERY GOOD. ALL THE JURURAWAT ESPECIALLY CIK SUHAILA ARE							
	ALWAYS SMILING AND SERVICE IS VERY GOOD. RIBUAN TERIMA KASIH. KEEP UP THE GOOD WORK, SYABAS. I AM VERY VERY IMPRESSESD BY HOSPITAL SG. BULOH & DOCTORS & JURURAWAT. THANK YOU, GOD BLESS.							

34	SANGAT MEMUASKAN DAN MENEPATI STAFF-STAFF DAN DOKTOR LAYANAN BAGUS & MESRA								
35	EXCELLENT - IN EVERY WAY & DETAIL, CURTEOUS FROM STAFF - DOCTOR								
36	A VERY POSITIVE EXPERIENCE. EVERYONE WAS FRIENDLY, AND HELPFUL DURING THE TESTS AND FOLLOW-UP WITH THE DOCTOR. THE DOCTOR AKMAL HAFIZAH, WAS PARTICULARLY PATIENT, HELPFUL AND ADVISED ON MANY MATTERS RAISED BY ME.								
37	SANGAT MEMUASKAN - PROFESIONALLY								
38	ALL THE MEDICAL STAFF ARE VERY PROFESSIONAL & FRIENDLY FROM THE RECEPTION/ REGISTRATION TEAM TO THE PHYSIOTHERAPIST DR. SITI AND ESPECIALLY DR AKMAL. HOSPITAL SG. BULOH HAS 1ST CLASS TEAM, KUDOS!								
39	PERTAMA KALI MENERIMA RAWATAN. INI ADALAH PERKHIDMATAN YANG TERBAIK SAYA TERIMA.								
40	LAYANAN YANG MEMUASKAN DARI NURSE DAN DR SANGAT FRIENDLY DAN SOPAN								
41	PENJELASAN YANG TERBAIK DARI DR								
42	SAYA ZAKARIA B AB. RAHMAN TERIMA LAYANAN SANGAT MEMUASKAN SAYA UCAP TERIMA KASIH.								
43	OK. LEBIH BERKESAN DARI NASIHAT DR. MEMULIHKAN KESIHATAN								
44	PUASHATI. ALHAMDULILLAH, PERKHIDMATAN YANG DIBERIKAN TERBAIK.								
45	BANYAK TUNJUK AJAR. PERKHIDMATAN TERBAIK BAGI SAYA, TERIMA KASIH BANYAK								
46	TERBAIK								
47	VERY FRIENDLY. I WAS TREATED IN A VERY GOOD MANNER. TQVM TO ALL THE STAFF AND DR.								
48	LAYANAN MESRA & PENJELASAN RAWATAN SANGAT JELAS								
49	ORGANISED AND WELL-MANNERED STAFF								
50	BERTEGUR, SOPAN DAN TELITI TERHADAP PESAKIT								
51	MEMUASKAN. MEMBERI PELAJARAN TENTANG TEKNIK-TEKNIK PEMULIHAN PERNAFASAN								
52	MENGETAHUI BERKENAAN COVID-19 DENGAN TERPERINCI & EXERCISE YANG PERLU DILAKUKAN.								
53	KEKALKAN PERKHIDMATAN YANG TERBAIK INI BUAT SELAMANYA-LAMANYA. JUTAAN!! TERIMA KASIH KEPADA WARGA HOSPITAL SUNGAI BULOH								
54	BEST SERVICE AND COULD NOT THINK HOW TO IMPROVE IT- MAINTAIN								
55	THANK YOU SO MUCH FOR TAKING CARE OF MY WELL BEING								
56	ALL IS GOOD, MOH SHOULD INCREASE THEIR RECOMMENDATION AS THEY ARE THE ONE WHO WILL PROTECT US AND SAVE US FROM THIS COVID-19 PANDEMIC!								
57	PENGALAMAN SANGAT BAHARU & LAYANAN YANG BAIK DI PERINGKAT KAUNTER, STAF SEHINGGA DOKTOR								
58	BAIK DAN SANGAT TERATUR DAN JELAS								
57	DR. SHIKIN VERY FRIENDLY & HELPFUL								
58	ALHAMDULILLAH SEMUANYA BAIK.								
59	BAIK, MESRA, BERSOPAN-SANTUN								
60	BANGUS SANGAT SERVICES								
61	PENGALAMAN SANGAT BAHARU & LAYANAN YANG BAIK DI PERINGKAT KAUNTER, STAF SEHINGGA DOKTOR								
62	BAIK DAN SANGAT TERATUR DAN JELAS								
63	SANGAT PUAS DENGAN PERKHIDMATAN								
64	GOOD AND EXCELLENT EXERCISE								
65	TERBAIK								
66	MENDAPAT LAYANAN BAIK PERKHDIMATAN CEPAT								

# LESSONS LEARNT

## **Strengths**

- First QA project that specifically focus on rehabilitation aspect of COVID-19.
- Pioneered multidisciplinary and structured rehabilitation clinic for Long COVID.
- Highest number of database for Long COVID survivors in Malaysia.
- Research works and publication of Long COVID rehabilitation.
- Led to locally adapted educational resources across various platforms, which had benefitted not only the community but also healthcare professionals.

# LESSON LEARNT

## Limitations

- Change in virus virulence and PHEIC has led to subminimal comparability.
- Change to hybrid system with full conventional rehab cases.

# Different perspectives if the project is repeated

 Multi-centre involvement may provide generalisability of findings for the nation.

# THE NEXT STEPS

## **Future Plans**

- Expand applicability to other conventional rehab cases TBI, SCI, stroke.
- Expand other various potential research topics trajectory of Long COVID; Return to Work; economics of Long COVID & vaccination research.

# VALUE ADDED FEATURES

# **COMMUNITY EMPOWERMENT ON LOCAL EXPERIENCE IN POST COVID-19 CONDITION & REHABILITATION**



General public awareness through mass media and electronic

### ARTICLE BY THE STAR

English-language daily



### Health DG: Over 60% of long Covid patients continue to have symptoms

PETALING JAYA: More than 60% of long Covid patients referred to the rehabilitation centre in Hospital Sungai Buloh from November 2020 to September this year continued to have persistent symptoms, says Health director-general Tan Sri Dr Noor Hisham Abdullah Dr Noor Hisham said during the period, 2,712 long Covid patients were referred to the Covid-19 Rehabilitation Outpatient (Cross) at Hospital Sungai Buloh within four to 12 weeks after infection

Out of this, 984 cases or 36.3% recovered completely from symptoms experienced, 1,715 or 63.2% cases continued to have symptoms while 13, or

"However, checks on their medical records found that there were other comorbidities factors contributing to these deaths, such as cancer, kidney failure, heart attack, blood infection and lung infection

"Generally, most Covid-19 patients in Malaysia have the potential to make a full recovery, but there are a few patients facing complications known as "Long Covid is when former Covid-19 patients still show signs and symptoms following recovery from infection," he said in a statement on

Dr Noor Hisham said analysis on the same database found that a total of 2,324 patients had undergone evaluation after 12 weeks of post Covid-19

## ARTICLE BY FREE MALAYSIA TODAY (FMT)

https://www.freemalaysiatoday.com/category/nation/2021/11/10/2712-sent-to-long-covid-rehab-centre Date: 10 November 2021

### 2,712 sent to Long Covid rehab center

PETALING JAYA: A total of 2,712 long Covid patients have been referred to the rehabilitation centre from November last year to September, the health ministry said. It said the patients were sent to the Covid-19 Rehabilitation Outpatient Specialised Services (CROSS) centre at Sungai Buloh Hospital. Long Covid patients are those who have recovered but experience ongoing symptoms five to 12 weeks after the initial Covid-19 infection.

Health director-general Dr Noor Hisham Abdullah said that of the total number, 984 (36.3%) cases fully recovered from the symptoms, 1,715 (63.2%) cases still experienced persistent symptoms while 13 had died. On the fatalities, he said a review of medical records found that there were other factors that contributed to the deaths, namely cancer, kidney failure, heart attack, bacterial infection in the blood as well as lung infections. Noor Hisham noted that a total of 2,324 patients had undergone evaluation

"It was found that 97.5% of them were patients in Category 4 and 5," he said in a statement. Of these 2,324 cases, a total of 914 (39.4%) fully recovered while 1,410 (60.6%) cases still experienced persistent symptoms, with most of them reporting more than one symptom. The five most frequently reported symptoms were lethargy (71.8%), breathing difficulties while doing activities (61.9%), cough (13.6%), pain (13.2%), and sleeping difficulties (11%).

### ARTICLE BY THE EDGE MARKETS

The Edge (Malaysia)

### HEEDGE MARKETS

### Long Covid: A challenge for Malaysian employer

KUALA LUMPUR (Nov 20): International SOS, one of the world's leading health and security companies, has identified Long Covid as a challenge for businesses in Malaysia and around the world, the CodeBlue health news portal reported. Globally, increasing cases of long Covid are now being documented, as many people report

sternational SOS medical director for Singapore and Malaysia Dr Chan Yaniun was quoted as saving

Health director-coneral Tan Sri Dr Noor Hisham Abdullah has said that as of Oct 30, a total of 5.193 patients have undergone treatment and monitoring rehabilitatio programmes to address long Covid symptoms nationwide, involving 31 public hospitals, four university hospitals, and six private health facilities

The five most frequently reported symptoms of long Covid are letharcy (71.8%), difficulty in breathing while performing activities (61.9%), coughing (13.6%), pain (13.2%)

"According to the Ministry of Health (MoH), from November 2020 to September this year, 2.712 long Covid patients were rvices (CROSS) at Hospital Sungai Buloh within four to 12 weeks after infection. From this, 984 cases or 36.3% recovered completely from emptoms experienced, but 1,715 or 63.2% of cases continued to have persistent symptoms," Dr Chan shared.



English-language daily newspaper in Malaysia.



8/8/22, 12:15 AM

Support is available for long haulers I The Star

## Support is available for long haulers

















#### NATION ...

Monday, 07 Mar 2022

erest issues will always warrant

PETALING JAYA: Covid-19 long haulers suffer an array of symptoms, with less than 70% of those referred to the rehabilitation unit at Hospital Sungai Buloh returning to work within three months of recovery.

Measures have been put in place by the Health Ministry to support long Covid sufferers, with at least 5,856 of them benefiting from rehabilitation at the ministry's facilities, including Sabah and Sarawak.

Hospital Sungai Buloh rehabilitation medicine department head Dr Akmal Hafizah Zamli said its Covid-19 Rehabilitation Outpatient Specialised Services (CROSS) was established in November 2020 as the first rehabilitation medicine service dedicated to long Covid sufferers in the country.

According to the CROSS database from November 2020 to January 2022 of mainly Category 4 and 5 Covid-19 patients aged 13 to 89, 62.4% (or 2.987) continued to have symptoms after more than three

"Analysis of the CROSS database also revealed that from the total cohort of 2,987 patients, 1,470 out of 2,220 applicable patients, or 66.2%, successfully returned to work in less than three months.

"Meanwhile, the reasons for not returning to work are wide-ranging, including loss of job as the company had reduced operations or closed down due to the economic impact of the pandemic, trauma and fear of contracting the infection again, lack of new job opportunities and also still recovering from the after-effects of Covid-19 or long Covid.

"Common symptoms of long Covid are wide-ranging, with the most common being fatigue, exertional

Kelantan's RM256mil Bukit Merbau

fog and hair.





https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2022/03/07/support-is-available-for-long-haulers

# **COMMUNITY EMPOWERMENT ON POST COVID-19 CONDITION & REHABILITATION**

General

# **COVID-19 Rehabilitation** Outpatient Specialised Services (CROSS) Pandemic Calamity Response

A s one of the designated epicentre hospitals for COVID-19, Hospital Sungai Buloh (HSgB) manages an increasing number of cases This includes moderately severe categories as the current third wave of the pandemic hits our country.

The result is a shift in the profile demand for rehabilitation medicine services in HSgB, from neuromedical, musculoskeletal, spinal and neurosurgical services, to new rehabilitation services related to the COVID-19 response.

The need to formalise a specialised, structured and comprehensive rehabilitation medicine services that caters for the intermediate and long term effects of COVID-19 in the moderately severe Stage 4 & 5 survivors was agreed upon between the multidisciplinary team involved in COVID-19 management on 6 November 2020.

The main goals were to identify and manage any residual impairment expected, primarily in the pulmonary, musculoskeletal and cognitive domains This will help optimise the COVID-19 survivors' return to their best functional level. or in severe cases, to adapt to living with residual disabilities.

The multidisciplinary initiative supported by HSgB Director Dr Kuldip Kaur led to a comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation medicine service called COVID-19 Rehabilitation Outpatient Specialised Services (CROSS) clinic. It serves as a one-stop centre for assessment, with provision for customised rehabilitation prescription and monitoring of rehabilitation outcomes for moderately severe COVID-19 survivors. The aim is to provide for their intermediate and long term rehabilitation needs following an initial acute hospital discharge.



The multidisciplinary meeting between the different Head of Units/Departments

At any one time, the CROSS clinic team will comprise:

- · two Medical Officers · two nursing personnel
- · two Physiotherapists

With this interdisciplinary approach, diagnosis, management and prognostication of complex medical impairments and disabilities are made comprehensively Hence, realistic and customised rehabilitation goals and prescriptions will be formulated based on input from multidisciplinary team members whenever required.

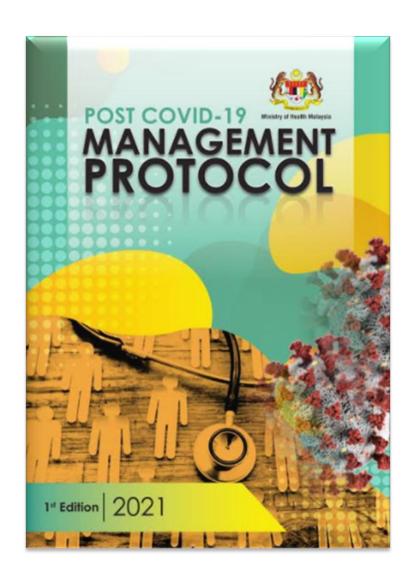
The pillars in our comprehensive rehabilitation strategies for COVID-19 survivors predominantly involve pulmonary, musculoskeletal and cognitive rehabilitation. Psychosocial assessment and support are also provided whenever indicated. Examples of the specific rehabilitation prescription include assisted airway clearance techniques, deep breathing exercises, graded physical activity, energy conservation techniques, re-training of daily living activities, relaxation techniques, cognitive therapy, adaptive and

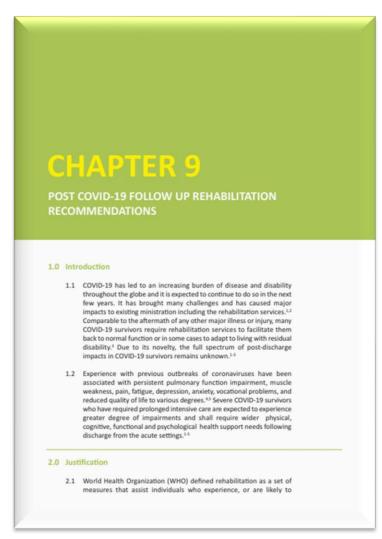


Selaras dengan pewartaan Hospital Sungai Buloh sebagai salah satu fasiliti utama dengan fungsi 'Fully COVID-19', pelbagai bidang kepakaran multi-discipline seperti Jabatan Perubatan, Jabatan Psikiatri & Kesihatan Mental, Unit Respiratori Hospital Universiti Teknologi MARA serta Jabatan Perubatan Rehabilitasi telah memulakan inisiatif perkhidmatan baharu dinamakan COVID-19 Rehabilitation Outpatient Specialised Services (CROSS) bermula 6 November 2020.

Perkhidmatan ini disediakan khusus bagi kes severe COVID-19 (peringkat 4 & 5) survivors yang mengalami multiple residual medical impairments and physical disabilities. Sehingga kini, lebih daripada 1,000 pesakit severe COVID-19 telah dirujuk bagi perkhidmatan ini.

# CONTRIBUTION IN POST COVID-19 MANAGEMENT PROTOCOL MOH MALAYSIA







## SENARAI HOSPITAL DAN FASILITI KESIHATAN YANG MENYEDIAKAN PERKHIDMATAN PERUBATAN REHABILITASI BAGI LONG COVID:



Wilayah Persekutuan Kuala Lumpur dan Putrajaya	<ul> <li>Hospital Rehabilitasi Cheras</li> <li>Hospital Kuala Lumpur</li> <li>Pusat Perubatan Universiti Malaya</li> <li>Hospital Chancellor Tunku Mukhriz</li> <li>Hospital Universiti Putra Malaysia</li> <li>Hospital Daehan Rehab (Putrajaya)</li> <li>Pusat Perubatan Prince Court</li> <li>Hospital Gleneagles Kuala Lumpur</li> <li>Pusat Perubatan Ara Damansara</li> </ul>
	Hospital Sungai Buloh
	Hospital Serdang
Selangor	<ul> <li>Hospital Tengku Ampuan Rahimah, Klang</li> </ul>
	Hospital Shah Alam
	<ul> <li>Hospital Teknologi MAR</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Hospital ReGen Rehab</li> </ul>
	Hospital Sunway
	Hospital Tuanku Jaafar Seremban
	Hospital Rembau
Negeri Sembilan	Hospital Bandar Seri Jempol
	Hospital Tuanku Ampuan Najihah
28	Hospital Tengku Ampuan Afzan
Pahang	Hospital Sultan Haji Ahmad Shah
-51-1	Hospital Raja Perempuan Zainab II
Kelantan	Hospital Universiti Sains Malaysia
	Hospital Pulau Pinang
Pulau Pinang	Hospital Seberang Jaya



## SENARAI HOSPITAL DAN FASILITI KESIHATAN YANG MENYEDIAKAN PERKHIDMATAN PERUBATAN REHABILITASI BAGI LONG COVID:



Hospital Sultanah Bahiyah     Hospital Jitra     Hospital Kuala Nerang     Hospital Sultan Abdul Halim
Hospital Raja Permaisuri Bainun     Hospital Batu Gajah
Hospital Sandakan     Hospital Queen Elizabeth
Hospital Umum Sarawak Hospital Miri Hospital Sibu
Hospital Sultan Ismail     Hospital Sultanah Aminah
Hospital Kemaman     Hospital Sultanah Nur Zahirah     Hospital Dungun
Hospital Melaka     Pusat Rehabilitasi PERKESO Tun Abdul Razak





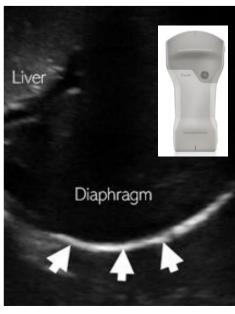
# POST COVID-19 REHABILITATION ATTACHMENT & VISITORS 2021 - 2024

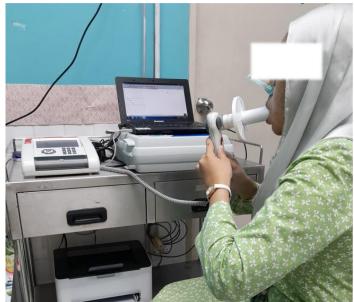




# PROVISION OF NEW EQUIPMENTS FOR POST COVID-19 REHABILITATION SERVICES









2 Units of mechanical handheld chest percussor

Portable wireless handheld ultrasound

**Desktop spirometry** 

Mechanical insufflation exsufflation or cough assist device

# RESEARCH COLLABORATION WITH UNIVERSITIES





## ■ HSgB – HUITM – NIH

"Post COVID-19 Characterization and Prediction – Analyses of **COVID-19 Rehabilitation Outpatient Specialized Services** (**CROSS**) Database in A Primary Designated Hospital of Malaysia". Published



## University Malaya Medical Centre – HSgB

"Long Term Effects of COVID-19 Survivors Requiring Intensive Care Treatment". Received Fundamental Research Grant Scheme (FRGS)".Data Collection.



## HSgB – Taylor's University

"Effectiveness and efficiency of <u>COVID-19</u> <u>Rehabilitation In-patient <u>Specialized</u> <u>Services</u> (**CRISS**) in improving functional outcomes of survivors in a primary designated hospital for COVID-19". Published.</u>



## **HSgB – The National University of Malaysia**

"Economic impact and cost analyses of Long COVID". Data collection.

# INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL PUBLICATION

Original Manuscript

Post-COVID-19 Condition
Characterization: Insights From a
Cross-Sectional Study in a Malaysian
Rehabilitation Center

Asia Pacific Journal of Public Health I-8
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DOI: 10.1177/10105395231203118
journals.sagepub.com/home/aph

**S** Sage

This is the largest study (N=3037) to date assessing and describing PCC in a Southeast Asian cohort involving comprehensive inperson multisystem evaluations.

Although post-COVID-19 condition (PCC) is a major public health concern, studies on PCC in Southeast Asia are lacking. This study aimed to describe PCC symptoms and its functional impact among COVID-19 survivors undergoing outpatient rehabilitation in Malaysia. We evaluated 3037 patients with confirmed COVID-19, referred between November 2020 and September 2022, 3 to 6 months after infection. PCC was diagnosed in 71.1%. Fatigue and dyspnea were the most common symptoms. The PCC patients had reduced respiratory, ambulatory, and musculoskeletal function, and higher fatigue and pain scores, and were less likely to return to work (odds ratio [OR] = 0.55) compared with non-PCC patients. Recognition of PCC symptoms and its functional impact can guide early, tailored, rehabilitation interventions.

### Keywords

COVID-19, long COVID, rehabilitation, post-COVID-19 condition, postacute sequelae of SARS-CoV-2 infection

# DIAPHRAGM FUNCTIONAL EVALUATION

Spiesshoefer et al. Respiratory Research (2022) 23:18 https://doi.org/10.1186/s12931-022-02100-y Respiratory Research

### CORRESPONDENCE

**Open Access** 

Diaphragm dysfunction as a potential determinant of dyspnea on exertion in patients 1 year after COVID-19-related ARDS

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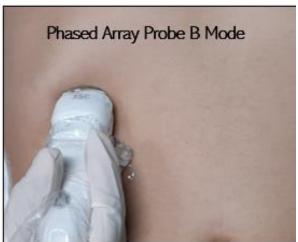
#### Abstract

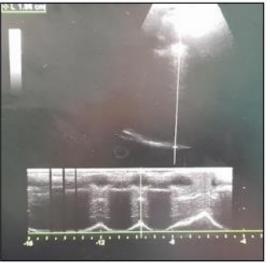
Some COVID-19 patients experience dyspnea without objective impairment of pulmonary or cardiac function. This study determined diaphragm function and its central voluntary activation as a potential correlate with exertional dyspnea after COVID-19 acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS) in ten patients and matched controls. One year post discharge, both pulmonary function tests and echocardiography were normal. However, six patients with persisting dyspnea on exertion showed impaired volitional diaphragm function and control based on ultrasound, magnetic stimulation and balloon catheter-based recordings. Diaphragm dysfunction with impaired voluntary activation can be present 1 year after severe COVID-19 ARDS and may relate to exertional dyspnea.

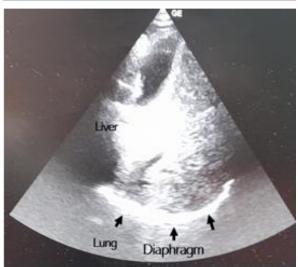
This prospective case-control study was registered under the trial registration number NCT04854863 April, 22 2021

Keywords: Coronavirus, Mechanical ventilation, Long COVID, Diaphragm function, Dyspnea









# DESKTOP SPIROMETRY

# AMERICAN THORACIC SOCIETY DOCUMENTS

### Standardization of Spirometry 2019 Update

An Official American Thoracic Society and European Respiratory Society Technical Statement

Brian L. Graham, Irene Steenbruggen, Martin R. Miller, Igor Z. Barjaktarevic, Brendan G. Cooper, Graham L. Hall, Teal S. Hallstrand, David A. Kaminsky, Kevin McCarthy, Meredith C. McCormack, Cristine E. Oropez, Margaret Rosenfeld, Sanja Stanojevic, Maureen P. Swanney<sup>†</sup>, and Bruce R. Thompson; on behalf of the American Thoracic Society and the European Respiratory Society

THIS OFFICIAL TECHNICAL STATEMENT WAS APPROVED BY THE AMERICAN THORACIC SOCIETY AND THE EUROPEAN RESPIRATORY SOCIETY SEPTEMBER 2019

### Table 1. Indications for Spirometry

### Diagnosis

To evaluate symptoms, signs, or abnormal laboratory test results

To measure the physiologic effect of disease or disorder

To screen individuals at risk of having pulmonary disease

To assess preoperative risk

To assess prognosis

### Monitoring

To assess response to therapeutic intervention

To monitor disease progression

To monitor patients for exacerbations of disease and recovery from exacerbations

To monitor people for adverse effects of exposure to injurious agents

To watch for adverse reactions to drugs with known pulmonary toxicity

### Disability/impairment evaluations

To assess patients as part of a rehabilitation program

To assess risks as part of an insurance evaluation

To assess individuals for legal reasons

#### Other

Research and clinical trials

Epidemiological surveys

Derivation of reference equations

Preemployment and lung health monitoring for at-risk occupations

To assess health status before beginning at-risk physical activities



# CONCLUSION

- Pre-remedial study showed only 16.3% of moderately severe COVID-19 survivors received completed outpatient rehabilitation management.
- The key contributing factors included **lack of awareness, knowledge** and **practice** among rehab professionals; poor awareness and knowledge among patients, lack of specific guidelines and educational resources.
- Various strategies for change has been implemented including training sessions, teleconsultation, comprehensive one-stop-centre acronym as CROSS (<u>COVID-19</u> <u>Rehabilitation</u> <u>Outpatient</u> <u>Specialised</u> <u>Services</u>), and provision of educational resources.
- Post intervention showed an **increased percentage** from 16.3% to 44.2% in Cycle 1, to 87.5% in Cycle 2, then to 89.7% in Cycle 3.

# **GANTT CHART**

ACTIVITIES	June 2020	July 2020	Aug 2020	Nov 2020	Dec 2020	Jan - June 2021	Jul – Dec 2021	Jan – June 2022	Jul – Dec 2022	Jan– June 2023	Jul - Dec 2023
Selection of team & brainstorming											
Preparation of Protocols											
Preparation for data collection											
Pre-intervention study											
Data Analysis											
Intervention Activities											
Evaluation 1st cycle											
Evaluation 2 <sup>nd</sup> cycle											
Evaluation 3 <sup>rd</sup> cycle											
Report Writing											

Planned

Completion

- Dr Ummi Kalthom Binti Shamsudin, Director of Selangor State Health Department
- Dr Faizal Bin Mat Arifin, Deputy Director (Medical) of Selangor State Health Department
- Dr Jasmeet Singh a/l Sucha Singh, Director of Hospital Sungai Buloh
- Dr Nik Nor Aniza Binti Nik Mohd Zin, Deputy Director (Medical) Hospital Sungai Buloh
- Dr Kuldip Kaur Prem a/p Singh, Previous Director of Hospital Sungai Buloh (2019 2022)
- Dato' Dr Suresh Kumar Chidambaran, Senior Consultant Infectious Disease and Head of Infectious Disease Ministry of Health Malaysia
- Dr Samsiah Awang, Head of the Centre for Healthcare Quality Research at the Institute for Health Systems Research & Her
   Team
- Dr. Tengku Norita Binti Tengku Yazid , Senior Consultant & Head of Pathology Department Hospital Serdang
- Pn Irne Jumat, Dietetic Officer of Hospital Serdang
- Quality Unit of Selangor State Health Department
- Quality & Cluster Unit of Hospital Sungai Buloh
- Bahagian Pendidikan Kesihatan, My PortalHealth Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia
- All Head of Departments & Heads of Units of Hospital Sungai Buloh
- Past Rehabilitation Medical Officers whom had tirelessly contributed to the data collection Dr Nor Hamiza Md Noor, Dr Shafiq Eiman Abdul Razak, Dr Nor Ashikin Mohamad, Dr Kelly Seow Hwui Choong, Dr Ahmad Zawir Mohamad Sharif, Dr Fatin Hanis Nabila Mudzaffar Shah, Dr Ho Wan Yi, Dr Aqeela Othman Talib, Dr Reginald Valentino Rapieng, Dr Nur Izianty Zoolkafli, Dr Nadiah Md Sabri & Dr Hanis Atia Hassan
- All COVID-19 survivors and their caregivers
- NGO Care & Share Circle
- And all others whom has contributed directly and indirectly to this QAP project

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