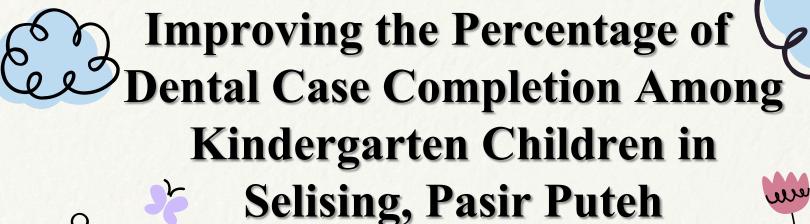


QUALITY ASSURANCE PROJECT DENTAL PASIR PUTEH TEAM







SUPERVISOR

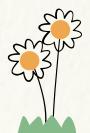
• Dr. Nazuha binti Ahmad Fikri

FACILITATOR

• Dr. Herni Wati binti Haron

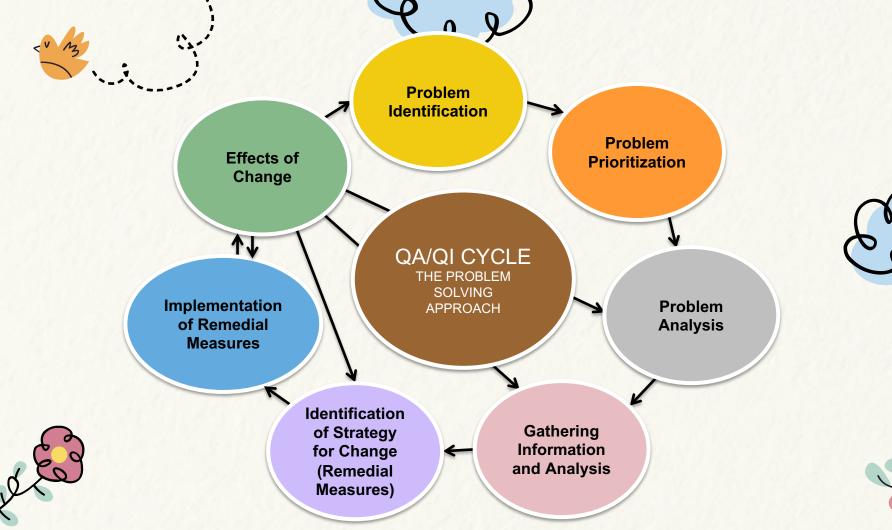
GROUP MEMBERS

- Dr. Siti Razan binti Ramli
- Dr. Izzah Hameeda binti Zamani
- Dr. Nurul Izlin binti Zahidi
- Dr. Nur Farah Athirah binti Muhammad
- JP Hasmawati binti Hasbullah



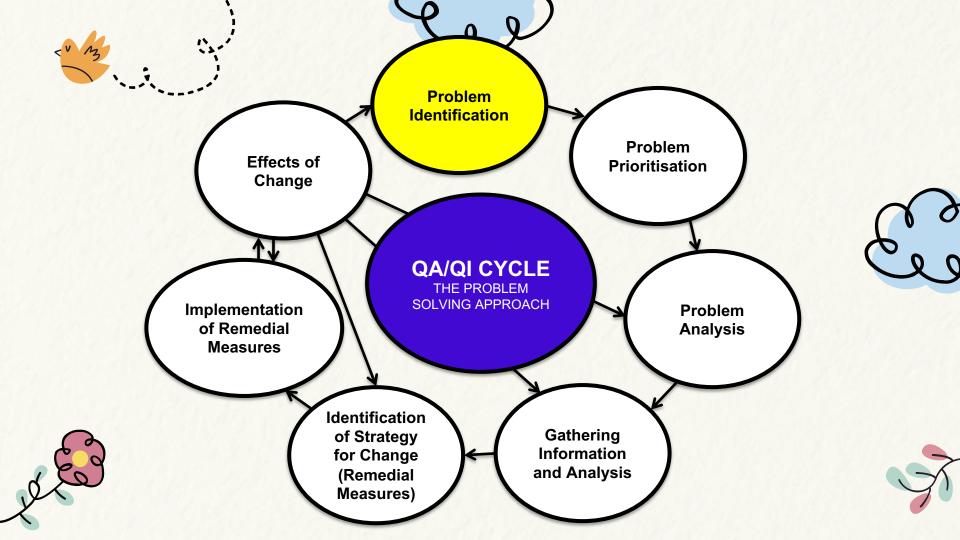












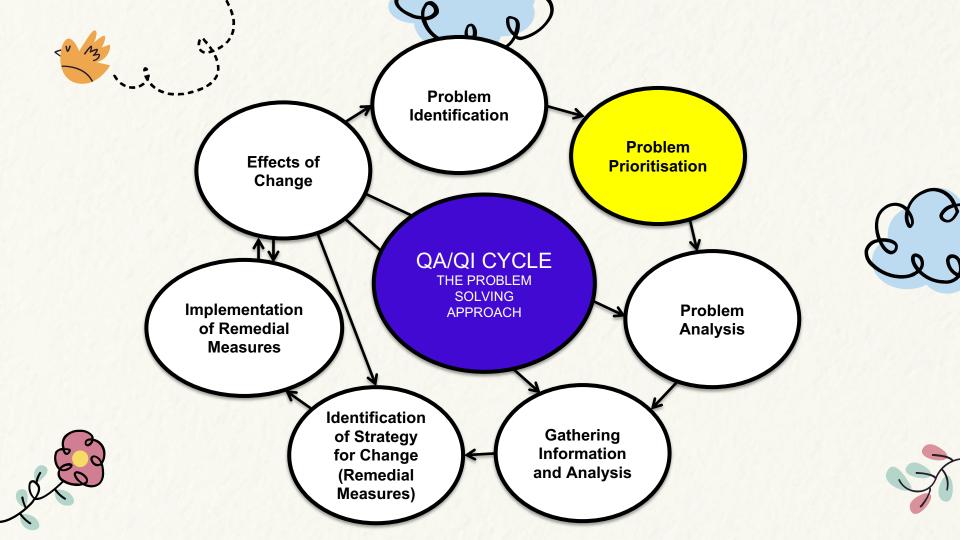


PROBLEM IDENTIFICATION



LIST OF PROBLEMS	2019	2020	2021	2022	STANDARD
1. High percentage of redo filling on permanent front tooth in KP Pasir Puteh	1.7%	1.7%	1.4%	1.3%	<1 % (DSA)
2. High tooth mortality due to dental caries (X+M)/100 among primary school children	2.9%	2.2%	2.0%	1.5%	<4 % (KPI)
3. Low percentage of antenatal mother rendered orally fit	38.2%	40.0 %	41.5%	44.5%	>50 % (KPI)
4. Low percentage of primary school children undergone complete smoking intervention	43.6%	36.9%	38.0%	40.0%	≥51 % (KPI)
5. Low percentage of dental case completion among kindergarten children in Selising, Pasir Puteh	45.3%	42.5%	38.0%	30.9%	≥70% (State Target)







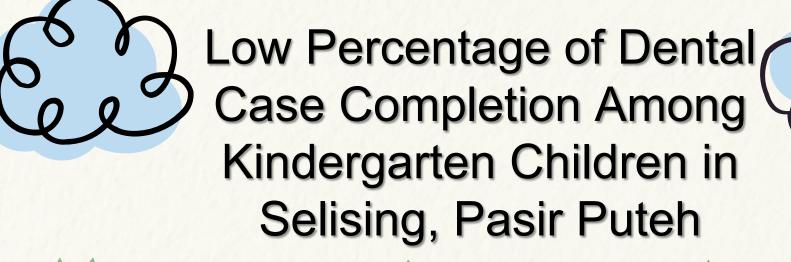
PROBLEM PRIORITIZATION

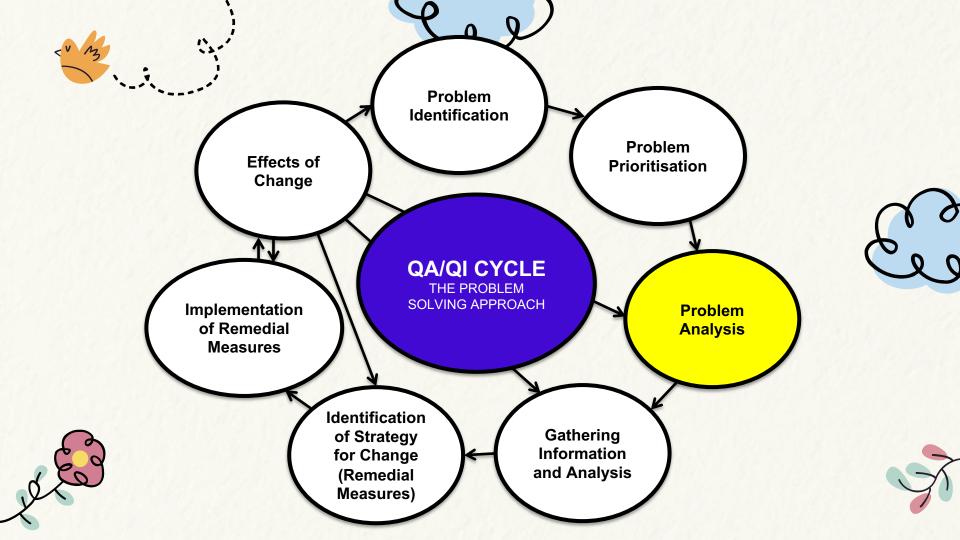
0111

(NOMINAL GROUP TECHNIQUE)

Opportunities	S	M	A	R	Т	Total
Redo anterior filling in KP Pasir Puteh	5	15	10	10	15	55
Tooth mortality due to dental caries (X+M)/100 among primary school children	15	13	15	5	13	61
Percentage of antenatal mother rendered orally fit	10	15	13	13	5	56
Percentage of primary school children undergone complete smoking intervention	13	5	10	12	10	55
Dental case completion among kindergarten children in Selising, Pasir Puteh	15	15	13	13	10	66
	GROU	JP MEMBER:	5 RATIN	G SCALE: 1 = L	.ow 2 = Medi	um 3 = High









RATIONALE OF THE PROBLEM



	Seriousness	 With the increase of incomplete dental case in kindergarten children, it will increase the caries prevalence in future among primary school children. Thus, it will increase the risk of oral health problems such as: dental abscess premature exfoliation of baby teeth malalignment of occlusion impaired oral function malnutrition Contribute to the low quality of life in term of physical and mental development in a child
	Measurable	Problem analysis and assessment can be done using data from Patients' Dental Record (LP 8), Kindergarten Report Data (PGPS 201), Malay-Modified Child Dental Anxiety Scale face version (Malay-MCDAS _f) and Questionnaires
	Appropriateness	By increasing dental case completion, we can improve oral health status among kindergarten children
2	Remediable	Improvement measures can be implemented and sustained
	Timeliness	Study can be carried out continuously and can be monitored within a year



INTRODUCTION

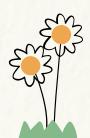


• Preschool children aged 5 to 6 years old contributed 3.13% (33.57 million) of total Malaysian population in 2021.

(Department of Statistics, Malaysia, 2021)

- It is shown that 7 out of 10 (71.3%) preschool children in Malaysia had dental caries.
- ➤ 64.9% of preschool children need dental treatment in primary teeth
- > 63.6% of preschool children require restoration for primary teeth
- > 12.1% of preschool children require extraction of primary teeth

(National Oral Health Survey of Preschool Children 2015)







DEFINITION

8/10 O

Dental case completion

- ❖ Patient completes all dental treatments needed.
- ❖ Patient meets the following condition upon oral examination and completion of treatment :
- i. Caries free or caries teeth filled
- ii. Have healthy gum
- iii. No dentofacial anomalies that limits normal function of the oral cavity.



(HIMS, Health Information Management System)





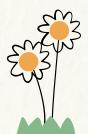
Kindergarten children



❖ Children aged five to six years old attended pre-school education at pre-school classes or at kindergarten.

(Def: Guidelines Oral Healthcare for Preschool Children 2019)









LITERATURE REVIEW



Similar findings from the Malaysian National Oral Health Survey of Preschool Children (NOHPS) in 2015 among 5 years old reported a relatively high caries prevalence of 71.3%.

(NOHPS 2015)

Dental caries were more prevalent in underweight children as a result of malnutrition, in contrast to children with normal weight and those who were overweight or obese.

(Reddy, V et. al, 2019)











The presence of dental caries in kindergarten children may impact their overall quality of life, as well as that of their families, and could serve as an indicator of diminished oral health-related quality of life.

(Sharina Dolah et. al,2020)



Dental Abscess



Facial Cellulitis







PROBLEM ANALYSIS



Low percentage (%) of dental case completion for kindergarten children

WHERE In Selising, Pasir Puteh District

WHEN 2022 until 2023

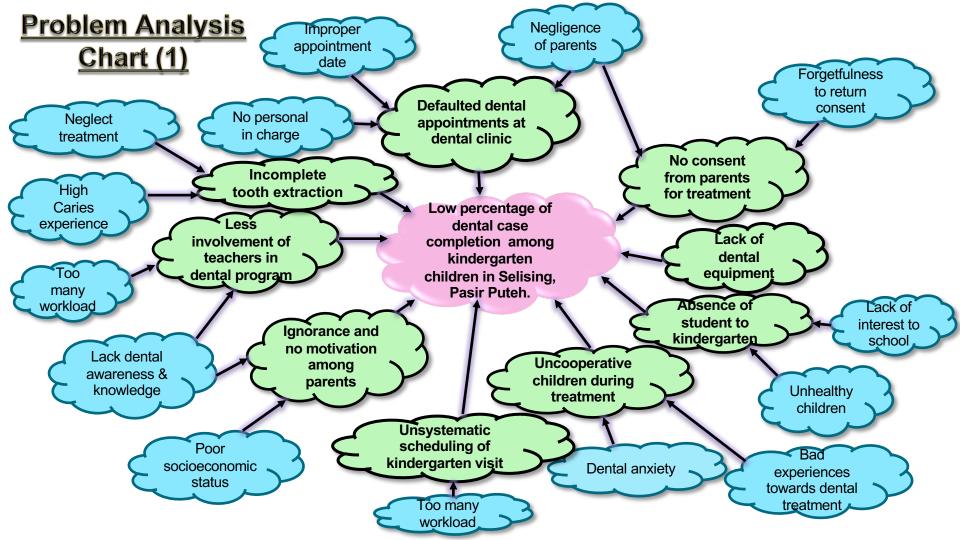
HOW

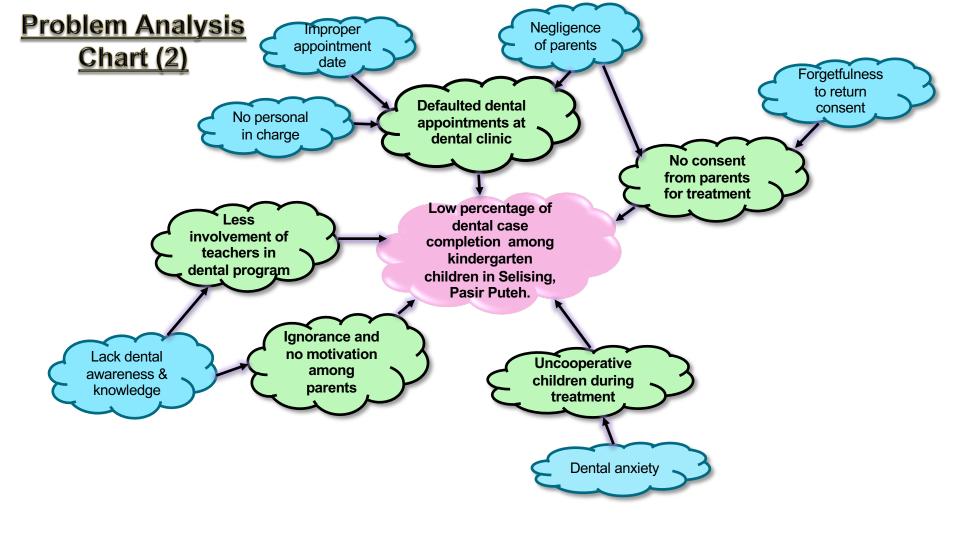
General dentist, dental therapists, kindergarten children, teachers and parents

WHY Unmet treatment needs

Patients defaulted appointments given, their high level of dental anxiety and no consent from parents contributing to increase caries prevalence and related dental diseases

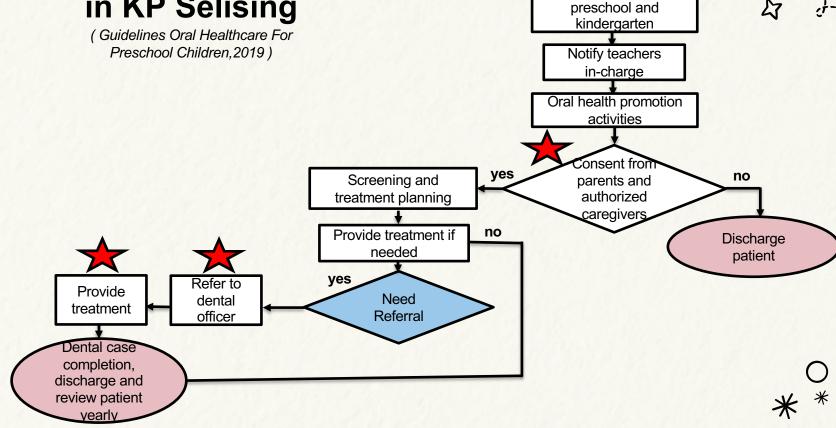








Process of Care for Kindergarten Children in KP Selising



Obtain list of

registered preschool and kindergarten

Plan visit to registered





MODEL OF GOOD CARE



Process	Criteria	Standard					
Plan visit to registered kindergarten	Number of visits to kindergarten should be scheduled according to the enrolment of each kindergarten	100%					
Consent from parents and authorized caregivers	Consent should be obtained from parents for dental treatment using PGKebenaran/Sekolah/Prasekolah/Toddler/Pin 2019	100%					
Provide treatment if needed	Cooperative children with less dental anxiety should be given dental treatment as needed	100%					
Refer to dental officer	Children that require complex dental treatment should be referred to nearest dental clinic and they should comply with the appointment	100%					
Dental case completion, discharge and review patient yearly	All kindergarten children with dental case completion should be discharged and reviewed after 6 months	70% (State Target)					





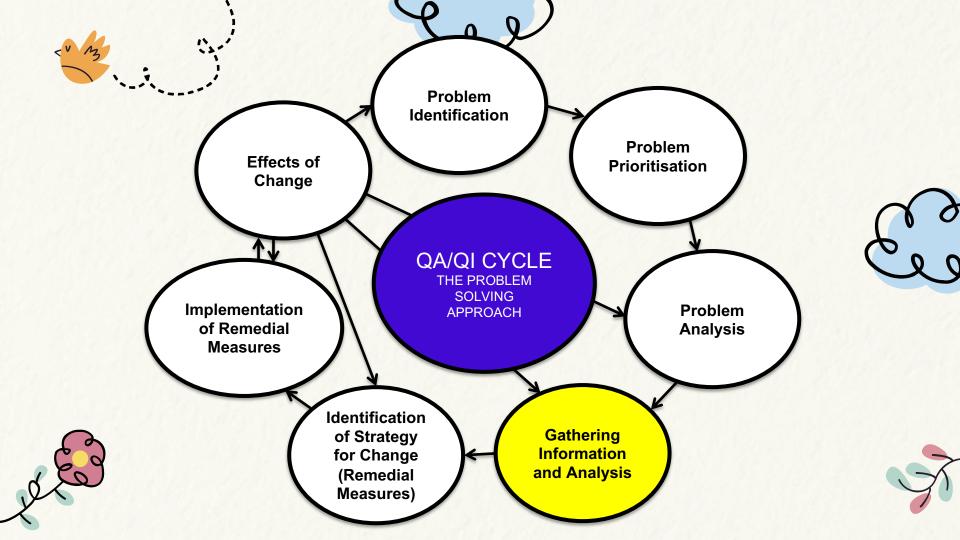


PROBLEM STATEMENT



Effect	A failure to achieve appropriate dental case completion will lead to several effects such as high caries prevalence, impaired oral function thus lead to low quality of life in children.
Possib cause	namenta and look of dental knowledge and avvenous among among among
Aim of st	From this study, we hope to identify factors contributing to this problem and propose appropriate remedial actions.







OBJECTIVES



GENERAL OBJECTIVE:

1. To increase percentage of dental case completion among kindergarten children in Selising, Pasir Puteh from 30.9 % to 70 % within a year.

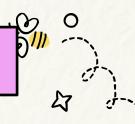
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To verify the percentage of dental case completion among kindergarten children in Selising, Pasir Puteh.
- 2. To identify factors contributing to low percentage of dental case completion among kindergarten children in Selising, Pasir Puteh.
- 3. To formulate and implement proper remedial actions.
 4. To evaluate the effectiveness of remedial actions.





INDICATOR AND STANDARD



INDICATOR

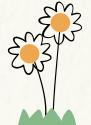
% of kindergarten children with dental case completion in Selising, Pasir Puteh

FORMULA

No. of kindergarten children with dental case completion in Selising, Pasir Puteh

-x100

Total number of new attendance of kindergarten children in Selising, Pasir Puteh



STANDARD

 \geq 70% (State Target)

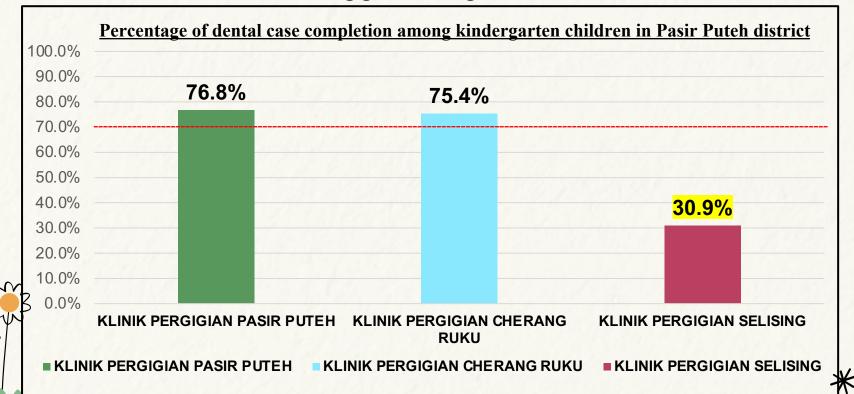


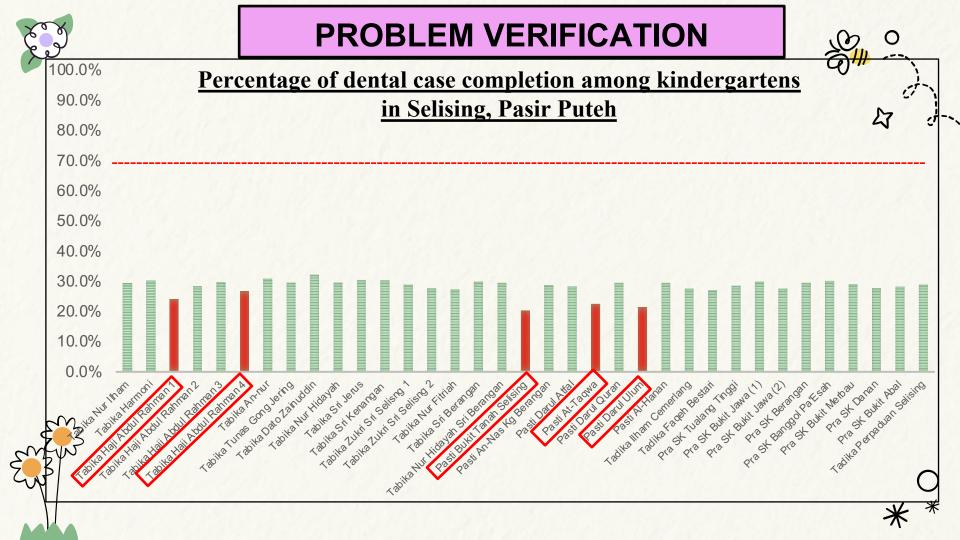


PROBLEM VERIFICATION



• The lowest percentage of dental case completion among kindergarten children in Pasir Puteh district was in **Klinik Pergigian Selising**.

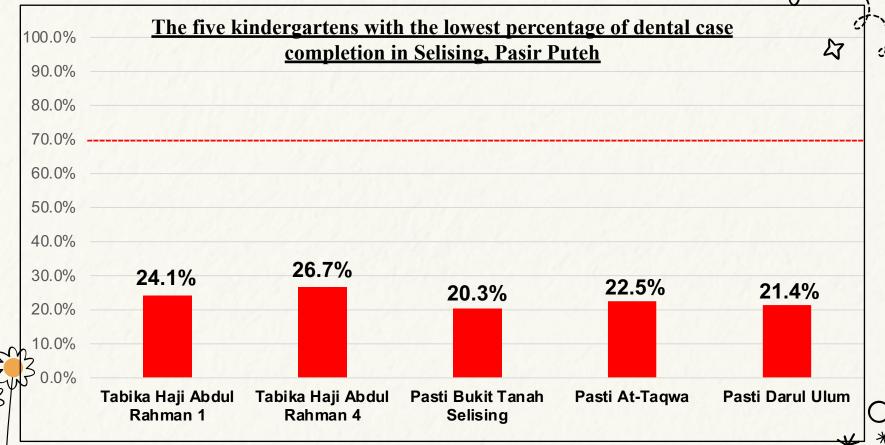






PROBLEM VERIFICATION

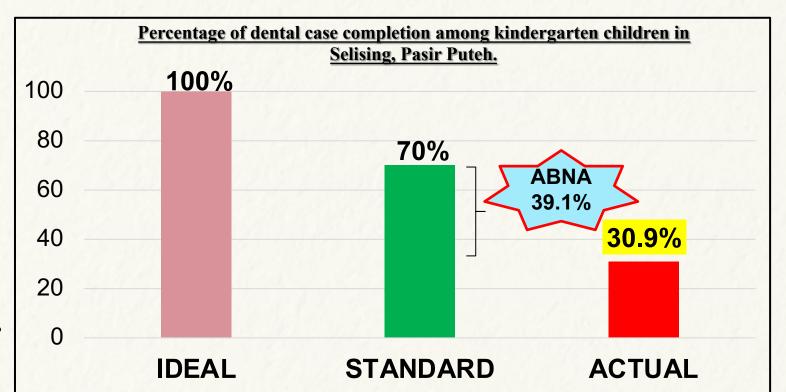






PROBLEM VERIFICATION











METHODOLOGY



	Type of study	Cross sectional study									
	Duration of study	• 2022 to 2023									
	Inclusion criteria	All incomplete dental treatment cases of kindergarten children in Selising, Pasir Puteh Parents of kindergarten children and teachers									
	Exclusion criteria	Absent kindergarten childrenChildren with severe medical problem									
202	Study sample	 Purposive sampling technique 5 kindergartens with lowest percentage of dental case completion in Selising, Pasir Puteh 136 kindergarten children, 136 parents of kindergarten children, 30 kindergarten teachers 									



Method of Data Collections



- 1. Patient Dental Record (LP 8)
- 2. Kindergarten Report Data (PGPS 201)
- 3. Malay-Modified Child Dental Anxiety Scale face version (Kindergarten Children)
- 4. Questionnaires (Parents & Teachers):
- Closed-ended questions
- Respondents: Distributed to 136 parents & 30 teachers
- Parents: 28 questions, Teachers: 10 questions
- 4 sections : Demographic data, Knowledge, Attitude & Practices
- Method scoring: Poor (<50%), Moderate (50%-75%), Good (>75%)
- Data analysis: Microsoft Excel





Tarikh Pendaftaran	
Tahun	
No. Pendaftaran	
Darjah/Tingkatan	
1. Nam: (Huruf besar) 2. No MyKaid MyKid/Pasport/Tenterai/Polas Siji Lahir 3. Jantina: Lelaki/Perempuan 4. Umur: 5. Tankh Lahir. 6. No. Kad OKU/Pesara/UNHCR (Jika ada): 7. E-mei:	
8. No. Telefon: Bimbit Rumah Pejabat	
Alamat Surat-Menyurat:	
10. Warganegara: Malaysia/Warga Asing 11. Kumpulan Etnik: (Nyatakan) 12. Nama Sekolahi/Klinik:	
B. CATATAN PERUBATAN DAN PERGIGIAN (Wajib diisi) Tandakan (✓) jika Ya dan (X) jika Tidak	
a. Hipertensi b. Diabetes c. Penyakit Jantung d. Kegagalan	n Buah Pinggang
Epilepsi f. Hepatitis g. Alergi h. Tuberkulo:	
. Asma j. Penyakit Mental k. Masalah Darah l. Pendaraha	an Berlanjutan
Selepas C	aoutan
n. Penyakit Lain Nyatakan	
n. Penyakit Lain Nyatakan Nyatakan Nyatakan Nyatakan Nyatakan	

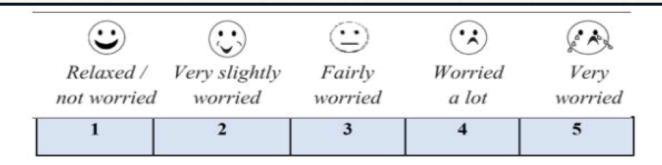
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	6 Tahun	209	0	4	248	126	148	94	1	366	35	165	566	145	3	0	0	0	3	75	81	65	248	68	64	64	97	0	3	0							93	0	0	0	0	0
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2) Kindergarten report data (PGPS 201)

1) Patient dental record (LP 8)







The scale: From 1 which show that you are relaxed, to 5 which would show that you are very worried

Figure 1: Faces of the modified child dental anxiety scale faces version (MCDASf).

3) Malay-Modified Child Dental Anxiety Scale face version (Malay-MCDAS_f) (Rashidah et al., 2015)





4) Questionnaire for parents

BORANG KAJISELIDIK BAHAGIAN KESIHATAN NEGERI KELANTAN

DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

DEWOGRAPHIC DATA
Tuan/Puan yang dihamau,
Jabatan Kesihatan Pergigian Negeri Kelantan sedang menjalankan kajiselidik seperti yang dinyatakan di
atas. Kesudian dan kerjasama tuan/puan di dalam menyertal kajian ini diucapkan ribuan terima kasih.
No. Indeks (Biarkan Kosong)
No. K/P
Nama:
Alamat:
No. Telefon:
1. Tarikh lahir: Bulan Tahun
2. Umur:
3. Jantina:
Lelaki Perempuan
4. Status perkahwinan (Sila tanda ✓ di mana berkenaan)
Bujang Bercerai
Berkahwin Duda/balu

Adopted from Bahagian Kesihatan Pergigian Negeri Kelantan & verified by Dr Jessina Sharis Othman (Dental Public Health Specialist)

r arata portanpatari notao	aya setiap bulan Nisi	J. 1	ama jenama ubat gigi yang biasa digunakan olem ana	K airua (ivyate	skair)			
Tahap pendidikan:		[Berfluorida					
ranap pendidikan.	Rendah	[Tanpa fluorida					
	Menengah	1	Tidak tahu					
	Tinggi							
Pekerjaan:		4.	erapa kali anak anda memberus/menggosok gigi dala	m sehari?				
· oronjacan		[0-1 kali 1-2 kali	2-3 kali				
Pendidikan:								
ljazah	SPM/Setaraf	5.	lasa/tempoh yang diambil setiap kali anak anda mem	berus gigi:				
Diploma	PMR/Setaraf		Kurang dari 1 minit 1-2 minit		Lebih dari 2 minit	:		
STPM/Setaraf	Sekolah Rendah							
		5.	ekerapan anak anda memakan/mengambil makanan	manis dalam	sehari:			
			Kurang dari 1 kali 2-4 kali					
ahagian A: Amalan Penja	agaan Gigi: PRACTICE							
,	TITOTOL	Į.	4-6 kali Lebih dari	6 kali		A /I		\
Bagi penjagaan kesihatan	n pergigian anak anda, biasanya anda berbincang dengan:				KNO\	/VL	.EL	JGE
Doktor gigi	Suami/Isteri Kawan/Rakan							
Saudara	Jiran Lain-lain		AGIAN B: Pengetahuan Tentang Kesihatan Oral (
		Sk	la 1= Ya	2= Tidal	<u>* 3= T/</u>	idak Tahu		
			Soalan/Pernyataan		Skala	1	2	3
Adakah anda memeriksa	sendiri gigi/mulut anak anda di rumah?	К1	Walaupun tidak sakit, pemeriksaan gigi harus di	lakukan satia	n 6 hulan/secare			
Ya	Tidak		berkala			\perp		
Jika Ya, nyatakan kekeraj	DANNYA	K2	Makanan/minuman manis yang kerap menyebabkan	gigi rosak				_
		кз	Gigi mudah rosak disebabkan kekurangan kalsium					
Setiap 3 bulan		K4	Tabiat merokok boleh meningkatkan risiko terjadinya	kanser /bara	h mulut			
6-12 bulan sekali	i	K5	Kemungkinan gigi kekal juga rosak jika gigi susu rosa	ak teruk				
Setahun sekali		К6	Plak giqi adalah sejenis tampalan pada permukaan					
—		K7	Penyusuan bayi dengan susu ibu boleh menyebabk	an gigi bavi rc	osak			
Hanya bila ada n	masalah di dalam mulut/sakit gigi/gusi bengkak		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	55				
	ATTITUDE							
BAHAGIAN C:	Sikap Penjaga Terhadap Kesihatan Gigi Anak: (sila tar	nda √ d	i tempat yang berkenaan)					
				_				
1= Sangat Set	tuju 2= Setuju 3= Tidak Pasti 4= Tidak S	Setuju	5= Sangat Tidak Setuju					
				_				
Pandang	ıan Δnda Skal	9	2 3 4 5	\neg				

Pandangan Anda
Skala
1 2 3 4 5

A1 Gigi susu tidak perlu dijaga kerana akan diganti dengan gigi kekal

A2 Anak perlu ditegur/diperingatkan jika tidak menggosok gigi

A3 Gigi kanak-kanak tidak perlu pemeriksaan berkala (jika tidak sakit)

A4 Anda tidak ada masa untuk membawa anak ke klinik gigi

A5 Kerosakan gigi tanpa rasa sakit tidak perlu ke klinik gigi

A6 Susu pekat manis senang disediakan untuk kanak-kanak

A7 Rawatan di klinik gigi adalah cara terakhir untuk hilangkan sakit gigi

5) Questionnaire for teachers

BORANG KAJISELIDIK UNTUK GURU TADIKA/ PRA SEKOLAH

DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

1 = Bandar

2 = Luar Bandar

1 = KEMAS, 2 = Perpaduan, 3 = Islam Kerajaan, 4 = Islam Swasta, 5 = Prasekolah Kementerian Pendidikan. 6 = Swasta lain-lain, 7 = Lain-lain (yang tidak dapat dikod 1 hingga 6)

	Sila tand
ID:	No. It
	В1
	BAHAGIA
	Sejauh m
	Sila tand
	No. I
	C1 P
	k

AHAGIAN A: MAKLUMAT GURU

UNTUK KEGUNAAN PEJABAT:

Negeri:

Lokasi Tadika:

Jenis Tadika:

Nama Tadika:

Sila isikan jawapan anda dalam kotak yang berkenaan ATAU isikan tempat kosong bagi soalan-soalan berikut.

No. Hem	Item						
A1	Umur anda pada hari jadi terakhir :						
A2	Kumpulan Etnik :						
	1. Melayu						
	2. Cina						
	3. India/Pakistan						
	Bumiputera lain						
	6. Lain-lain, sila nyatakan						
А3	Jantina :						
	1 = Lelaki 2 = Perempuan						
A4	Tahap pendidikan tertinggi anda :						
	1. Ijazah dan ke atas						
	STPM/Matrikulasi/Diploma/Sijil (atau yang setaraf)						
	Tingkatan 5 (atau yang setaraf)						
	Tingkatan 3 (atau yang setaraf)						
	Darjah 6 (atau yang setaraf)						
	Sekolah rendah, tetapi tidak sampai Darjah 6						
	Tiada pendidikan formal						

BAHAGIAN B:

AMALAN KESIHATAN PERGIGIAN/MULUT DAN TINGKAH LAKU YANG BERKAITAN

Sila tandakan (🗀) bagi jawapan anda (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 atau 7) dalam kotak yang disediakan di akhir setiap soalan.											
No. Item Jawapan adalah dalam bilangan kali dalam sehari/seminggu/sebulan/tidak pernah											
В1	Berapa kerapkah >2x 2x anda sehari sehari memberus gigi?	1x sehari	2-3x seminggu	1x seminggu	1x sebulan	Tidak pernah					
BAHAGIAN C: PENGETAHUAN TENTANG KESIHATAN PERGIGIAN/MULUT											
Sejauh manakah anda bersetuju dengan kenyataan C1 - C2 berikut? Sila tandakan () dalam kotak yang disediakan di akhir setiap soalan.											
No.	Item										
C1	Pengambilan makanan manis secara berlebihan boleh menyebabkan gigi berlubang.	Sangat tidak setuju	Tidak setuju	Tidak pasti	Setuju	Sangat setuju					
C2	Memberus gigi dengan ubat gigi yang mengandungi fluorida mencegah gigi	Sangat tidak	Tidak setuju	Tidak pasti	Setuju	Sangat					

BAHAGIAN D: PERSEPSI TENTANG PERANAN ANDA DALAM MEMPROMOSIKAN KESIHATAN PERGIGIAN

dari berlubang

Sejauh manakah anda bersetuju dengan kenyataan D1-D3 berikut?

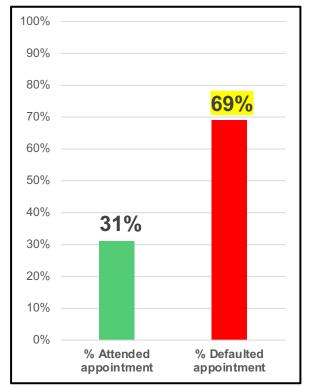
ATTITUDE

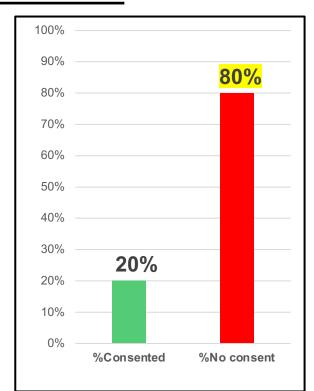
Sha tahuakan () adiam kotak yang disediakan di akim setiap sodian.									
No.	Item								
D1	Penting bagi saya untuk mengesan kerosakan gigi dan masalah gusi pada kanak-kanak.	Sangat tidak setuju	Tidak setuju	Setuju	Sangat setuju				
D2	Bukan tugas saya untuk menyelia aktiviti memberus gigi kanak-kanak setiap hari semasa waktu persekolahan.	Sangat tidak setuju	Tidak setuju	Setuju	Sangat setuju				
D3	Menjadi tanggungjawab saya untuk memantau jenis makanan/minuman yang dihidangkan kepada kanak-kanak prasekolah.	Sangat tidak setuju	Tidak setuju	Setuju	Sangat setuju				

Adopted from Guidelines Oral Healthcare For Preschool Children 2019 & verified by Dr Jessina Sharis Othman (Dental Public Health Specialist)

Factors of incomplete dental case among kindergarten children in Selising Pasir Puteh



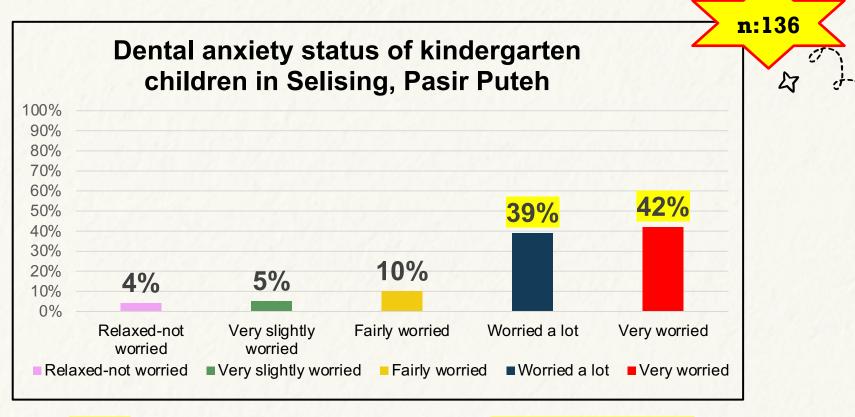




n:136

- Most of the kindergarten children defaulted appointment given.
- Most of the kindergarten children did not have consent for dental treatment.







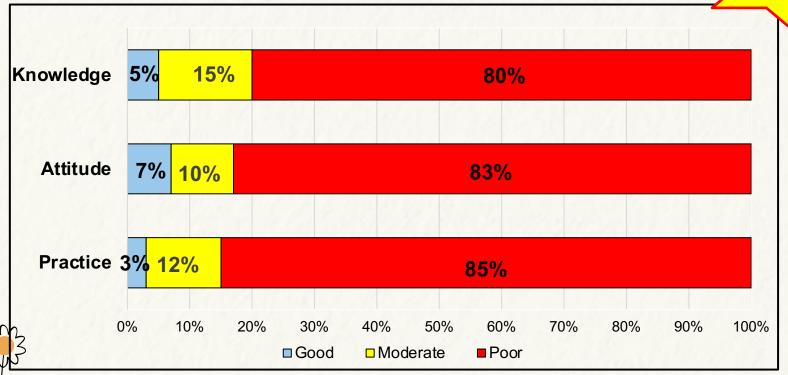
Most of the kindergarten children have high dental anxiety towards dental treatment.





Pre-remedial parents' knowledge, attitude and practices





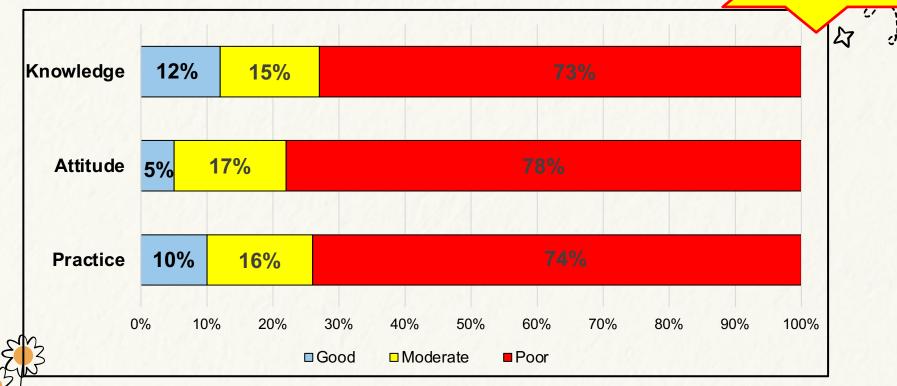
• Knowledge, attitude and practices among kindergarten parents were generally poor.





Pre-remedial teachers' knowledge, attitude and practices





• Knowledge, attitude and practices among kindergarten teachers were generally poor.

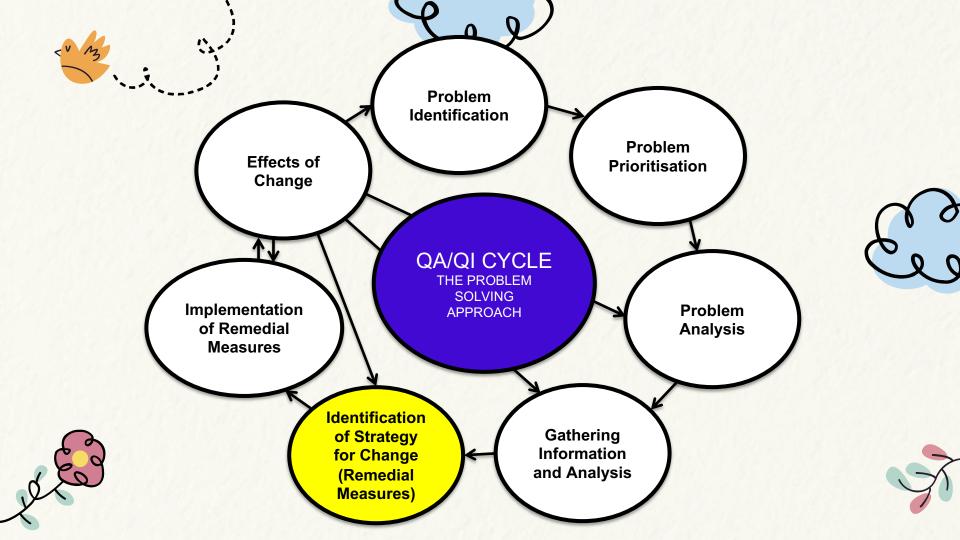




Main Contributing Factors

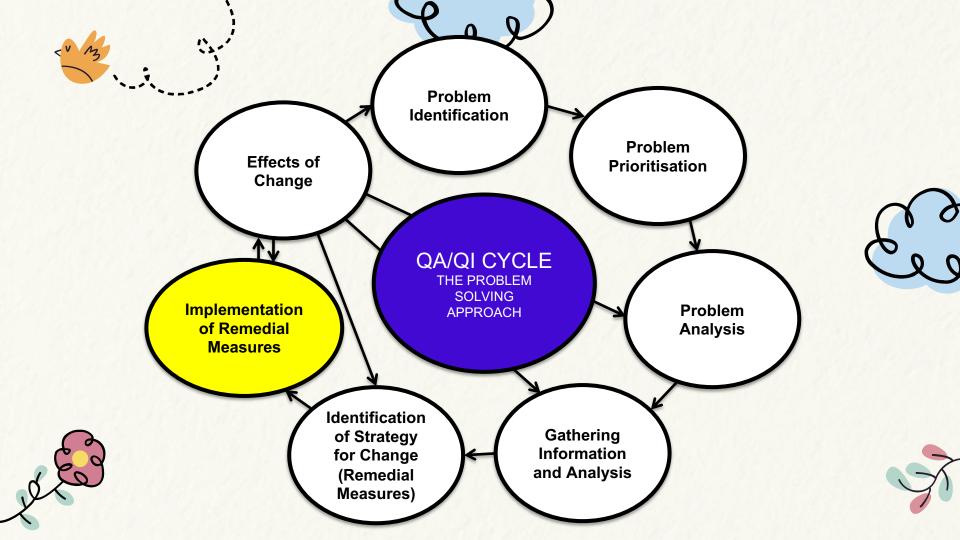
- 0
- 1. High cases of defaulted appointment for dental treatments : 69%
- 2. High percentage of kindergarten children with dental anxiety: 81%
- 3. No consent from parents/caretakers for dental treatment: 80%
- 4. Poor knowledge, attitude & practice among parents: K-80%, A-83%, P-85%
- 5. Poor knowledge, attitude & practice among teachers: K-73%, A-78%, P-74%





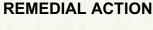
Identification of Strategy for Change

Lack of dental appointment schedule	 A specific appointment book in dental clinic to aim for dental case completion Assign Dental Officer in charge for close monitoring
Attitude or Behaviour Problems	 Innovative 'Child Friendly' treatment approach Distribute consent forms to all parents and consent forms returned on the same day during kindergarten registration day ('Sesi pendaftaran awal tahun persekolahan')
Knowledge Problem	 Organize Parents-Dentists Meeting Day Counseling session with parents Organize <i>seminar</i> programme to Kindergarten Teachers





PRE REMEDIAL

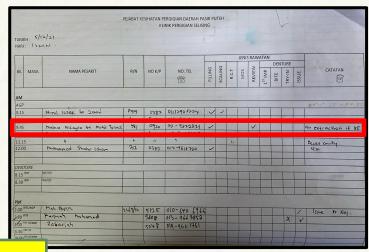




- 1) Defaulted dental appointments at dental clinic
- No specific appointment book for kindergarten children at the dental clinic
- No monitoring daily progression of dental treatments

- -Create a systematic appointment book specific for kindergarten children
- -Assign 1 dental officer to incharge:
- Progression of treatments done at dental clinic
- Remind parents by phone call for their children dental appointments









Specific appointment book for referral kindergarten patient at the dental clinic



BIL	NAMA MURID	TADIKA	NO TELEFON	RAWATAN PERLU	TARIKH & MASA TEMUJANJI	RAWATAN DIBUAT	HADIR / TIDAK HADIR	KES SELESAI YA / TIDAK
1-	Nuraisya B4	Pasti	010-	.65	1/3/22	pup ,	Hadr	y _q
	Alod Coayyum	But Tanah	9317212	Abcess	2 Ptg	therapy		
2	Putri aina 13t	TBL	015	36	8/3/22	PRR Type I	Hodin	75
	Sahrolimi	Berangan	9847088	4th PRR	2 ptg :			
3.	Nurmawaddah	TBL	Oll	46 444	16/3/22	46	ttaar	99
	Bt Hussin	Berangan	1789212	tampalan	2 petang	temperan		
4	M. Iman B	TBU	OU	85	16/3/22	pulp	Hadr	Ϋ́α
	Sulen	Dasto	18757478	Alocess	2.30 petang	therapy.		
		Zaihudin						
5.	Mariam B4.	Pashi	017	46 utle	26/3/22	PRR Type]	Hadir	99
	Nasarudin	Daru	9418072	prr.	2.00 ptg			
		Ulum		764			Application of the second	
6	M. Sharhan	tru	016	36 utu	26/3/22	tampalan	Hadr	ya
6	B. Hamor	Fageh	9426478	tampalan	2.30 ptg			
		Betain						







CONTRIBUTING FACTORS	PRE REMEDIAL	REMEDIAL ACTION
2) Dental anxiety during treatment	 No innovations created before No reward given to kindergarten children during dental treatment 	1. Operators use cheerful attire during dental treatment
		 2. Implement the innovation project such as: A-Muse-C syringe holder DentoBeats Headphone
2		Positive reinforcement: Praising and rewarding children by giving them certificate for completing their dental treatment can motivate them to continue with their treatment





Implementation of innovation project cheerful attire







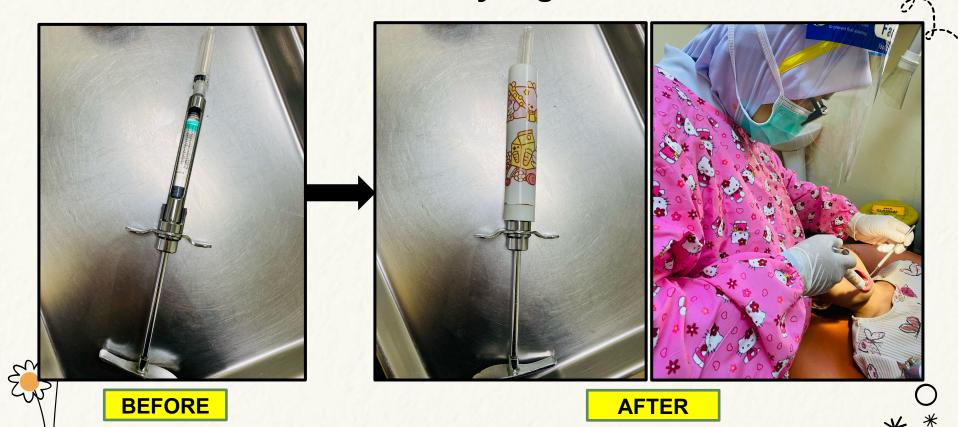
BEFORE

AFTER





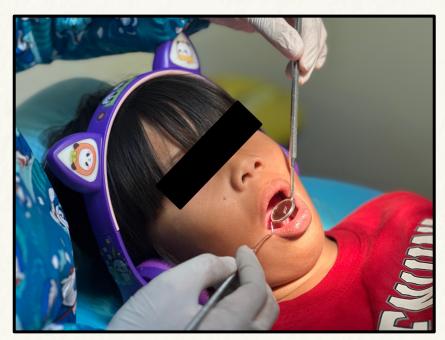
Implementation of innovation project 'A-muse-C syringe holder'





Implementation of dental innovation project 'DentoBeats headphone'









Positive reinforcement : Children for completing their dental treatment







CONTRIBUTING FACTORS	PRE REMEDIAL	REMEDIAL ACTION
Consented forms of returned to perators for dental eatment	Consent forms given to parents via teachers	1. Consent forms distributed by dental dedicated team to all parents and consented forms returned on the same day during kindergarten registration day ('Sesi pendaftaran awal tahun persekolahan')





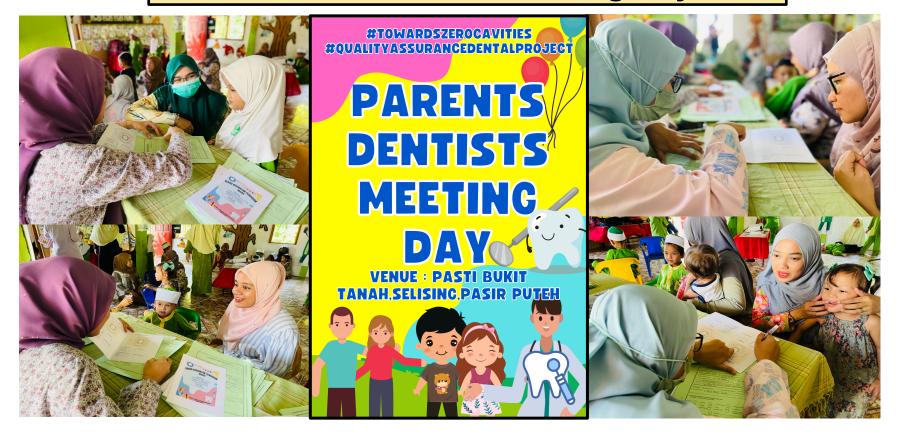


CONTRIBUTING FACTORS 4) Poor knowledge, attitude & practices among parents. • No involvement of parents/carers in any kindergarten programme 1. Held a Parents Dentists Meeting Day at kindergarten and presented dental report card to parents during counseling session at kindergartens 2. Ceramah Kesihatan Pergigian to parents during Parents Dentists Meeting Day to help the parents to understand the benefits of good oral health and encourage regular dental visits for dental check up & treatment 3. Innovation project: Dental Report Card during Parents Dentists Meeting Day	9	8		(b) 0
attitude & practices among parents. parents/carers in any kindergarten programme kindergarten and presented dental report card to parents during counseling session at kindergartens 2. Ceramah Kesihatan Pergigian to parents during Parents Dentists Meeting Day to help the parents to understand the benefits of good oral health and encourage regular dental visits for dental check up & treatment 3. Innovation project: Dental Report Card during	٠		PRE REMEDIAL	REMEDIAL ACTION
		attitude & practices	parents/carers in any kindergarten	kindergarten and presented dental report card to parents during counseling session at kindergartens 2. Ceramah Kesihatan Pergigian to parents during Parents Dentists Meeting Day to help the parents to understand the benefits of good oral health and encourage regular dental visits for dental check up & treatment 3. Innovation project: Dental Report Card during





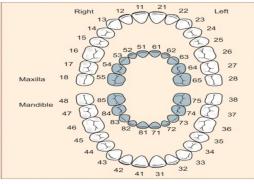
Parents-Dentists Meeting Day



Innovation project : Dental Report Card during Parents-Dentists Meeting Day



PERTUMBUHAN GIGI SAYA



	(A) STATUS GIGI SAYA	
d	(Gigi berlubang)	
m	(**gigi telah dicabut)	
f	(gigi telah ditampal)	
х	(gigi untuk dicabut)	

(C) RAWATAN YANG DIP	ERLUKAN
Tampalan	
Pengapan Fisur (Fissure Sealant)	
Sapuan Flourida	
Cabutan	
Perlu cuci gigi	

A	
С	
E	\top

(D) TA	RIKH 1

PESANAN DOKTOR GIGI BUAT ADIK-ADIK COMEL

- 1) Berus gigi dengan teknik yang betul sebanyak 2 kali sehari di waktu pagi dan sebelum tidur
- 2) Gunakan ubat gigi berfluorida
- 3) Amalkan pemakanan yang sihat dan seimbang
- 4) Kurangkan kekerapan dan jumlah makanan manis
- 5) Ibubapa perlu membantu anak anda memberus gigi sehingga berumur 6-8 tahun
- 6) Ibubapa perlu memantau status kesihatan mulut anak dengan mengangkat bibir atas dan bawah untuk mengesan tanda-tanda awal kerosakkan gigi



TANDATANGAN DAN COP PEGAWAI
PERGIGIAN:





Ceramah Kesihatan Pergigian to parents to increase dental awareness















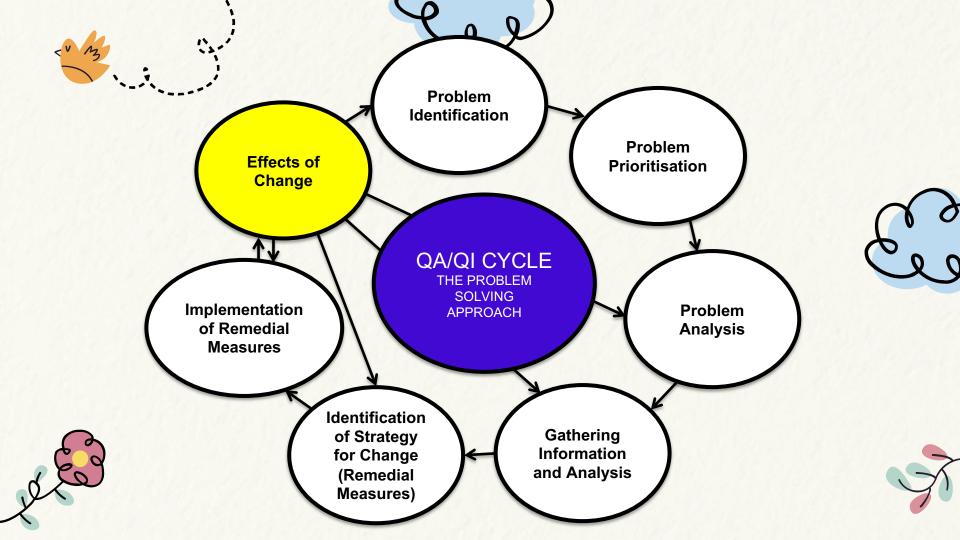
CONTRIBUTING FACTORS	PRE REMEDIAL	REMEDIAL ACTION
5) Poor knowledge, attitude & practices among teachers	Seminar Guru Tadika : Regular Dental talk Ice breaking	Improvised seminar programme with innovative activities by involving Pediatric Dental Specialist for dental talk & Dietitian for dietary advice and healthy eating habits
		2. Training of Trainers(TOT) to teachers regarding dental health educations and tools
~ 3		3. Distribute oral health education video, dental poster or dental flipchart to the teachers

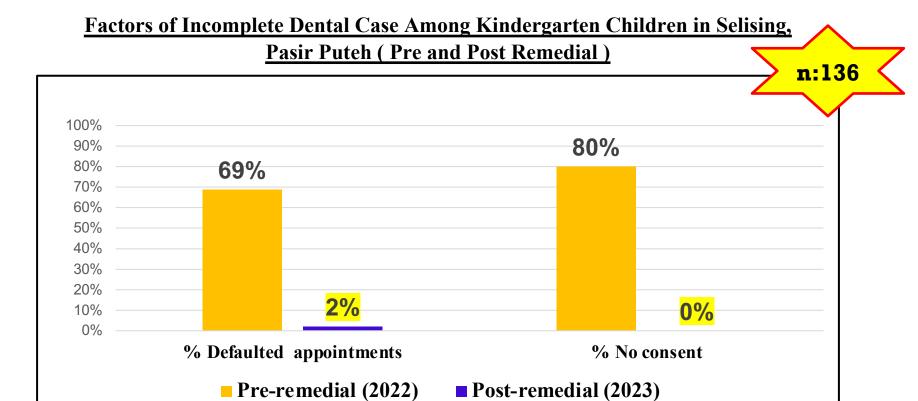




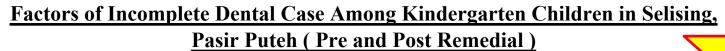
Dental health seminar & training of trainers with kindergarten teachers

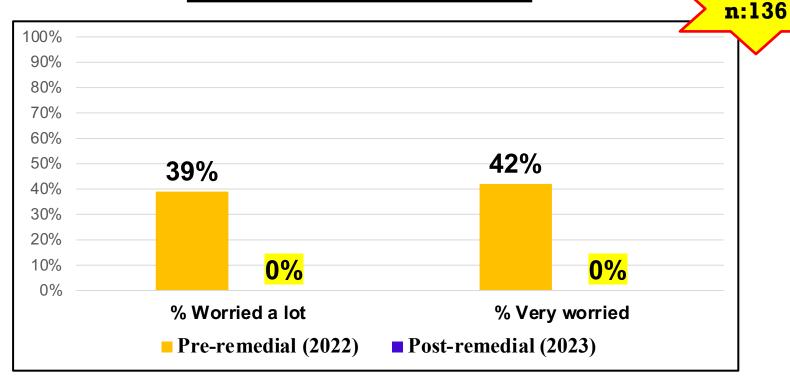






- Percentage of defaulted appointments and no consent were significantly decreased.
- Forgetfulness of parents regarding returned consented forms for treatment was not significant because consented forms obtained from all parents during kindergarten registration day.



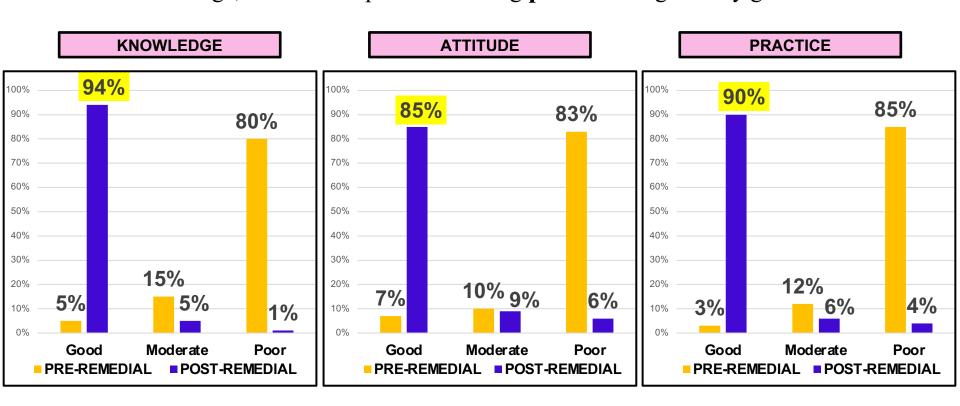


 Dental anxiety towards dental treatment among kindergarten children was decreased.

Factors of Incomplete Dental Case Among Kindergarten Children in Selising, Pasir Puteh (Pre and Post Remedial)

• Knowledge, attitude and practices among **parents** are generally good

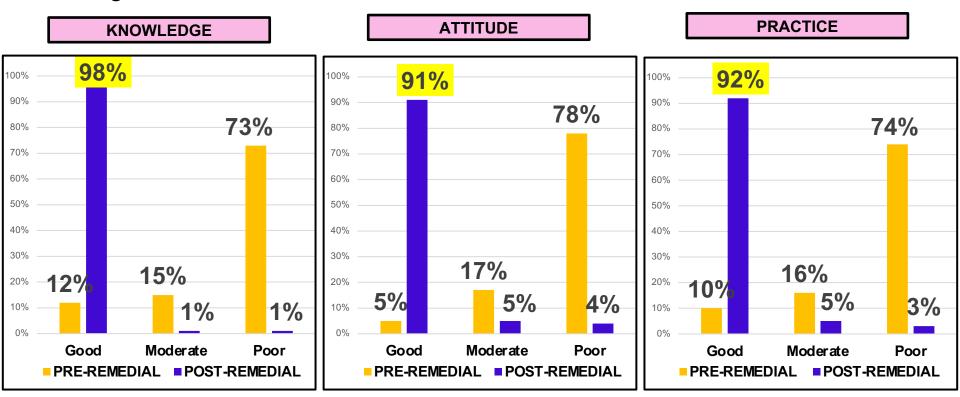
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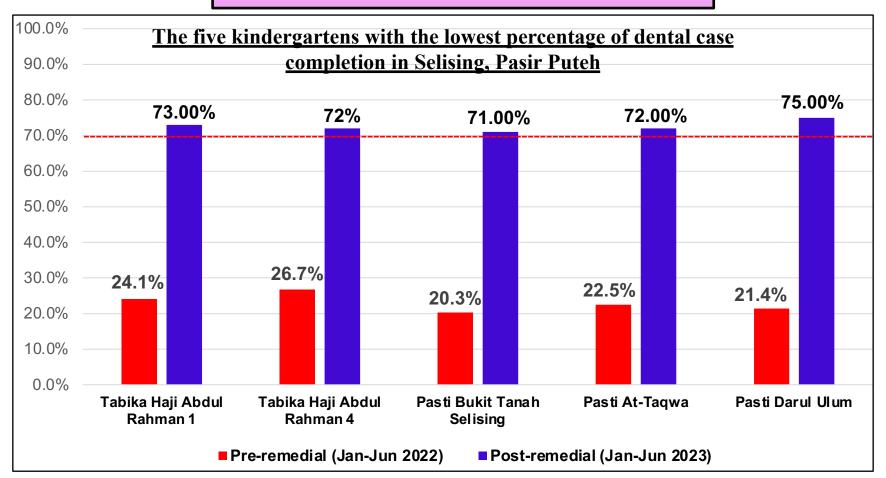
Factors of Incomplete Dental Case Among Kindergarten Children in Selising, Pasir Puteh (Pre and Post Remedial)

• Knowledge, attitude and practices among kindergarten **teachers** are generally good

n: 30

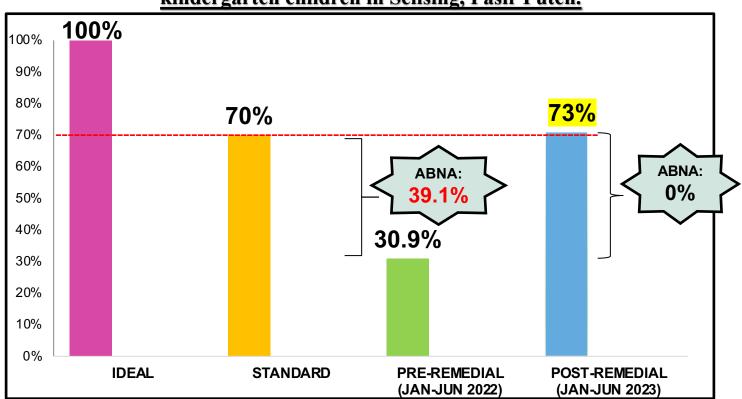


EFFECT OF CHANGE



EFFECT OF CHANGE ON ABNA

ABNA and percentage of dental case completion among kindergarten children in Selising, Pasir Puteh.





Dental case

yearly

completion, discharge

and review patient

MODEL OF GOOD CARE

8.9	MODEL OF GOOD O				
Process	Criteria	Standard	Pre- remedial	Post- remedial	
Plan visit to registered kindergarten	Number of visits to kindergarten should be scheduled according to the enrolment of each kindergarten	100%	100%	100%	
Consent from parents and authorized caregivers	Consent should be obtained from parents for dental treatment using PGKebenaran/Sekolah/Prasekolah/Toddler/Pin 2019	100%	20%	100%	
Provide treatment if	Cooperative children with less dental anxiety	100%	100/2	100%	

Consent from parents and authorized caregivers	Consent should be obtained from parents for dental treatment using PGKebenaran/Sekolah/Prasekolah/Toddler/Pin 2019	
Provide treatment if needed	Cooperative children with less dental anxiety should be given dental treatment as needed	
Refer to dental officer	Children that require complex dental	

appointment

after 6 months

clinic and they should comply with the

All kindergarten children with dental case

completion should be discharged and reviewed

Children that require complex dental treatment should be referred to nearest dental

100% 100%

70%

(State Target)

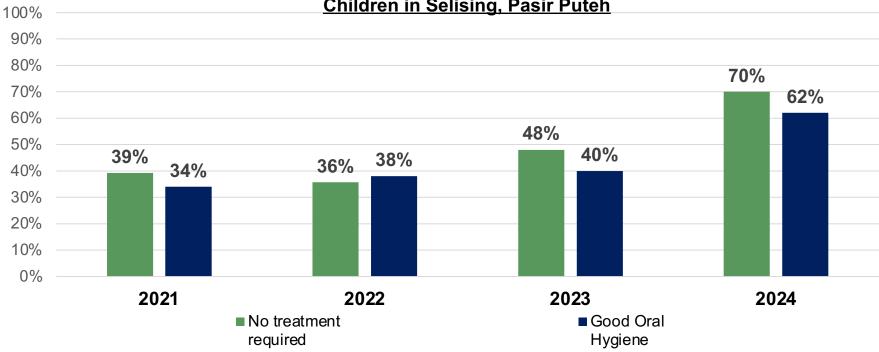
19% 31%

100% 98% 30.9% 73%

No	Objectives	Conclusion
1.	To verify the percentage of dental case completion among kindergarten children in Selising, Pasir Puteh	Pre-remedial data showed that 30.9% incomplete dental treatment cases of kindergarten children in Selising, Pasir Puteh.
2.	To identify factors contributing to low percentage of dental case completion among kindergarten children in Selising, Pasir Puteh	The main contributing factors to low percentage of dental case completion are: • Unorganized appointment schedule for kindergarten children in dental clinic • High percentage of kindergarten children with Dental anxiety • No consent from parents for dental treatment • Poor knowledge, attitude & practices among parents and teachers
3.	To formulate and implement proper remedial actions	Strategies formulated included creating a systematic appointment book for kindergarten children, innovation projects, consented forms obtained during kindergarten children registration day, Dental Report Card innovated and used during Parents Dentists Meeting Day at kindergartens and improvised <i>seminar</i> programme to the kindergarten teachers.
4.	To evaluate the effectiveness of remedial actions	Post-remedial, the percentage of dental case completion among kindergarten children in Selising, Pasir Puteh had increased from 30.9% to 73.0%. ABNA was eliminated from 39.1% to 0%.

STUDY IMPACT

No Treatment Required & Good Oral Hygiene among Standard 1 Primary School
Children in Selising, Pasir Puteh



 The workload per operator will decrease when no treatment required and good oral hygiene among primary school children in Selising were high.



NEXT STEP

- This study was expanded to all kindergartens in Selising and Pasir Puteh district
- Person in charge for preschool programme in district had discussed with Jabatan Kemajuan Masyarakat coordinator to implement dental project (Parents Dentists Meeting Day) twice a year under Jabatan Kemajuan Masyarakat annual programme
- Continuous collaboration with Pediatric Dental Department, Dietitian and Jabatan Kemajuan Masyarakat

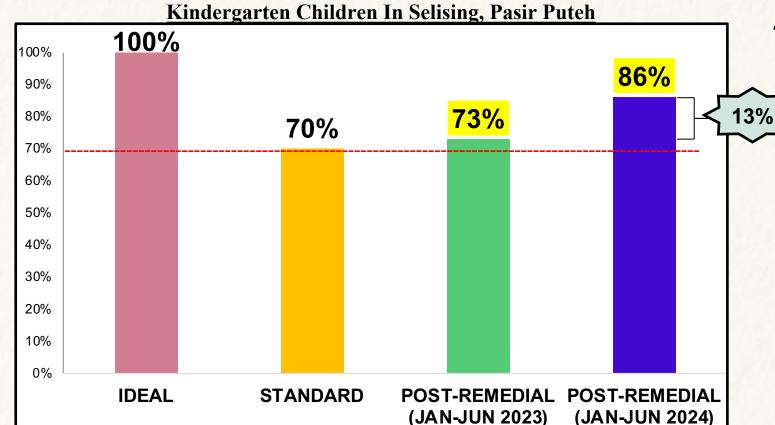




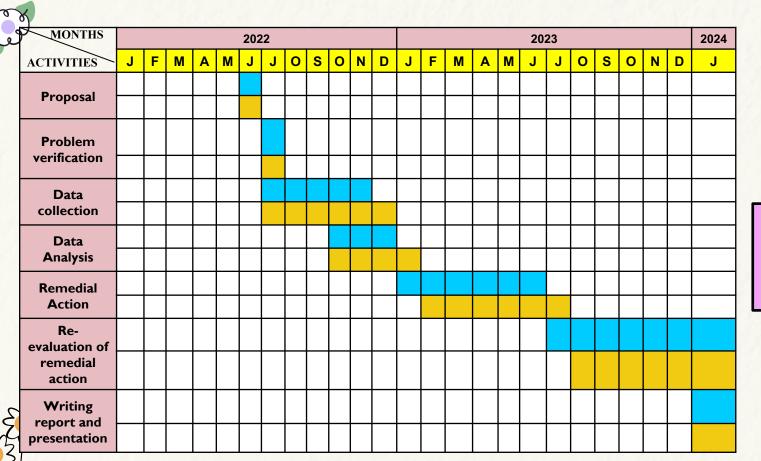


SUSTAINABILITY

Percentage of Dental Case Completion of Kindergarten Children In Selising, Pasir Put

















- 1) Guidelines Oral Healthcare for Preschool Children 2019
- 2) HIMS, Health Information Management System
- 3) Department of Statistic Malaysia 2021 (dosm.gov.my)
- 4) Guidelines management of severe early childhood caries 2012
- 5) National Oral Healthcare for Pre School Children(NOHPS) 2015
- 6) <u>https://doh.gov.ph/dental-health-program</u> (orally fit status meaning)
- 7) Kamus Dewan Bahasa & Pustaka edisi Keempat
- 8) Esa, R., Hashim, N. A., Ayob, Y., & Yusof, Z. Y. M. (2015). Psychometric properties of the faces version of the Malay-modified child dental anxiety scale. BMC Oral Health, 15(1). https://doi.org/10.1186/s12903-015-0013-y
- 9) Sharina Dolah., Eusufzai, S. Z., Alam, M. K., & Ahmad, W. M. (2020). Factors influencing oral health-related quality of life among preschool children in district of kota bharu, Malaysia: A cross-sectional study. Pesquisa Brasileira Em Odontopediatria e Clínica Integrada, 20. https://doi.org/10.1590/pboci.2020.008
- 10) Reddy, V., Reddy, Vc., Krishna Kumar, R. S., Sudhir, K., Srinivasulu, G., & Deepthi, A. (2019). Dental caries experience in relation to body mass index and anthropometric measurements of rural children of Nellore District: A cross-sectional study. Journal of Indian Society of Pedodontics and Preventive Dentistry, 37(1), 12. https://doi.org/10.4103/jisppd.jisppd_52_18







ACKNOWLEDGEMENT







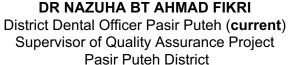


District Dental Officer Pasir Puteh (2016-2021)

Dental Public Health Specialist

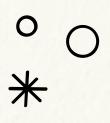
Supervisor of Quality Assurance Project

Pasir Puteh District



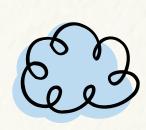












THANK YOU

